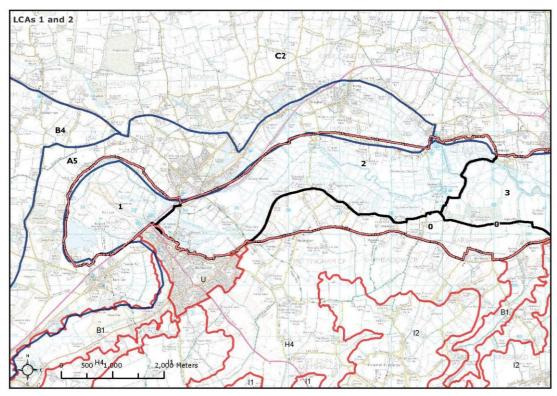
LCA 1: Waveney Valley - Outney Common and Bath Hills Area: LCA 2: Waveney Valley - Bungay/Ditchingham to Shipmeadow/Geldeston

Location and landscape character context



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Landscape Sensitivity Assessment for Wind Turbines

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Criteria	Lower sensiti	vity	—	—	Higher ser	sitivity		
1.Scenic and special qualities	Special qualities such as areas of open landscape within both character areas and the sense of tranquillity are particularly sensitive to the introduction of larger structures such as wind turbines. The sense of tranquillity is however reduced by some large scale industrial development on the western edge of Bungay in area 1. Although located outside the Broads Executive Area, it negatively influences the perception of remoteness from within and immediately surrounding the settlement and thus reduces sensitivity. However, area 2 comprises of a more sensitive landscape due to its undeveloped nature and as a result the areas when combined have an overall moderate-high sensitivity to wind turbine development in these terms.							
2.Enclosure and scale	Both areas disp with gently slo undulating cha outside the Bro while characted differences in rarea 1 is defined water which we small scale end sensitivity. The sense of enclose in addition to s	play similar r ping valley s racter with s pads Executive r area 2 has relation to fied by a medi puld indicate closed (hedge e areas wher sure and con	iverine chides. Char teep valle ve Area, was broad, fild pattern um scale a lower se erows) fiel n combine tainment	acter area y sides risin hich provice at characte and scale field patter ensitivity, was a hiprovided by	1 however had no to	s a more the north f containment come subtle . Character then bodies of r area 2 has a gher due to the		
3.Landscape and land cover pattern	Landscape and pattern of elen of open water) potential for w 1 exhibits a moslightly more s areas combine moderate-high	nents (pastur which are se ind turbines ore varied co implistic nature to create a co	re, woodla ensitive to to domina mposition ure of eler combinatio	nd, river va wind turbi te small sc of element nents withi on of eleme	alley topograp ne developme ale features. A ts in comparison n character ar ents which indi	hy and areas nt due to the although area on to the ea 2, both		
4.Skylines	Both character areas have well defined skylines, particularly to the west of character area 1 where the ridge encircles the area. The ridges to the north and south of character area 2 are also prominent with rising landform and well wooded ridges defining the extent of views. As a result these uninterrupted skylines and rising landform indicate a higher sensitivity. However the interface of character area 1 with the settlement of Bungay is formed by modern, large scale development on the skyline and although confined, this locally lowers sensitivity in the surrounding character area. The areas are considered to have a combined high sensitivity to wind turbine development.							
5.Perception and experience of the landscape	The tranquil, u and remote pe however in cor edges of both of Bungay. The Bungay indicat area 1, away fi tranquillity indi moderate-high	ndisturbed conception of the latest to the character are influence of less a lower serom the settlicating a high	ne area in localised leas where the large ensitivity, ement, th	dicating a hevel of intro the boundants scale deve although e e area disp	nigher sensitivusion associate aries adjoin the elopment on the Isewhere withi lays a strong	ity. This is ed with the e settlement e edge of n character sense of		

6.Historic
landscape
character

The distinct medieval dole pattern and the traditional 17th century grazing marsh within the south of character area 2 indicate a higher sensitivity to wind turbine development. Also sensitive are the malting complexes and historic settlements (Geldeston, Bungay and Ellingham Mill) within character area 2 which have a strong association with former water mills of the area. Large scale wind turbine development could impact upon the coherence of the historic landscape in these areas. In addition, character area 1 also displays some important historic features (i.e. historic common at The Hards, the Bath Hills which are closely associated with the Ditchingham Estate and commons within the area). When combined, these historic features indicate a high sensitivity to wind turbine development.

7.Visual sensitivities and intervisibility with areas outside the Broads

This is an enclosed landscape which is defined by ridge topography and surrounded by wooded skylines that provide a degree of containment, indicating a lower sensitivity to wind turbine development in these terms. Although contained, there is some intervisibility with adjacent character areas outside the Broads Executive Area (namely areas A5 and B4 in South Norfolk District and area H4 in Waveney District). This is particularly evident where these areas are on higher ground (A5 and B4) having the additional impact of being more prominent in views from the character area. Due to the level of structural screening provided by landform balanced with filtered views of adjacent areas and the degree of intervisibility the overall sensitivity of the areas is considered to be moderate-high.

Discussion on landscape sensitivity

Overall the two areas have a high landscape sensitivity to wind turbine development. This is due to the special qualities such as the sense of tranquillity, the strong sense of enclosure provided by undulating landform, wooded ridges and steeper valley sides in the adjacent character areas (A5 and B4 in South Norfolk). In addition, the historic landscape features reflected in the area's commons, the 17th century grazing marsh enclosures and the historic settlement pattern increase sensitivity to wind turbine development. As a result, the areas when combined, demonstrate a high sensitivity to wind turbine development overall.

This judgement also applies to large infrastructure for off shore wind farm schemes, such as pylons.

Sensitivity to different turbine heights

Land within the character areas		Land outside the Executive Area		
Small (15-20m)	м-н	Small (15-20m)	м-н	
Medium (20-50m)	н	Medium (20-50m)	Н	
Large (50-70m)	н	Large (50-70m)	н	
Very large (70m+)	н	Very large (70m+)	Н	

Commentary:

This grouping of character areas is likely to have a lower sensitivity to small scale turbines (15-20m) where topography and vegetation can provide an element of screening. Siting will need careful consideration so as not to impact upon the distinctive historic settlement and landscape pattern of the areas, in addition to taking account of intervisibility with adjacent character areas and the well-defined skylines. As outlined above, the landscape would be highly sensitive to all other larger scale turbine typologies.

Landscapes outside the Executive Area

Relevant character areas and sensitivities are:

South Norfolk -

A5: Waveney Rural River Valley: Rising valley sides to the Broads which provide intervisibility.

B4: Waveney Tributary Farmland: Elevated land close to the Broads in the north.

Waveney District -

H4: Mettingham Tributary Farmland: Steeply rising valley sides (10-15m AOD) to the north and forms part of the landscape setting of the Broads abutting the Broads Authority boundary along much of its length.

Fieldwork confirmed that the elevated ridgelines of areas A5 and B4 which surround character areas 1 and 2 are sensitive. H4 character area also displays a strong visual association with the Broads and is therefore of high sensitivity. The rising ridges are sensitive to wind turbine development of most typologies, particularly those at the higher end of the scale due to their prominence. Adjacent areas are less sensitive to small scale turbines (15-20m) where there is careful consideration of siting and impact upon sensitive characteristics (i.e. skylines, scale and intervisibility).

Commentary on different cluster sizes

Single turbine Small clusters (<5 turbines) Medium (6-10) Large (11-25) Very large (>26)

Land within the character areas		Land outside the Executive Area		
Single turbine	М-Н	Single turbine	М-Н	
<5 turbines	Н	<5 turbines	Н	
6-10 turbines	Н	6-10 turbines	Н	
11-25 turbines	Н	11-25 turbines	Н	
>26 turbines	Н	>26 turbines	Н	

Commentary:

Within both character areas the landscape has a moderate-high sensitivity to single wind turbine schemes provided careful consideration of the sensitive characteristics (e.g. skylines) is demonstrated. The areas would however be sensitive to larger clusters due to the potential to interrupt skylines and in turn create visual clutter within an otherwise largely undeveloped skyline.

Landscapes outside the Executive Area

Relevant character areas and sensitivities are:

South Norfolk -

A5: Waveney Rural River Valley: Rising valley sides to the Broads which provide intervisibility.

B4: Waveney Tributary Farmland: Elevated land close to the Broads in the north.

Waveney District -

H4: Mettingham Tributary Farmland: Steeply rising valley sides (10-15m AOD) to the north and forms part of the landscape setting of the Broads abutting the Broads Authority boundary along much of its length.

Fieldwork confirms that due to the relative prominence of the valley sides and ridges in these adjacent areas as they overlook the Broads, multiple turbine clusters could be more dominant in relation to skyline character and intervisibility, resulting in a high landscape sensitivity. Although the landscape has a lower sensitivity (moderate-high) to schemes of up to five turbines, design and siting would require careful consideration in relation to the predominantly undeveloped skylines to the Broads.