Broads Authority 21 November 2014 Agenda Item No 10

Navigation Charges 2015/16 and Draft Financial Strategy to 2017/18 Report by Chief Executive, Director of Operations and Head of Finance

Summary:

This report sets out information for the Authority to consider a Financial Strategy for income and expenditure for the next three years, 2015/16 to 2017/18. It is proposed that the Authority adopt an **increase in navigation income of 1.7%** annually for the period, which would, subject to boat numbers continuing to remain relatively stable, allow the Authority to continue to deliver current levels of service and make provision for the necessary replacement of vehicles, vessels and equipment. It also reflects the proposals set out in the Mooring Strategy Review Update elsewhere on this agenda.

This "baseline" Strategy does not make provision for additional areas of expenditure such as dredging works at Hickling Broads, the funding of any significant development in waste collection provision, or developing new moorings which have been discussed by the Navigation Committee. Details of the outcome of consultation with the Navigation Committee is set out in section 4.

A flat rate increase in navigation charges for next year is proposed because consideration of any potential changes to the hire boat multiplier and the relative costs for different sized boats will follow from the outcomes of the stakeholder surveys and can be built into decisions for charges in 2016/17.

Members' views are sought on the level of charges for next year and the overall Financial Strategy for the next three years.

Recommendations:

- (i) That the proposed increase in Navigation charges of 1.7% for 2015/16, and recommended by the Navigation Committee, be approved.
- (ii) That the Financial Strategy for 2015/16 to 2017/18 be adopted.

1 Context

1.1 Forecasts for National Park budgets in 2014/15 as discussed in the previous report are for income in line with the Latest Available Budget (LAB) and net expenditure below budget, mainly due to changes within Planning and Resources Directorate budgets. The year-end forecast is for a deficit of £120,647, which would result in a year-end balance in the National Park reserve of £684,000 (£679,000 after year-end adjustments for interest transferred to earmarked reserves).

- 1.2 The latest predictions for navigation income in the current year are very much in line with the approved budget. However, within these figures there is a reduction in hire boat income of approximately £45,000 offset by a similar amount for private craft above budget. The latest boat figures show hire motor cruisers reducing by 25 and private motor cruisers are 92 up on the 1 November 2013 figure.
- 1.3 Navigation expenditure is similarly on target and the forecast outturn position for 2014/15 anticipates a small deficit within the navigation budget of £15,166. This would result in a navigation reserve balance of approximately £275,000 at the end of the year, and £269,000 after year-end adjustments. This balance equates to 9.0% of net expenditure and is slightly below the recommended level of 10%. The baseline Financial Strategy takes into account this forecast outturn position and makes proposals which will fully restore the balance of the navigation reserve in 2015/16.

2 Draft Financial Strategy

- 2.1 The draft baseline Financial Strategy has been constructed to take account of the following four key factors:
 - 1. The ongoing and sustained pressure on National Park Grant
 At the time of writing there continues to be uncertainty around grant
 allocations for 2015/16, although an indicative reduction of 1.7% compared
 to 2014/15 has been advised and is built in to this Strategy. Allocations for
 2016/17 and beyond have not yet been set, but it is clear that the climate
 of financial constraint within the public sector will continue for the life of
 this Financial Strategy.

2. Resourcing the Asset Management Plan

Members will be aware of the Asset Management Plan requirements which have previously been reported, and in particular the considerable long-term, ongoing liabilities identified in the Asset Register. The draft Strategy therefore makes provision for the needs identified in the Asset Management Strategy, as well as the ongoing operational needs to continue to manage the Broads system. The budget requirements were reviewed and contributions to reserves of £208,000 were agreed in January 2014, with a resolution to review the Asset Management Plan in particular with respect to the 24hr mooring stock liability. This work has now been completed, and is reported separately on this agenda. As a result of additional information from the Environment Agency, and proposals to amend the provision of mooring in some locations, a ten year Action Plan has been drafted which recommends an annual budget of £150,000 for repiling at existing sites. This is an increase of a further £40,000 per annum, and would result in the amended Asset Management Plan capital provision totalling £358,000 being fully funded from 2015/16, although subject to annual review.

3. Allocation of Practical Work

The Baseline Plan incorporates plans to increase navigation Construction and Maintenance activity incrementally over two years to deliver an additional 528 man days of navigation activity in 2016/17. Depending on specific priorities identified, this increase provides the capacity to deliver navigation works in the following areas:

- River bank tree clearance (as the bird breeding season and other ecological constraints allow);
- Vessel and equipment maintenance;
- Dredging;
- Removal of wrecks/obstructions/litter; and
- Mooring maintenance.

4. Reductions in Central Costs

Significant reductions have been made in the budgets for both Planning and Resources and those sections which report to the Chief Executive. These are mainly as a result of the organisational restructure planned for completion by the end of March 2015. This includes reductions in Communications, Human Resources, Governance and Legal budgets.

- 2.2 Using this information the baseline Strategy shown in Table 1 has been prepared which demonstrates that a 1.7% increase in tolls annually until 2017/18, could fund the Authority's existing navigation services and make provision for the servicing of the revised Asset Management Plan over ten years.
- 2.3 The following key assumptions have been applied in developing the draft budget:
 - Navigation tolls will be collected in line with budget and a flat rate increase applied for 2015/16 on the existing 2014/15 structure;
 - Boat numbers and dispositions will remain in line with those experienced in 2014/15;
 - National Park Grant will be received in line with allocations, with no further reduction applied after 2015/16, although it is recognised that there remains significant pressure on public finances and as such a reduction cannot be ruled out:
 - Salary increases have been allowed based on the latest offer from Local Government Employers. This incorporates a 2.2% pay award for the period January 2015 to March 2016, with no backdating to April 2014. Salary increases for subsequent years have been allowed at 1% in 2016/17 and 1.5% in 2017/18:
 - The efficiencies from the restructuring due to be completed in March 2015 will be realised in line with the currently projected levels of savings;
 - Changes to National Insurance arrangements as a result of the cessation of the contracted out rate for the state second pension will go ahead.

These are forecast to cost an additional £70,000 annually for the Authority as a whole from 2016/17 and these changes have been factored into the staffing costs included in the Strategy. There has been no indication that the Government will seek to mitigate the impact of these changes for Local Authorities;

- The forecast outturn position for 2014/15 will be delivered in line with budget holders' projections; and
- Last year following representations from the Broads Hire Boat Federation revised arrangements were put in place for hire boat companies, with a total annual hire tolls liability of £1,300 or more, to make staged payments. For bills between £1,300 and £4,000 there was an option to pay in two instalments and for those above £4,000 four payments was provided as an option. To encourage payment in full on or before 1 April, which makes the administration much simpler, a 2% discount was provided. The process worked extremely well and received a positive response from the industry. The cost of the discount provided, in terms of lost revenue, was £11,070.97. The intention is to continue with the same arrangements for the coming year and it is factored into the calculations.
- 2.4 A detailed sensitivity analysis for some of these key assumptions will be included in the draft budget presented to the Authority in January.

<u>Table 1 – Summary Draft Baseline Financial Strategy to 2017/18</u>

		2015/16			2016/17		2017/18					
	National Park	Navigation	Consolidated	National Park	Navigation	Consolidated	National Park	Navigation	Consolidated			
National Park Grant	(3,188,952)	0	(3,188,952)	(3,188,952)	0	(3,188,952)	(3,188,952)	0	(3,188,952)			
Navigation Tolls	0	(2,997,930)	(2,997,930) (53,750) (6,240,632)	0 (20,000) (3,208,952)	(3,048,895)	(3,048,895)	(20,000) (3,208,952)	(3,100,726) (38,750)	(3,100,726)			
Other income	(17,500)	(36,250)			(38,750)	(58,750)			(58,750)			
Total Income	(3,206,452)	(3,034,180)			(3,087,645)	(6,296,597)		(3,139,476)	(6,348,428)			
Operations Planning and	1,013,912	2,058,049	3,071,960	992,159	2,151,401	3,143,560	1,005,884	2,176,617	3,182,500			
Resources	1,799,807	716,651	2,516,458	1,818,453	729,615	2,548,068	1,839,650	737,858	2,577,508			
Chief Executive	281,096	149,494	430,590	287,703	153,287	440,990	292,418	156,032	448,450			
Corporate Items	67,200	44,800	112,000	82,200	54,800	137,000	100,200	66,800	167,000			
Total Expenditure	3,162,015	2,968,994	6,131,008	3,180,515	3,089,103	6,269,618	3,238,152	3,137,307	6,375,458			
Net (Surplus) / Deficit	(44,437)	(65,186)	(109,624)	(28,437)	1,458	(26,978)	29,200	(2,169)	27,030			
Opening Reserves												
(Forecast)	(678,577)	(269,106)	(947,683)	(714,265)	(325,542)	(1,039,807)	(732,701)	(314,084)	(1,046,785)			
(Surplus) / Deficit for	(44.407)	(05.400)	(400.004)	(00.407)	4 450	(00.070)	00.000	(0.400)	07.000			
the year	(44,437)	(65,186)	(109,624)	(28,437)	1,458	(26,978)	29,200	(2,169)	27,030			
Interest transfer	8,750	8,750	17,500	10,000	10,000	20,000	10,000	10,000	20,000			
Closing Reserves	(744.005)	(205 540)	(4,000,007)	(700 704)	(244.004)	(4.040.705)	(000 504)	(200 050)	(000 754)			
(Forecast)	(714,265)	(325,542)	(1,039,807)	(732,701)	(314,084)	(1,046,785)	(693,501)	(306,253)	(999,754)			

3 Evaluation of Options for Navigation Charges

- 3.1 The feasibility of a nil (0%) increase in navigation charges in 2015/16 has been explored by officers. Although this would deliver a surplus budget in 2015/16 of £15,073, it is not considered sustainable as it would leave the navigation reserve at a level of 9.3% of net expenditure at the end of the year. This deficit would need to be restored in 2016/17. The lower reserve position would be compounded by the expected changes in National Insurance coming into effect in 2016/17, meaning that an increase of at least 5.0% would be required in that year to meet these additional costs and maintain / restore the reserve to the minimum level of 10%. It is therefore not considered prudent to budget for a nil increase in 2015/16, but instead to mitigate the risk of any excessive movements in tolls and to maintain a steady percentage increase across the life of the Strategy.
- 3.2 The draft baseline Strategy therefore demonstrates that a 1.7% increase per annum over the lifetime of the Strategy would enable the Authority to fulfil its existing commitments and contribute to the costs of maintaining the asset base over a ten year period. However this would leave no capacity for additional projects such as dredging Hickling Broad, identified as a priority at the last meeting, the provision of new moorings or the costs of significant waste collection.

4 Navigation Committee Consultation

- The Navigation Committee considered the draft Financial Strategy at its 4.1 meeting in October. The Financial Strategy presented to the Committee set out two options, firstly the baseline Financial Strategy detailed in this report, and secondly details of the options for progressing a major dredging project at Hickling Broad. At their meeting in September, the Navigation Committee had indicated the desire to progress with dredging works in Hickling Broad and initial planning for this project suggested that it would represent a long-term commitment by the Authority, potentially requiring activity over a ten year period, and necessitating funding in the order of £60,000 per annum. An alternative Financial Strategy incorporating this additional expenditure was prepared, and it was proposed could be delivered within an annual tolls increase of 2.9%. The majority of Committee members were of the view that as the proposals for Hickling were still at a very early stage of development. and also because it was too early to gauge demand for this work from the Stakeholder Surveys currently in progress, it would be premature to progress the activity at this stage and therefore a higher toll increase of 2.9% could not be justified.
- 4.2 The Committee also examined issues relating to waste disposal, supporting proposals to fund the collection of waste at Ranworth and noting the increased volumes being collected at Great Yarmouth and Norwich Yacht Stations. These costs have been incorporated in the draft Strategy. There was some desire for the Authority to explore the potential to expand its involvement in the provision of waste collection services at other moorings. No provision for any expansion has been made in the Strategy at this stage,

- but this activity could cost £2-3,000 per site, per year, as discussed in the Waste Disposal Strategy report elsewhere on this agenda.
- 4.3 Members may wish to note that changes have therefore been made from the Financial Strategy presented to Navigation Committee based on the Committee's recommendations as follows:
 - an additional £4,000 has been allowed for waste collection costs (£3,000 within Asset Management budgets, £1,000 within Yacht Station budgets);
 - a minor amendment has been made to the Mooring Maintenance budget within Practical Maintenance to bring it in line with the recommendations set out in the Mooring Strategy.
- 4.4 In addition, the forecast outturn position has been adjusted to reflect the latest (September) position as reported in the Financial Performance and Direction report.

5 Apportionment of Costs between Navigation and National Park

- 5.1 Apportionments between Navigation and National Park have been adjusted within the Operations directorate to reflect the proposed apportionment endorsed by the Navigation Committee and subsequently approved by the Broads Authority in September. In addition the apportionment of Legal budgets has been adjusted to reflect the latest actual split of activity (legal costs are always apportioned in line with actual use). Legal budgets are shown within the Chief Executive's department from 2015/16 to reflect the new structure for this area. All other apportionments are consistent with the principles agreed by the Resources Allocation Working Group.
- 5.2 Full details of apportionments by budget line for 2015/16 are set out in Appendix 1. The overall split of proposed net expenditure in 2015/16 is 52% national park and 48% navigation, which is very much consistent with the forecast split of income standing at 51% to 49% for the same period.

6 Summary

- 6.1 The Authority is in the position where it both hoped and planned to be, so that after the investment in the purchase and development of the Dockyard and the transfer of responsibility for Breydon Water, annual toll increases to maintain the status quo would be broadly in line with inflation and above inflationary increases used only to fund investment in new facilities and exceptional items.
- 6.2 The draft Strategy sets out a sustainable baseline for the budget which is designed to allow the Authority to continue to deliver priority activities at the required level, whilst also making provision for asset maintenance over the life of the Strategy. The proposed increase in tolls, which is lower than the 3% projected in the 2014/15 Strategy, has been made possible due to the lower assumptions about salary inflation which are now being applied based on the

latest available information. It is important to recognise that the draft Strategy as a whole is highly sensitive to changes in salary inflation, as a result of the significant proportion of the budget that is made up from staff costs. It should also be noted that this Strategy has been prepared in the context of an unknown salary settlement for the current year, 2014/15, and extremely limited information in respect of likely future year awards. The surplus of £109,624 allowed for in the 2015/16 budget is therefore essential to both restore the balance of the navigation reserve and provide some flexibility to respond to any higher than anticipated salary inflation. As always, there remains the possibility that the Financial Strategy and the indicative tolls increases in 2016/17 and beyond could need to be revisited during the next year's budget setting process in the event of significant salary variations from the current assumptions. Similarly, future decisions about National Park Grant allocations may also have a significant impact on this Strategy.

6.3 It is considered that an increase of 1.7% in tolls, as recommended by the Navigation Committee, represents a prudent and appropriate level of increase for this Financial Strategy. Members' views are sought with regard to the overall Strategy, and the level of tolls for 2015/16.

Background Papers: Strategic response to National Park Grant Reductions: Budget

options for the 2014/15 budget and Financial Strategy to

2016/17, report to Broads Authority 21 March 2014

Operations Allocations, Financial Performance and Direction report to Broads Authority 10 September 2014

Author: John Packman, Trudi Wakelin, Titus Adam

Date of Report: 4 November 2014

Broads Plan Objectives: None

Appendices: APPENDIX 1 – Draft Financial Strategy 2015/16 – 2017/18

2015/16 Budget and Financial Strategy to 2017/18 APPENDIX 1

		2013/14	2014/15				2015/16				2016/17			2017/18		2015/16 Apporti	ionment			
Row Labels	National Park 2013/14 (Actual)	Navigation 2013/14 (Actual)	(Consolidated	National Park 2014/15 (Latest Available Budget)	•	Consolidated 2014/15 (Latest Available Budget)	National Park 2014/15 (Forecast Outturn)	Navigation 2014/15 (Forecast Outturn)	Consolidated 2014/15 (Forecast Outturn)	National Park 2015/16 (Budget)	Navigation 2015/16 (Budget)	Consolidated 2015/16 (Budget)	National Park 2016/17 (Budget)	Navigation 2016/17 (Budget)	Consolidated 2016/17 (Budget)	National Park 2017/18 (Budget)	Navigation 2017/18 (Budget)	Consolidated 2017/18 (Budget)	National Park Na	avigation
Income																				
Income	(0.500.545)		(0.500.545)	(0.045.000)	0	(0.045.000)	(0.045.000)		(0.045.000)	(0.400.050)		(0.400.050)	(0.400.050)	_	(0.400.050)	(0.400.050)		(0.400.050)	4000/	00/
National Park Grant Hire Craft Tolls	(3,580,545)	(1,084,910)	(3,580,545) (1,084,910)	(3,245,393)	(1,118,300)	(3,245,393) (1,118,300)	(3,245,393)	(1,072,296)	(3,245,393) (1,072,296)	(3,188,952)	(1.090.525)	(3,188,952) (1,090,525)	(3,188,952)	(1,109,064)	(3,188,952) (1,109,064)	(3,188,952)	(1,127,918)	(3,188,952) (1,127,918)	100% 0%	0% 100%
Private Craft Tolls	0	(1,746,898)	(1,746,898)	0	(1,792,100)	(1,792,100)	0	(1,837,800)	(1,837,800)	0	(1,869,042)	(1,869,042)	0	(1,900,816)	(1,900,816)	0	(1,933,130)	(1,933,130)	0%	100%
Short Visit Tolls	0	(39,813)	(39,813)	0	(37,721)	(37,721)	0	(37,721)	(37,721)	0	(38,363)	(38,363)	0	(39,015)	(39,015)	0	(39,678)	(39,678)	0%	100%
Other Toll Income	0	(20,383)	(20,383)	0	(18,750)	(18,750)	0	(18,750)	(18,750)	0	(18,750)	(18,750)	0	(18,750)	(18,750)	0	(18,750)	(18,750)	0%	100%
Interest Income Total	(10,773) (3,591,318)	(10,773) (2,902,777)	(21,546) (6,494,095)	(15,000) (3,260,393)	(15,000) (2,981,871)	(30,000) (6,242,264)	(11,000) (3.256.393)	(11,000)	(22,000) (6.233.960)	(17,500) (3,206,452)	(17,500) (3,034,180)	(35,000) (6,240,632)	(20,000) (3.208.952)	(20,000) (3,087,645)	(40,000) (6,296,597)	(20,000) (3,208,952)	(20,000) (3,139,476)	(40,000) (6,348,428)	50% 51%	50% 49%
Income Total	(3,591,318)	(2,902,777)	(6,494,095)	(3,260,393)	(2,981,871)	(6,242,264)	(3,256,393)	(2,977,567) (2,977,567)	(6,233,960)	(3,206,452)	(3,034,180)	(6,240,632)	(3,208,952)	(3,087,645)	(6,296,597)	(3,208,952)	(3,139,476)	(6,348,428)	51%	49%
Net Expenditure	(0,001,010)	(=,00=,111)	(0,101,000)	(0,200,000)	(2,001,011)	(0,2 12,20 1)	(0,200,000)	(=,0.1,001)	(0,200,000)	(0,200,102)	(0,00 1,100)	(0,2 10,002)	(0,200,002)	(0,00.,0.0)	(0,200,001)	(0,200,002)	(0,100,110)	(6,6 16, 126)	0.70	1070
Operations																				
Construction and Maintenance Salaries	497,067	573,415		499,036	575,734	1,074,770	499,036	575,734	1,074,770	459,760	628,981	1,088,740	429,936	699,884	1,129,820	438,921	714,149		42%	58%
Equipment, Vehicles and Vessels Equipment, Vehicles and Vessels (Income)	68,127 (1,144)	297,573 (28,957)	365,700 (30,101)	108,891	296,109	405,000	108,891	296,109	405,000	114,550	278,450	393,000	117,900	275,100	393,000	117,900	275,100	393,000 0	29% 0%	71% 0%
Water Management	11,407	132,037	143,444	5,000	62,500	67,500	3,685	62,500	66,185	5,000	70,000	75,000	5,000	70,000	75,000	5,000	70,000	-	7%	93%
Water Management (Income)	(3,963)	(18,675)	(22,638)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0%
Land Management	84,567	0	84,567	60,750	0	60,750	60,750	0	60,750	49,000	0	49,000	49,000	0	49,000	49,000	0	49,000	100%	0%
Land Management (Income)	(144,140)	0	(144,140)	(90,000)	0	(90,000)	(100,500)	0	(100,500)	(90,000)	0	(90,000)	(90,000)	0	(90,000)	(90,000)	0	(90,000)	100%	0%
Practical Maintenance Practical Maintenance (Income)	37,102 (2,188)	354,490 (20,267)	391,592 (22,455)	29,000	324,205 (7,000)	353,205 (7,000)	29,000	323,627 (7,000)	352,627 (7,000)	29,000	357,200 (7,000)	386,200 (7,000)	29,000	357,200 (7,000)	386,200 (7,000)	29,000	357,200 (7,000)	386,200 (7,000)	8% 0%	92% 100%
Ranger Services	263,182	522,990		252,404	445,606	698,010	252,404	445,606	698,010	251,964	444,946	696,910	262,036	460,054	722,090	267,652	468,478	736,130	36%	64%
Ranger Services (Income)	(73,828)	(10,972)	(84,800)	(25,000)	(10,000)	(35,000)	(25,000)	(10,000)	(35,000)	(14,000)	(21,000)	(35,000)	(14,000)	(21,000)	(35,000)	(14,000)	(21,000)	(35,000)	40%	60%
Safety	25,353	48,184	73,537	22,572	63,328	85,900	22,572	63,328	85,900	22,592		85,960	23,093	64,387	87,480	23,328	64,862	88,190	26%	74%
Safety (Income) Asset Management	(182) 37,415	(1,890) 73,295	(2,072) 110,710	40,220	(9,000) 65,430	(9,000) 105,650	47,095	(9,000) 71,055	(9,000) 118,150	40,842	(9,000) 68,939	(9,000) 109,780	42,222	(9,000) 70,068	(9,000) 112,290	43,361	(9,000) 71,000	(9,000) 114,360	0% 37%	100% 63%
Asset Management (Income)	(22)	(1,218)	(1,240)	(550)	(450)	(1,000)	(550)	(450)	(1,000)	(550)	(450)	(1,000)	(550)	(450)	(1,000)	(550)	(450)	(1,000)	55%	45%
Volunteers	41,524	17,796		43,638	18,702	62,340	43,638	18,702	62,340	39,402		65,670	39,774	26,516	66,290	40,404	26,936		60%	40%
Volunteers (Income)	(175)	(75)	(250)	(700)	(300)	(1,000)	(700)	(300)	(1,000)	(600)	(400)	(1,000)	(600)	(400)	(1,000)	(600)	(400)	(1,000)	60%	40%
PRISMA PRISMA (Income)	0	0	0	0	10,410 (10,410)	10,410 (10,410)	0	10,410 (10,410)	10,410 (10,410)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0% 0%	0% 0%
Operational Property	127,479	153,839	281,318	88,902	85,461	174,363	89,024	85,339	174,363	60,960	87,211	148,170	54,251	93,919	148,170	54,251	93,919	148,170	41%	59%
Operational Property (Income)	(37,583)	(46,364)	(83,947)	(10,304)	(896)	(11,200)	(3,066)	(267)	(3,333)	(10,120)	(880)	(11,000)	(12,420)	(1,080)	(13,500)	(16,100)	(1,400)	(17,500)	92%	8%
Operations Management and Admin	52,118	66,332	118,450	56,118	71,422	127,540	56,118	71,422	127,540	56,113		127,530	57,517	73,203	130,720	58,318	74,222		44%	56%
Operations Total	982,116	2,111,533	3,093,649	1,079,977	1,980,851	3,060,828	1,082,397	1,986,405	3,068,802	1,013,912	2,058,049	3,071,960	992,159	2,151,401	3,143,560	1,005,884	2,176,617	3,182,500	33%	67%
Planning and Resources Development Management	308,579	0	308,579	294,910	0	294,910	294,910	0	294,910	317,840	0	317,840	329,300	0	329,300	335,960	0	335,960	100%	0%
Development Management (Income)	(77,340)	0	(77,340)	(60,000)	0	(60,000)	(60,000)	Ö	(60,000)	(60,000)	0	(60,000)	(60,000)	o o	(60,000)	(60,000)	0	(60,000)	100%	0%
Strategy and Projects Salaries	384,217	75,943		348,274	65,947	414,221	338,103	63,566	401,669	291,435	59,605	351,040	291,410	60,350	351,760	297,019	61,392		83%	17%
Strategy and Projects	65,547 (27,155)	(1.642)	65,577 (28,798)	42,020 (27,500)	0	42,020 (27,500)	42,020 (39,000)	0	42,020 (39,000)	30,000 (3,500)	0	30,000 (3,500)	30,000 (3,500)	0	30,000 (3,500)	30,000 (3,500)	0	30,000 (3,500)	100% 100%	0% 0%
Strategy and Projects (Income) Biodiversity Strategy	16,885	(1,643)	16,885	77,298	0	77,298	77,298	0	77,298	10,000	0	10,000	10,000	0	10,000	10,000	0	10,000	100%	0%
Biodiversity Strategy (Income)	(7,899)	0	(7,899)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0%
Legal	80,952	22,570		78,000	42,000	120,000	78,000	42,000	120,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0%
Waterways and Recreation Strategy	733 139,611	11,601	12,334 139,611	6,000	9,000 26,970	15,000 175,615	6,000 98,645	9,000 26,970	15,000 125,615	500 174,500		9,500 174,500	500 174,500	9,000	9,500 174,500	500	9,000	9,500 174,500	5% 100%	95% 0%
Project Funding Project Funding (Income)	(74,667)	0	(74,667)	148,645 (19,000)	20,970	(19,000)	(19,000)	20,970	(19,000)	(19,000)	0	(19,000)	(19,000)	0	(19,000)	174,500 (19,000)	0	(19,000)	100%	0%
Sustainable Development Fund	299,504	0	299,504	12,000	0	12,000	12,000	0	12,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0%
Finance and Insurance	193,275	158,141	351,416	188,382	158,187	346,569	188,382	158,187	346,569	175,615			176,855	164,855	341,710	174,995			52%	48%
Communications Communications (Income)	258,170 (20,155)	88,057 (4,512)	346,227 (24,667)	238,212	78,048	316,260	247,112	82,548	329,660	194,282	60,548	254,830	193,846	62,195	256,040	194,642	63,168	257,810 0	76% 0%	24% 0%
Visitor Centres and Yacht Stations	312,029	121,301	433,330	325,433	125,228	450,660	325,433	125,228	450,660	328,050	130,470	458,520	327,798	129,323	457,120	333,338	132,503	_	72%	28%
Visitor Centres and Yacht Stations (Income)	(123,735)	(54,369)	(178,104)	(156,750)	(56,250)	(213,000)	(156,750)	(56,250)	(213,000)	(161,750)	(56,250)	(218,000)	(161,750)	(56,250)	(218,000)	(161,750)	(56,250)	(218,000)	74%	26%
Collection of Tolls	0	115,955		0	113,660	113,660	0	113,660	113,660	0	116,740		0	121,330	121,330	0	124,120		0%	100%
ICT Head Office. Office Expenses and Pool Vehicles	190,336 219,503	80,144 94,617		179,462 228,891	88,358 98,409	267,820 327,300	179,439 228,794	88,381 98,506	267,820 327,300	165,745 239,220			169,470 239,220	83,470 102,628	252,940 341,848	171,741 239,220	84,589 102,628		67% 70%	33% 30%
Planning and Resources Management and Admin	131,276	45,452		129,798	56,852	186,650	129,798	56,852	186,650	116,870	51,390		119,805	52,715		121,986	53,714		69%	31%
Planning and Resources Total	2,269,666	753,287		2,034,075	806,408	2,840,483	1,971,184	808,647	2,779,831	1,799,807	716,651	2,516,458	1,818,453	729,615	2,548,068	1,839,650	737,858		72%	28%
Chief Executive																				
Human Resources	87,470	64,231	151,701	78,553	54,587	133,140	92,153	64,087	156,240	62,935			64,522	44,838	109,360	65,850	45,760		59%	41%
Legal Governance	111,384	55,681	167,065	114,175	56,235	170,410	114,175	56,235	170,410	76,589 80,259	26,081 39,531	102,670 119,790	78,351 82,189	26,949 40,481	105,300 122,670	79,617 83,355	27,573 41,055		75% 67%	25% 33%
Chief Executive	62,216	40,810		61,331	40,159	101,490	61,331	40,159	101,490	61,313		101,460	62,641	41,019	103,660	63,596	41,644		60%	40%
Chief Executive Total	261,070	160,722	421,792	254,058	150,982	405,040	267,658	160,482	428,140	281,096	149,494	430,590	287,703	153,287	440,990	292,418	156,032		65%	35%
Corporate Items	(153,891)	(80,250)	(234,141)	55,800	37,200	93,000	55,800	37,200	93,000	67,200	44,800	112,000	82,200	54,800	137,000	100,200	66,800	167,000	60%	40%
Corporate Items Corporate Items Total	(153,891)	(80,250)	(234,141)	55,800	37,200 37,200	93,000	55,800	37,200 37,200	93,000	67,200	44,800		82,200	54,800	137,000	100,200	66,800		60%	40%
Net Expenditure Total	3,358,961	2,945,292	6,304,253	3,423,911	2,975,441	6,399,352	3,377,039	2,992,734	6,369,774	3,162,015	2,968,994	6,131,008	3,180,515	3,089,103	6,269,618	3,238,152	3,137,307		52%	48%
Grand Total (Surplus) / Deficit	(232,357)	42,515		163,518	(6,430)	157,087	120,646	15,167	135,814	(44,437)	(65,186)	(109,624)	(28,437)	1,458		29,200	(2,169)	27,030	41%	59%
Opening Reserves	(572,891)	(340,324)					(804,724)	(289,773)	(1,094,497)	(678,577)	(269,106)	(947,683)	(714,265)	(325,542)		(732,701)	(314,084)		72%	28%
(Surplus) / Deficit for the year Interest transfer to earmarked reserves	(232,357) 6,166	42,515 8,036					120,646 5,500	15,167 5,500	135,814 11,000	(44,437) 8,750	(65,186) 8,750	(109,624) 17,500	(28,437) 10,000	1,458 10,000	(26,978) 20,000	29,200 10,000	(2,169) 10,000		41% 50%	59% 50%
Closing Reserves	(804,724)	(289,773)					(678,577)	(269,106)	(947,683)	(714,265)	(325,542)	(1,039,807)	(732,701)	(314,084)		(693,501)	(306,253)		69%	31%