

Housing and Economic Land Availability

Assessment – part 2

To assess sites put forward during the December 2024 call for sites.

February 2025

Contents

1.	Introdu	uction	5
	1.1.	About this assessment	5
	1.2.	The HELAA Methodology	5
	1.3.	NPPG requirements for the HELAA	6
	1.4.	What the HELAA is and what the HELAA is not	7
	1.5.	Colour coding used in table	7
	1.6.	Next steps	7
	1.7.	Nutrient enrichment and recreational impact issues	8
	1.8.	'Indicative Flood Zone 3b'	8
2.	Land s	outh of Marsh Road, Halvergate	9
	2.1.	Map of site	9
	2.2.	Photos of site	10
	2.3.	Stakeholder comments	11
	2.4.	Site assessment	16
3.	Land n	orth of Thrigby Road, Filby	22
	3.1.	Map of site	22
	3.2.	Photos of site	23
	3.3.	Stakeholder comments	24
	3.4.	Site assessment	26
4.	Land a	t Ivy Lane, Oulton Broad	31
	4.1.	Map of site	31
	4.2.	Photos of site	33
	4.3.	Stakeholder comments	37
	4.4.	Site assessment	45
5.	Land a	t Home Farm, The Street, Thurne	62
	5.1.	Map of site	62
	5.2.	Photos of site	63
	5.3.	Stakeholder comments	63
	5.4.	Site assessment	67
6.	Land o	ff Hall Lane, Postwick	72

	6.1.	Map of site	72
	6.2.	Photos of site	73
	6.3.	Stakeholder comments	73
	6.4.	Site assessment	77
7.	Land n	north of Marsh Road, Tunstall	
	7.1.	Map of site	
	7.2.	Photos of site	
	7.3.	Stakeholder comments	
	7.4.	Site assessment	
8.	Land s	outh of Marsh Road, Tunstall	
	8.1.	Map of site	
	8.2.	Photos of site	
	8.3.	Stakeholder comments	
	8.4.	Site assessment	
9.	Land a	at Broad Lane, Filby	
	9.1.	Map of site	
	9.2.	Photos of site	
	9.3.	Stakeholder comments	
	9.4.	Site assessment	
10.	The Ol	ld Boatyard, Whitlingham Lane, Trowse	
	10.1.	Map of site	
	10.2.	Photos of site	
	10.3.	Stakeholder comments	
	10.4.	Site assessment	
11.	Land a	at Half Moon Barn, Upper Street Horning	
	11.1.	Map of site	
	11.2.	Photos of site	
	11.3.	Stakeholder comments	
	11.4.	Site assessment	
12.	Land t	o the north of Upper Street Horning	
	12.1.	Map of site	

	12.2.	Photos of site	129
	12.3.	Stakeholder comments	130
	12.4.	Site assessment	134
13.	Car Pa	rk at former Windboats site, Grange Walk, Norwich Road, Wroxham	139
	13.1.	Map of site	139
	13.2.	Photos of site	140
	13.3.	Stakeholder comments	140
	13.4.	Site assessment	142
14.	Forme	er Windboats Site, Grange Walk, Norwich Road, Wroxham	147
	14.1.	Map of site	147
	14.2.	Photos of site	148
	14.3.	Stakeholder comments	150
	14.4.	Site assessment	153
15.	Land a	at Marlpit House, Belaugh Green Lane, Coltishall	159
	15.1.	Map of site	159
	15.2.	Photos of site	160
	15.3.	Stakeholder comments	161
	15.4.	Site assessment	163

1. Introduction

1.1. About this assessment

The purpose of this assessment is to provide information on the range and extent of land which could be considered for development to meet the objectively assessed needs identified for housing and economic development in the Broads across the period 2021-2041. The Housing and Economic Land Availability Assessment (HELAA) is a key evidence document which supports the preparation of Local Plans. Its purpose is to test whether there is sufficient land to meet the objectively assessed need (OAN) and identify where this land may be located. The HELAA represents just one part of wider evidence and should not be considered in isolation of other evidence.

This is an additional HELAA to the one completed in September 2023: <u>Broads Authority</u> <u>Housing and Economic Land Availability Assessment (broads-authority.gov.uk)</u>.

This HELAA Part 2 assesses sites put forward through the December 2024 call for sites.

The NPPF says at para 68 'Strategic policy-making authorities should have a clear understanding of the land available in their area through the preparation of a strategic housing land availability assessment'.

The NPPG¹ says an assessment should:

- a) identify sites and broad locations with potential for development;
- b) assess their development potential; and
- c) assess their suitability for development and the likelihood of development coming forward (the availability and achievability).

1.2. The HELAA Methodology²

This HELAA methodology has been agreed by each of the commissioning Local Planning Authorities (LPAs)³ in line with the Duty to Cooperate. A consistent methodology across the Norfolk area is considered beneficial and will ensure each LPA prepares its HELAA in a consistent way. This will ensure that each of the individual LPAs understand the level of growth that can be planned for and the areas of each District where the growth could be accommodated. At a more detailed level it will also help the LPAs choose the best individual sites to allocate in Local Plans to meet the growth planned.

The HELAA methodology will apply to the local planning authority areas of:

a) Breckland Council;

¹ NPPG Housing and economic land availability assessment - GOV.UK

² Norfolk HELAA Methodology July 2016

³ Commissioning Local Planning Authorities (LPAs) are: Breckland District Council, Broadland District Council, Broads Authority, Great Yarmouth Borough Council, Borough Council of King's Lynn and West Norfolk, North Norfolk District Council, Norwich City Council, and South Norfolk District Council.

- b) Broadland District Council;
- c) Broads Authority⁴;
- d) Great Yarmouth Borough Council;
- e) Borough Council of King's Lynn and West Norfolk;
- f) North Norfolk District Council;
- g) Norwich City Council; and,
- h) South Norfolk Council.

The Consultation for the HELAA methodology was undertaken across the seven districts and the Broads Authority between 21 March and 3rd May 2016. The methodology was broadly supported with most comments seeking greater clarity and context.

Please note that the HELAA methodology has also been applied to residential mooring sites. Although the HELAA methodology was not produced with assessing sites for residential moorings in mind per se but has been used. There are some additional considerations for residential moorings, and these are also included in this document.

The Norfolk HELAA Methodology is based on the HELAA used in the preparation of the East Suffolk (Waveney) Local Plan and so there is still consistency between the part of the Broads in Norfolk and that in Suffolk.

1.3. NPPG requirements for the HELAA

The NPPG⁵ states some core outputs expected from a HELAA to ensure consistency, accessibility and transparency:

NPPG requirement	Place in this document
a list of all sites or broad locations	Contents page.
considered, cross-referenced to their	• Also see section for each site.
locations on maps	
an assessment of each site or broad	• See section for each site.
location, including:	
• where these have been discounted,	
evidence justifying reasons given;	
• where these are considered suitable,	
available and achievable, the potential	
type and quantity of development,	
including a reasonable estimate of build	
out rates, setting out how any barriers	
to delivery could be overcome and	
when;	

⁴ The Broads Authority area includes a small part of Suffolk, and this methodology is consistent with that used by East Suffolk District Council, formerly Waveney District Council, as it produced the Waveney Local Plan.

⁵ Housing and economic land availability assessment - GOV.UK

NPPG requirement	Place in this document
an indicative trajectory of anticipated	This will follow in the Local Plan.
development based on the evidence	
available.	

1.4. What the HELAA is and what the HELAA is not

It is important to note that the NPPG says 'the assessment does not in itself determine whether a site should be allocated for development. It is the role of the assessment to provide information on the range of sites which are available to meet the local authority's (or, where relevant, elected Mayor or combined authority) requirements, but it is for the development plan itself to determine which of those sites are the most suitable to meet those requirements'. Paragraph: 001 Reference ID: 3-001-20190722.

Important: A Housing and Economic Land Availability Assessment does not allocate land for development. That is the role of the Local Plan. The assessment does not determine whether a site should be allocated or given planning permission for development. The inclusion of a site as 'suitable' in the assessment does not imply or guarantee that it will be allocated, nor that planning permission would be granted should an application be submitted for consideration.

Including a suitable site with identified development potential within a HELAA document does NOT confer any planning status on the site but means only that it will be considered as part of local plan production for potential development in the future and, where relevant, for potential inclusion on a statutory Brownfield Sites Register. No firm commitment to bring a site forward for development (either by the commissioning local planning authorities or other parties) is intended, or should be inferred, from its inclusion in a HELAA.

1.5. Colour coding used in table.

Turning to the colour coding used in the HELAA. Please refer to the HELAA Methodology⁶ for explanations for the colour used.

1.6. Next steps

Following assessment in the HELAA, these sites will be considered in the round as there could be other issues to consider when deciding to allocate or not these sites that are not considered in the HELAA. Another paper will be produced that summarises each site and proposes a way forward for each of them in terms of the Local Plan.

⁶ Norfolk HELAA Methodology July 2016

1.7. Nutrient enrichment and recreational impact issues

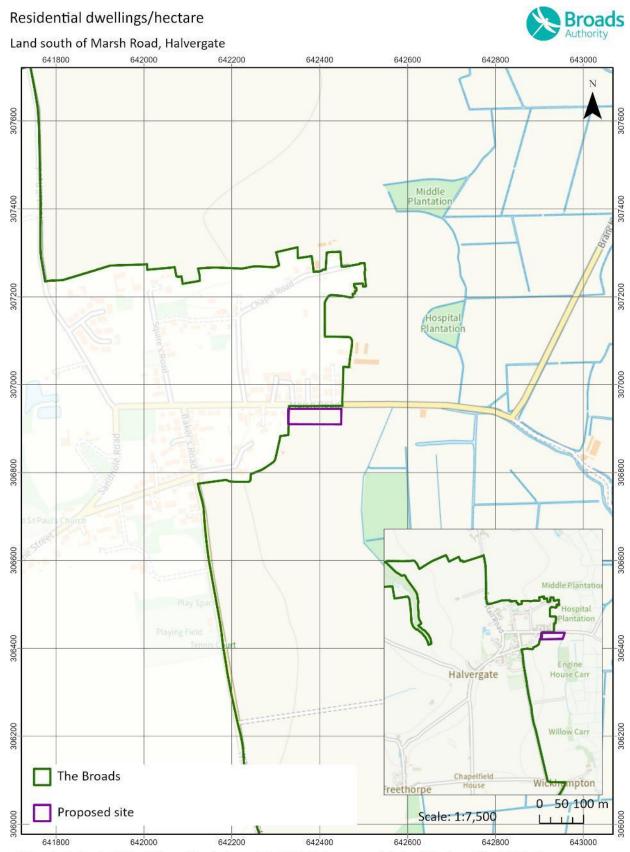
In some places in this document, there is reference to nutrient enrichment and recreational impact issues. More information can be found here for <u>GI RAMS</u> and <u>Nutrient Neutrality</u>. But at the time of writing, in all of Norfolk and parts of Suffolk, a tariff system is in operation to mitigate the impacts of recreation as a result of development. And in terms of Nutrient Neutrality, which applies to parts of Norfolk, at the time of writing (December 2024), there were some schemes in place and more were being worked up. The HELAA refers to these as important considerations but does not consider these to be showstoppers.

1.8. 'Indicative Flood Zone 3b'

At the time of producing the Strategic Flood Risk Assessments, not all areas have been modelled for flood risk. In the absence of detailed hydraulic model information, a precautionary approach has been adopted with the assumption that the extent of Flood Zone 3b would be equal to Flood Zone 3a. In the SFRAs, this precautionary approach is represented as a separate layer and is termed 'indicative extent of Flood Zone 3b'. If a proposed development is shown to be in Flood Zone 3, further investigation should be undertaken as part of a detailed site-specific Flood Risk Assessment to define and confirm the extent of Flood Zone 3b. This may require detailed hydraulic modelling. Ordinarily, any development in flood zone 3b would not be considered further in the HELAA, but given the precautionary approach, it is noted if the site is in 3b and that is then a consideration later in the assessment tables; it is not seen as a showstopper currently.

2. Land south of Marsh Road, Halvergate

2.1. Map of site



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2.2. Photos of site



The western boundary of the site.

The existing entrance into the site.



Showing the site and the southern boundary hedge.



There are utilities at the eastern road frontage.



Looking east along Marsh Road



Looking west along Marsh Road

2.3. Stakeholder comments

Stakeholder	Comments
Broads Authority Development Management	This site is reasonably well sited in terms of being adjacent to existing residential development and partly opposite existing residential development. It is not in flood zones 2 or 3.
Team	This is not a village which could be considered as a sustainable location, it does not have a provision of basic services, it does not benefit from good road connections, there are no notable local employment opportunities. This is a location which will depend predominantly on the private motor car for all the needs of the village population.
	No development boundary, but there is one for Freethorpe, along with the description of Freethorpe, Halvergate and Wickhampton as a village cluster due to the presence of a primary school in Freethorpe. There is an allocation in Freethorpe for 40 dwellings and that could utilise the school spaces.
	The site is unusual in that it comprises a small section of field to the north of a large field in established arable use, but there do not appear to be any characteristics which would make the subject site land different from the land immediately to the south. In this area it is commonly drainage ditches which separate land and what land is used for, such is the case for the land to the east of the subject site and arable field. There is no ditch between the arable land and subject site, only a hedgerow boundary.
	On the basis of the above officers do not think this site is appropriate for new housing as it is not a sustainable location.
	Same comments apply for 4 dwellings scheme.
Broads Authority Heritage and Design	This site is immediately adjacent to the Halvergate Conservation Area, which adjoins it to the north and west and is in close proximity to Halvergate Marshes Conservation Area to the east, both of which are designated heritage assets. Any development here could therefore affect the setting of the designated heritage assets and as such any development will need to ensure that the significance and character and appearance of the areas is not compromised by development within its setting.
	To the north-east of the site on the opposite side of Marsh Road is the locally listed WW2 Home guard shelter, again the setting of which must be considered.
	It should also be noted that there is the potential for archaeological remains on the site and as such I would suggest that Norfolk County Council Historic Environment team should be consulted as this could potentially be a constraint on development.

Stakeholder	Comments
	The Norfolk Historic Environment Record states (<u>Record no: 30301</u>) that there are cropmarks of medieval and post medieval date on the site, indicative of a possible moated site and rectilinear enclosure. Another archaeological site also covers a small part of the site (<u>Record no: 49387</u>) with cropmarks of potentially Iron Age or Roman date.
	A Heritage Impact Assessment would therefore certainly be required for any development on the site.
	I am mindful of the fact that within the Halvergate Conservation Area Appraisal it is specified on page 40 that there are good uninterrupted views across the marshes from Wickhampton Road, close to Halvergate Hall. Although development does currently extend further east along Marsh Road on the northern side of Marsh Road, its scale, position and the mature hedges in the area mean that it is not prominent in wider views of the village. I therefore have some concerns that development on the proposed site, especially at the density proposed, would impact on the setting of the Halvergate and Tunstall conservation area, by encroaching on its wider landscape setting, which does contribute to the conservation area's significance.
	However, there may be means of mitigating this harm, for example retention and consolidation of the hedge along the southern edge of the site, retention of as much of the hedgerow along Marsh Road as possible and restricting development to single storey or 1.5 storey (which would also be in keeping with the adjoining development). Rather than cul-de-sac type development, individual properties continuing the established building line (or set back slightly to allow retention of the hedge) with gardens running south would be the most appropriate form of development.
	To summarise, there are potential impacts on designated and non-designated heritage assets (archaeology – further advice from County required). Development of no more than half of the site (western side) at a low density with low scale buildings may be possible with mitigation measures to minimise harm.
	Same comments apply for 4 dwellings scheme.
Halvergate Parish Council	Following an informal meeting of ClIrs the inclusion of the land in the Broads Authority development plan was supported and the preference shown for development was for either 4 bungalows or 8 semi-detached bungalows.
Norfolk County Council Heritage	43 dwellings: It is most likely the crop-marks on this site relate to changes in road layout and agricultural activity of post-medieval date. The road is clearly a former continuation

Stakeholder	Comments
	of The Street, out of use by the 1790s as not shown on Faden's map of Norfolk (http://www.fadensmapofnorfolk.co.uk/). We would expect results of a geophysical survey be submitted with any planning applications. We would most likely recommend conditions for a post-consent programme of archaeological mitigation starting with trial trenching. The site would be amber in a RAG assessment.
	4 dwellings: For a smaller proposed development of 4 dwelling we would probably recommend conditions for a post-consent programme of archaeological mitigation starting with trial trenching, depending in the location of the application site in relation to the crop-marks. The site would be amber in a RAG assessment.
Norfolk County Council Education	 43 dwellings: This size and scale of development is likely to increase numbers for the local school to a point it could present an issue for the education authority to place pupils. There is no opportunity to expand the school on its existing site which would mean some children may need transporting to the next nearest school. Due to the rural nature of this part of the county it would be difficult to meet the statutory walking and cycling routes to get children to school sustainably. 4 dwellings:
	This size and scale of housing is not likely to impact the existing local school based on the current forecast detail available.
Broads Authority Landscape Architect	The area appears to be a long thin site and from experience these can be very difficult to develop successful layouts on, and pressure is then placed to remove hedgerows to make space for a sufficiently deep site to contain some back-to-back plots.
	If this one was to be allocated, the majority of the hedge would need to be retained, so access would need careful consideration.
	Query how the sites could accommodate 43 residential dwellings here. That's a large number and the edge of the village is mainly bungalows so this would probably need to follow suit and would be a low-density development likely with single or 1.5 storey at most as I can't see how 2 storeys could be acceptable in this location. The site would also need to accommodate green infrastructure, and potentially open space would be required.

Stakeholder	Comments
	The nearest PROW is some distance to the east. Overall the character of the site put forward is that of rural farmland but then very quickly changes to the marshland character to the east. The site is right on the edge of that marshland character, and this makes me very unsure about whether the site could accommodate any development.
	Reducing the size of the scheme would reduce potential impact, and reflecting the development pattern opposite would make some sense – but I'd want to see the rest of the site included though not developed - and used for BNG/open space and as a way of transitioning into the wider landscape character. Not least because otherwise it would leave a very strange parcel of land which I'm sure would not be particularly usable for the farmer.
	Overall I'm not keen on this site, especially in the shape and number put forward.
	The Agent then amended the submission to be for 4 dwellings on a small site.
	Reducing the size of the scheme would reduce potential impact, and reflecting the development pattern opposite would make some sense – but I'd want to see the rest of the site included though not developed - and used for BNG/open space and as a way of transitioning into the wider landscape character. Not least because otherwise it would leave a very strange parcel of land which I'm sure would not be particularly usable for the farmer.
Norfolk County Council Highways	43 residential dwellings Highway objection to the proposed allocation. The location has no local facilities and will be reliant on the private car. Furthermore, the scale is out of keeping with the local network.
	Smaller site area and 4 dwellings Highway objection to the proposed allocation. The location has no local facilities and will be reliant on the private car. A recent appeal for 3 dwellings at a location nearby was dismissed on the availability of local facilities.
Norfolk County Council – Lead Local Flood Authority.	 43 dwellings: Mainly located within Flood Zone 1 but FZ2 and FZ3 directly to the east with a very small area of FZ2 appearing to encroach upon the western site boundary. No on-site sewers – Foul sewers run along the boundary with Marsh Road. Not located within a Source Protection Zone (SPPZ). No flood records on-site or within 500m. On-site: Surface water flow path in 0.1%, 1% and 3.33% AEP events runs along the front of site (Marsh Road) with other minor surface water flowpaths and areas of surface water ponding / pooling in all three AEP events within 500m. The LLFA

Stakeholder	Comments
	consider that there is potential for the presence of the surface water flowpath to impact upon access into site and the number of dwellings proposed. Small part of the site to the west lies within Broads Internal Drainage Board. No onsite watercourses, however ordinary watercourses (some within the IDB area) and drainage ditches are located within 100m. An EA main river also lies within the vicinity of the site (more than 1000m). LLFA Assessment: Moderate surface water issues / constraints identified (particularly the presence of the surface water flowpath along Marsh Road) which will require further assessment by the Local Planning Authority (AMBER RAG)
	 4 dwellings: Located within Flood Zone 1. No on-site sewers – Foul sewers run along boundary with Marsh Road. Not located within Source Protection Zone (SPZ). No flood records on-site or within 500m. On-site: Surface water flow path in 0.1%, 1% and 3.33% AEP events runs along the front of site (Marsh Road) with other minor surface water flowpaths and areas of surface water ponding / pooling in all three AEP events within 500m. The LLFA consider that there is potential for the presence of the surface water flowpath to impact upon access into site and the number of dwellings proposed. Close to but not located within the Broads Internal Drainage Board area. No onsite watercourses, however ordinary watercourses (some within the IDB area) and drainage ditches located within 100m. An EA main River also lies within the vicinity of the site (more than 1000m). LLFA Assessment: Moderate surface water issues / constraints identified (particularly the presence of the surface water flowpath along Marsh Road) which will require further assessment by the Local Planning Authority (AMBER RAG)
Anglian Water Services	Anglian Water is the water and sewerage undertaker for this location. There is a sewer along the western boundary and a rising main and pumping station to the east. The pumping station would be in the ownership of AW and therefore should not form part of the site boundary. A minimum buffer of 15m from the pumping station to the boundary of any residential property would be required to avoid any adverse impacts arising from noise or odour for example. There are also easements for many of our underground assets, and the design and layout should ensure that these assets are within public open space or roads and not built over or in private gardens, so that maintenance and repairs can be carried out when necessary. The site is within the Freethorpe-Halvergate Rd WRC catchment. There is currently no capacity at the WRC to accommodate growth in the catchment. However, there

Stakeholder	Comments
	is a proposed growth scheme for AMP8 (2025-30) in our PR24 Business Plan – this is subject to final determination by Ofwat which is expected on 19 th December 2024. The site would need to be phased to allow the growth scheme to be delivered before connecting to our network and WRC. The site allocation policy would need to ensure that the growth scheme is delivered before connecting to our network and WRC i.e. require the developer to demonstrate that that there is capacity available in the sewerage network and at the receiving water recycling centre to accommodate wastewater flows from the site.
Broadland District Council	Broadland has never allocated in Halvergate. There is history of affordable housing exception site development however.
Broads Authority	A Habitats Regulation Assessment will apply due to potential impacts of the proposal on European designated sites, namely the Broads SAC and Broadland SPA.
Ecologist	Nutrient Neutrality Mitigation will apply due to the locality of the site within the Broads National Park, and the development being located adjacent to designated sites namely Halvergate Marshes part of the Broads SAC & SPA.
	Ecological assessments will be required to assess the sites habitats and species, and to help mitigate potential impacts of the development proposal.
	From the information provided the site appears to be currently in arable production, with hedgerows surrounding most of the land parcel. The site is directly adjacent to Halvergate marshes to the east, part of the Broads SAC, Broadland SPA. There is arable land to the south and west, with a mixture of arable and developed land to the north.
	Existing hedgerows should be retained and enhanced.
	We would expect Biodiversity net gain to be implemented on site within this sensitive locality close to the Broads European designated SAC and SPA. Biodiversity enhancements including tree and hedgerow planting should be incorporated into the proposal to improve habitat connectivity and provide wildlife corridors.
	Likely potential for recreational disturbance on nearby designated sites with 43 residential dwellings proposed.
	Some localised increase in recreational disturbance to designated sites.

2.4. Site assessment

Planning history: None on site, but this scheme is near the bus stop and the findings are relevant.

Application number	Description	Decision	Date
BA/2019/0177/NEIGHB Appeal reference: 3245582.	Application for 7 dwellings.	Refused and then appealed. Appeal dismissed: The appeal site would not be a suitable location for new housing. It would not reduce the need to travel nor encourage such by sustainable means. It would serve to promote unsustainable patterns of development, contrary to the Council's settlement hierarchy and consequently the other policies I have cited above.	September 2020

Site address: Land south of Marsh Road, Halvergate		
Current planning status		Suggested through December 2024 call for sites.
e.g., with permission, allocated, suggested through the		
Call for Sites etc.		site have been made in 2011 and 2013. See table
		above.
Site Size (hectares)		0.42 hectares
Greenfield / Brownf	ield	Greenfield – arable
Ownership (if know		Private
(private/public etc.)	,	Filvate
Absolute Constraint	s Check	-
Is the site in a		
SPA, SAC, SSSI or Ra	msar	No (SSSI Impact Zone and SSSI, SAC, SPA and
		RAMSAR up to eastern boundary)
National Nature Res	erve	No
Ancient Woodland		No
Flood risk zone 3b		No - Flood zone 1 according to SFRA
Scheduled Ancient	Monument	No
Statutory Allotment	S	No
Locally Designated O	Green Space	No
At risk from Coastal	Erosion	Νο
If yes to any of the a	bove, site will be exc	luded from further assessment.
Development Poten	tial	
		and or town centre use floor space):
43 dwellings initially		
Density calculator		9.5 dwellings per hectare – 4 dwellings
Suitability Assessme	ent	
Constraint	Score	Comments
	red/amber/green	
Access to site		There is direct access from the public highway.
		The speed limit changes partway along Marsh Road frontage to the site.

	flood risk along the northern boundary.
Flood Risk	In flood zone 1, but some elements of surface water
ground stability	
Contamination and	Greenfield land, laying fallow currently.
	be carried out when necessary.
	private gardens, so that maintenance and repairs can
	public open space or roads and not built over or in
	and layout should ensure that these assets are within
	for many of AW underground assets, and the design
	noise or odour for example. There are also easements
	required to avoid any adverse impacts arising from
	the boundary of any residential property would be
	minimum buffer of 15m from the pumping station to
	therefore should not form part of the site boundary. A
	pumping station would be in the ownership of AW and
	rising main and pumping station to the east. The
	There is a sewer along the western boundary and a
Infrastructure	site with the road.
Utilities	There are cables overhead along the boundary of the
	wastewater flows from the site.
	at the receiving water recycling centre to accommodate
	there is capacity available in the sewerage network and
	i.e. require the developer to demonstrate that that
	delivered before connecting to our network and WRC
	policy would need to ensure that the growth scheme is
	connecting to our network and WRC. The site allocation
	allow the growth scheme to be delivered before
	December 2024. The site would need to be phased to
	determination by Ofwat which is expected on 19 th
	in our PR24 Business Plan – this is subject to final
	there is a proposed growth scheme for AMP8 (2025-30)
	accommodate growth in the catchment. However,
	catchment. There is currently no capacity at the WRC to
Utilities Capacity	The site is within the Freethorpe-Halvergate Rd WRC
	Halvergate.
	stops near the pub. There are no other key services in
facilities	is a footway on the north side of Marsh Road, but this
, local services and	to and from Acle and then onto Great Yarmouth. There
Accessibility to	There is a bus stop nearby with peak hour service (73C)
	place currently.
	visibility splays required – there is a mature hedge in
	If dwellings are along the road frontage, adequate

Market		Other than limited services and facilities nearby, has
Attractiveness	potential to be attractive as a place to visit and live as it	
Attractiveness		is an area in the Broads
Impact	Score	Comments
impact	red/amber/green	Comments
Nationally and		Hedge will need retaining. There are views through the
Locally Significant		site to the Broads, including views of Mutton's Mill
Landscapes		(Grade 2* listed mill). Reinforcement of the hedges.
Townscape		Reducing the size of the scheme would reduce potential
		impact, and reflecting the development pattern
		opposite would make some sense. Rest of site used for
		BNG/open space and as a way of transitioning into the
		wider landscape character.
Biodiversity and		SSSI, RAMSAR, SPA and SAC near to the. Would need to
Geodiversity		mitigate from recreation impacts. Not in scope for
		nutrient enrichment mitigation. Deciduous
		woodland/hedges borders site. Not on peat.
Historic		There are potential impacts on designated and non-
Environment		designated heritage assets (archaeology – further
		advice from County required). Development of no more
		than half of the site (western side) at a low density with
		low scale buildings may be possible with mitigation
		measures to minimise harm.
		Conditions needed for a post-consent programme of
		archaeological mitigation starting with trial trenching,
		depending in the location of the application site in
		relation to the cropmarks.
Open Space		
Transport and		Highway objection to the proposed allocation. The
Roads		location has no local facilities and will be reliant on the
		private car. A recent appeal at a location nearby was
		dismissed on the availability of local facilities.
Compatibility with		
neighbouring /		
adjoining uses		
Local Plan Designati	ons (add further lir	nes as required)
Designation	Policy reference	Comments
None		
Availability Assessm	ent (will require lia	aison with landowners)
Is the site being		
marketed?	No	
Add any detail as		
necessary (e.g., where,		

by whom, how much		
for etc.)		
When might the	Immediately	
site be available	Within 5	\checkmark
for development	years	
(tick as	5-10 years	
appropriate)	10-15 years	
	15-20 years	
	Comments:	
Estimated annual bu		Agent says will take up to 2 years to complete, so 2
(including justification		dwellings per year is presumed.
Comments	-	take up to 2 years to complete.
Achievability (inclue		
Comments	<u> </u>	ould an housing allocation be awarded for this site, we would
	0,	rketing to attract a suitable developer. We anticipate an
		ient would be negotiated, whilst the developer achieved their
		ssion. On realising a suitable Planning Permission, we would
		eloper to commence construction, so long as the demand
	remained'.	
Overcoming Constru	aints	
Comments	Scheme cou	uld consider the SPA, SCA, RAMSAR and SSSI that is next door
	to the site in its design.	
	• GI RAMS – payment likely.	
	 BNG – on site or off-site mitigation. 	
	 Any development here could therefore affect the setting of the 	
	designated	heritage assets and as such any development will need to
	ensure that	the significance and character and appearance of the areas
	is not comp	promised by development within its setting.
	To the nort	h-east of the site on the opposite side of Marsh Road is the
	locally liste	d WW2 Home guard shelter, again the setting of which must
	be consider	red.
	A Heritage Impact Assessment would therefore certainly be required for	
	any develo	oment on the site.
	Conditions	needed for a post-consent programme of archaeological
	mitigation s	starting with trial trenching, depending in the location of the
	application	site in relation to the cropmarks.
	• There are c	ables overhead along the boundary of the site with the road.
		buffer of 15m from the pumping station to the boundary of
		itial property would be required to avoid any adverse impacts
	-	n noise or odour for example.
	-	Iso easements for many of AWS underground assets, and the
	 Inere are a 	iso easements for many of Aws underground assets, and the

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	space or roads and not built over or in private gardens, so that
	maintenance and repairs can be carried out when necessary.
	 There is currently no capacity at the WRC to accommodate growth in
	the catchment. However, there is a proposed growth scheme for AMP8
	(2025-30) in our PR24 Business Plan. The site would need to be phased
	to allow the growth scheme to be delivered before connecting to our network and WRC.
	• Ecological assessments will be required to assess the sites habitats and
	species, and to help mitigate potential impacts of the development proposal
	 Biodiversity net gain to be implemented on site within this sensitive
	locality close to the Broads European designated SAC and SPA.
	 Biodiversity enhancements including tree and hedgerow planting should
	be incorporated into the proposal to improve habitat connectivity and provide wildlife corridors.
	 However, there may be means of mitigating this harm, for example
	retention and consolidation of the hedge along the southern edge of the site, retention of as much of the hedgerow along Marsh Road as
	possible and restricting development to single storey or 1.5 storey
	(which would also be in keeping with the adjoining development).
	Rather than cul-de-sac type development, individual properties
	continuing the established building line (or set back slightly to allow
	retention of the hedge) with gardens running south would be the most
	appropriate form of development.
	 Include rest of field for BNG/open space and as a way of transitioning into the wider landscape character.
	 Highway objection to the proposed allocation. The location has no local facilities and will be reliant on the private car.
	 If dwellings are along the road frontage, adequate visibility splays
	required – there is a mature hedge in place currently.
Trajectory of develo	pment
Comments	Delivered after around 5 years, but taking 2 years to develop.
Barriers to Delivery	
Comments	Loss of hedges along road frontage for access to dwellings.
	 Lack of access to services – only one key service.
Conclusion (e.g., is in	ncluded in the theoretical capacity)
According to the HEL	AA assessment, the site is not suitable for residential development.
-	

3. Land north of Thrigby Road, Filby

3.1. Map of site



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3.2. Photos of site



Looking northeast along Thrigby Road

At the junction to the farm and Thrigby Road



Looking at the site from the farm access



Showing the site from the farm access



Looking southwest along Thrigby Road



Showing the bend in the road before the site

3.3. Stakeholder comments

Stakeholder	Comments
Broads Authority Development Management Team	This proposed site appears clearly outside of the settlement limit, residential development on both sides of the road stop at roughly the same point, this stretches development to one side beyond this point, so there will be inevitable pressure to develop the opposite side and provide the balance which is characteristic of development in Filby.
	When a village is stretched like this, one end does not wholly feel like it is part of the same village as the other. Filby already has that feel as it stetches along the A1064 and stretches down Thrigby Road. The subject site would only contribute to what already is an unsatisfactory situation.
	The existing separation between Thrigby and Filby is small, and easily lost through village creep, of which the proposed site is an example.
Broads Authority Heritage and Design	There are no heritage constraints.
Filby Parish	Filby Parish Council does not support the proposed site for the following reasons:
Council	It is outside the development boundary for Filby
	It is on a bend which is on a 60mph road so cannot be considered safe
	It would narrow the gap between the villages of Filby and Thrigby
	The proposed site is Grade 1 agricultural land and so should not be lost to housing.
Norfolk County Council Heritage	We would recommend conditions for a post-consent programme of archaeological mitigation starting with trial trenching. The site would be amber in a RAG assessment.
Norfolk County Council Education	This size and scale of housing is not likely to impact the existing local school based on the current forecast detail available.
Broads Authority Landscape Architect	In principle this feels like it could be an acceptable allocation as a natural extension of the existing development pattern along Thrigby Road. The northern side of the road which this one relates to has greater capacity than the southern side – simply because of the geometry of the site and that it is somewhat contained before users of Thrigby Road enter a more rural landscape (albeit I understand much of the existing land use around this corner relates to equestrian use). Given the tight curve on this corner, officers are not sure how access would work – that would need careful consideration within any allocation as the visibility splays could be

Stakeholder	Comments
	quite tricky and probably would result in the total loss of the roadside hedgerow, which I would be very much against. Although the plot frontages along Thrigby Road are generally quite open, officers believe it would be appropriate here to retain as much of the hedgerow and rural character as possible, this could create a successful transition into the wider landscape and deal more effectively with the edge of the development boundary – which currently does feel somewhat abrupt.
Norfolk County Council Highways	Highway objection to the proposed allocation. There is a lack of footway provision, the access would require significant tree removal and there is insufficient forward visibility to form a safe access.
Norfolk County Council – Lead Local Flood Authority.	Located within Flood Zone 1. Flood Zones 2 and 3 lie to the north and east of the site. No on-site sewers – Foul sewers run along boundary with Thrigby Road. Not located within a Source Protection Zone (SPZ) No flood records on-site. External and internal flood records within 500m On-site: None. Off-site Surface water flow paths and small areas of surface water ponding / pooling in 0.1%, 1% and 3.33% AEP events flowpath to impact upon access into site. Small part of the site to the west lies within Broads Internal Drainage Board. On-site: None. Off-site: ordinary watercourses (some within IDB area) and drainage ditches located within 100m. LLFA Assessment: No major surface water issues / constraints identified (Green RAG)
Essex and Suffolk Water	Thrigby Rd, Filby – We do not appear to have any underground assets running through this land, but any future development would need to check this with us. The development site is close to our land holding – Filby Broad. This is a SSSI and SAC site. As owners we are responsible for the designated features of the site and ensuring they are conserved. As such, any development this close to the protected site should be subject to the relevant environmental checks (for example, HRA) to ensure it would not be detrimental to the features of the site. Particularly relevant would be, how sewage is dealt with because the protected site already has elevated levels of N and P, and light/noise pollution which could affect bird populations. This is not an exhaustive list of considerations.
Anglian Water Services	Anglian Water has no assets within the site boundary and is the sewerage undertaker for this location – the site is within the Caister-Pump Lane WRC catchment, which has sufficient dry weather flow headroom to accommodate the proposed growth.
Great Yarmouth Borough Council	 Filby is a small village with a limited range of services and facilities (classed as a 'Secondary village' in our existing Local Plan). The site is located off Thrigby Road, which has smaller stretches of footpath provision near to the primary school and junction with Main Road. Street lighting is also provided along most

Stakeholder	Comments
	 of the length adjacent to which existing residential properties are located and for which a 20/30mph speed restriction is in place. Whilst the site is on Thrigby Road, it lies beyond any footpath provision, is unlit, and close to a bend in the road where national speed limit applies. In this respect, whilst the site is within reasonable walking distance (by proximity) to the primary school, village shop and community hall, it lies within the stretch of the highway which may not be as attractive for walking or cycling than further along Thrigby Road towards the centre of Filby. The site falls within the Filby Primary School catchment. The latest pupil roll forecasting we have obtained from NCC indicates that the school will be overcapacity within the next five year when taking into account projected growth with no room to expand on the site.
Broads Authority Ecologist	A Habitats Regulation Assessment will apply due to potential impacts of the proposal on European designated sites, namely the Broads SAC and Broadland SPA. Ecological assessments will be required to assess the sites habitats and species, and to help mitigate potential impacts of the development proposal. From the information provided the site appears to be currently in arable production with hedgerows on the east and southeastern fringe. The land parcel is located between a farm to the west and residential housing to the east. Arable land is located to the north and south of the site. Existing hedgerows should be retained and enhanced. We would expect Biodiversity net gain to be implemented on site within this sensitive locality close to the Broads European designated SAC and SPA. Biodiversity enhancements including further tree and hedgerow planting should be incorporated into the proposal to improve habitat connectivity and provide wildlife corridors. Some localised increase in recreational disturbance to designated sites.

3.4. Site assessment

Planning history:

Application number	Description	Decision	Date
	Horse driving centre and		
BA/1990/3023/HISTAP	manufacture of horse drawn	Approve Subject to	19 Oct 1990
	vehicles	Conditions	15 000 1550

Site address: Land north of Thrigby Road, Filby

Current planning status e.g., with permission, allocated, suggested through the Call for Sites etc.		Suggested through December 2024 call for sites.
Site Size (hectares)		0.4 hectares
Greenfield / Brownfield		Greenfield – horse grazing
Ownership (if known (private/public etc.)	n)	Private
Absolute Constraint	s Check	
Is the site in a		
SPA, SAC, SSSI or Ra	msar	No (SSSI Impact Zone)
National Nature Res	erve	No
Ancient Woodland		No
Flood risk zone 3b		No - Flood zone 1 according to SFRA
Scheduled Ancient N	Monument	No
Statutory Allotment	S	No
Locally Designated 0	Green Space	No
At risk from Coastal	Erosion	No
If yes to any of the a	bove, site will be ex	cluded from further assessment.
5 dwellings.		land or town centre use floor space):
Density calculator		12.5 dwellings per hectare
Suitability Assessme	ent	
Constraint	Score	Comments
Access to site	red/amber/green	
		Agent says: There is no existing access to the site. A single new access would be required from Thrigby Road. Alternatively, access could be taken by way of the existing access to Croft Riding School, adjacent to the west. Some minor upgrade works would be required to widen the driveway. There is an access to the farm off Thrigby Road. Road
Accessibility to		 bends just before the site. The speed limit changes part way along Thrigby Road frontage to the site. No footways along Thrigby Road. Highway objection to the proposed allocation. There is a lack of footway provision, the access would require significant tree removal and there is insufficient forward visibility to form a safe access.
Accessibility to local services and facilities		660m to the primary school.

[
		Around 850m to the post office and bus stop with
		service with peak hour service to higher order
		settlement.
		A development boundary is proposed for the BA part of
		Filby.
Utilities Capacity		
Utilities		There are cables overhead along the boundary of the
Infrastructure		site with the road.
Contamination and		There are no known ground condition issues at this
ground stability		time. The site is utilised as a paddock and so
Flood Disk		contamination issues are not anticipated.
Flood Risk		In flood zone 1, but some elements of surface water
		flood risk along the road frontage.
Coastal Change		
Market		Other than limited services and facilities nearby, has
Attractiveness		potential to be attractive as a place to visit and live as it
		is an area in the Broads
Impact	Score	Comments
Nationally and	red/amber/green	Linden to be actived but since band and visibility.
Nationally and		Hedge to be retained, but given bend and visibility
Locally Significant		splays, the hedge may be at risk of being removed.
Landscapes		Appropriate here to retain as much of the hedgerow
Townscape		and rural character as possible, this could create a
		successful transition into the wider landscape and deal more effectively with the edge of the development
		boundary.
Biodiversity and		Would need to mitigate for recreation impacts. Not in
Geodiversity		scope for nutrient enrichment mitigation. Deciduous
Geouversity		woodland/hedges borders site. Not on peat.
Historic		We would recommend conditions for a post-consent
Environment		programme of archaeological mitigation starting with
LINIOIIIIEIIL		trial trenching.
Open Space		
Transport and		Highway objection to the proposed allocation. There is
Roads		a lack of footway provision, the access would require
NUGUS		significant tree removal and there is insufficient
		-
Compatibility with		forward visibility to form a safe access. Agent says: Further residential dwellings and Croft Farm
Compatibility with		
neighbouring /		riding Centre are located to the northwest. The nature
adjoining uses		of the riding centre is such that adverse amenity
		impacts are not anticipated for either future residents
		or the users of the riding centre. Indeed, the stables
		and paddocks are already closely related to residential

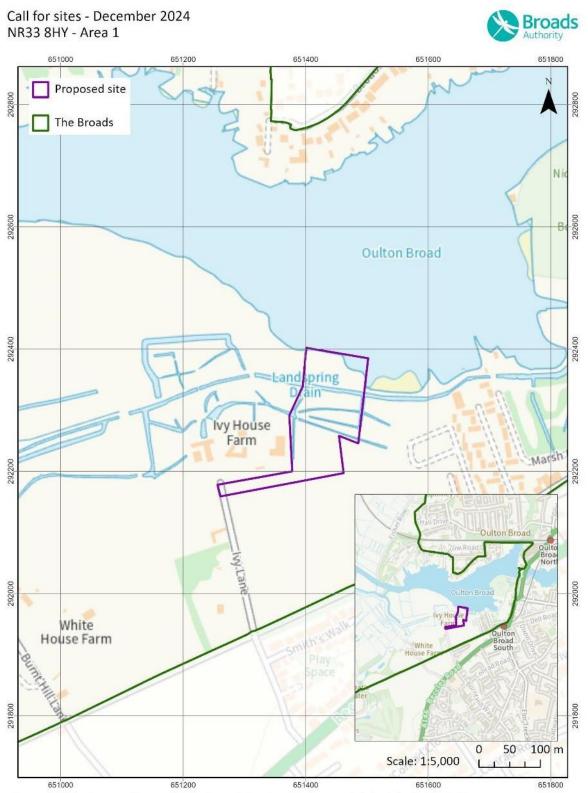
		dwollings coomingly without issue Appropriate
		dwellings, seemingly without issue. Appropriate
Least Dian Designati	ovo (odd fuwthou	landscaping could be introduced to enhance separation.
	ions (add further lines as required)	
Designation	Policy referenc	e Comments
None		
	ent (will require	liaison with landowners)
Is the site being		
marketed?	No	
Add any detail as		
necessary (e.g., where, by whom, how much		
for etc.)		
When might the	Immediately	\checkmark
site be available	Within 5	\checkmark
for development	years	
(tick as	, 5-10 years	
àppropriate)	10-15 years	
,	15-20 years	
	Comments:	
Estimated annual bu		Agent says will take up to 2 years to complete, so 3
(including justification		dwellings per year is presumed.
Comments	-	take up to 2 years to complete.
Achievability (includ		take up to 2 years to complete.
		site is well related to the main built form of Filbur on
Comments		e site is well related to the main built form of Filby; an
	attractive and thriving village. The land is in single ownership and the	
	landowner is keen to redevelop. There are no know technical constraints, or	
	abnormal conditions affecting the site; indeed the site is not identified as	
	being at risk of flooding and the waste water treatment works serving the	
	village are identified as discharging outside of the nutrient neutrality	
	catchment. As such it is considered that the site would be attractive either	
	to self-builders	or to small developers'.
Overcoming Constra	lints	
Comments	Conditions for a post-consent programme of archaeological mitigation	
	 starting with trial trenching Scheme would need to consider the woodland on the boundary with the 	
	 scheme would need to consider the woodland on the boundary with the road, retaining hedge along the frontage. 	
		oncern regarding access visibility and hedge removal.
		uld need to consider the surface water issues along the road
	frontage.	and meet to consider the surface water issues along the load
	-	anymont likely
	-	payment likely.
	 Confirmation of surface water issues on the road frontage which may need addressing. 	
	Access on a	bend where national speed limits apply.

	 Grade 1 agricultural land – this cannot be overcome.
	 Eroding gap between Thrigby and Filby - this cannot be overcome.
	• Would put development pressure on the site opposite, in GYBC planning
	area.
	• There are cables overhead along the boundary of the site with the road.
	• Ecological assessments will be required to assess the sites habitats and
	species, and to help mitigate potential impacts of the development
	proposal.
	• We would expect Biodiversity net gain to be implemented on site within
	this sensitive locality close to the Broads European designated SAC and
	SPA. Biodiversity enhancements including further tree and hedgerow
	planting should be incorporated into the proposal to improve habitat
	connectivity and provide wildlife corridors.
Trajectory of development	
Comments	Delivered after around 5 years, but taking 2 years to develop.
Barriers to Delivery	
Comments	Grade 1 agricultural land.
	 Eroding gap between Thrigby and Filby.
	• Would put development pressure on the site opposite, in GYBC planning
	area.
	Conflict between removal of hedge for visibility and need to retain
	hedge for townscape/landscape purposes.
	 Access on a bend where national speed limits apply.
	Highways objection to proposed allocation.
Conclusion (e.g., is included in the theoretical capacity)	
According to the HELAA assessment, the site is not suitable for residential development.	

4. Land at Ivy Lane, Oulton Broad

4.1. Map of site

Residential moorings:

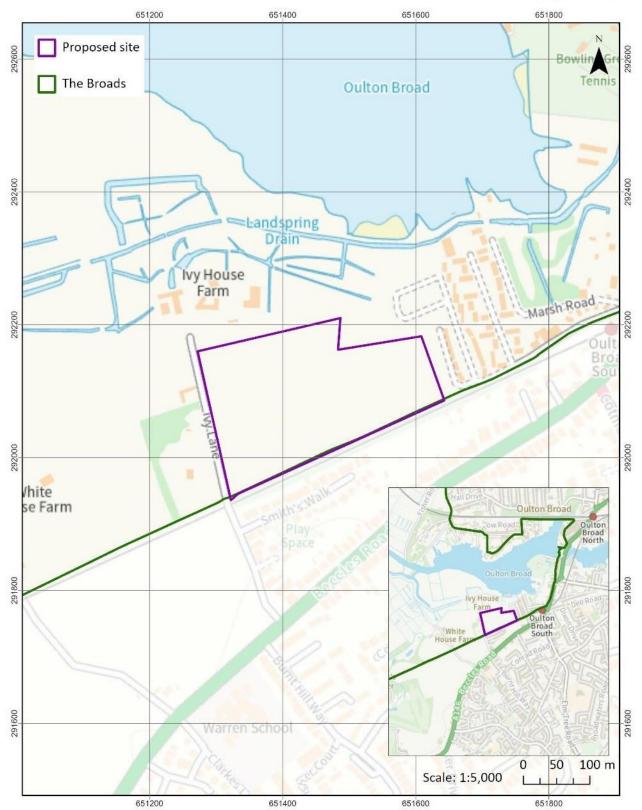


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Residential caravans:

Call for sites - December 2024 Land at Ivy Lane NR33 8HY





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Residential dwellings:

Call for sites - December 2024 NR33 8HY - Area 2





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4.2. Photos of site

Residential caravans and houses site:



Showing the central area of the site. Looking from the footpath to the train track.



Taken from the south west corner, looking north east – train track to the right.

The north west corner of the site. Showing the public footpath.



The boundary between the two fields that make up the site.



Showing the eastern area of the site.



Showing the eastern boundary with the holiday park.



Looking west along the footpath with the site to the left.

Residential moorings site:



Looking towards where the residential moorings would be from the public footpath.



Showing where the residential moorings would be

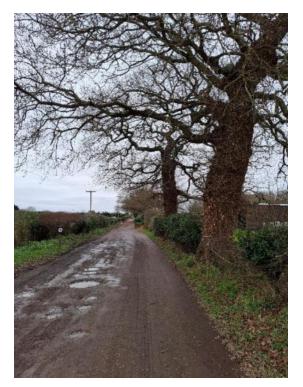


Showing where the residential moorings could be.



Looking back towards the public footpath from near the water's edge.

Photos showing the access to the site:



Showing the mature trees and track to the site/hotel.



Access from main road to road towards the site.

Showing the track to the hotel/site.



The public footway runs through the neighbouring holiday park.

4.3. Stakeholder comments

General comment about the area from the Broads Authority Heritage and Design Officer: The site is located to the south and west of the Oulton Broad conservation area but it has the potential to impact on the setting of the conservation area (a designated heritage asset) and the setting of Ivy Farm, a 19th century farmstead which is considered a local identified heritage asset (see <u>Suffolk HER</u>) and so this needs to be considered.

Comment from Suffolk CC Highways regarding the rail bridge: It is difficult to tell without an understanding of the intensification the development would present – alongside an understanding of existing trips – of which the Transport Assessment would be expected to cover. There could be concerns if the bridge is already constrained and the development intensifies the use in a significant way that it could create a new issue / exacerbate an existing issue to an unacceptable degree, should it lead to additional queues which result in highway safety issues. However, at this time that is unknown and as above, the Transport Assessment should cover this.

Stakeholder	Residential moorings	Residential caravans	Residential dwellings
Broads Authority Development Management Team	This would have landscape impacts, pulling the built development at the Tingdene Marina further along the sensitive Broad edge. The existing marina at least had the caravan site as a partial backdrop; the adjacent area does not have the same benefit.	This is a lot of development at a site where the access to the A146 from Ivy Lane is so poor. Considering the additional daily vehicle movements I am not sure highways will like it. The existing caravan site has visual impact, even in	This is a lot of development at a site where the access to the A146 from Ivy Lane is so poor. Considering the additional daily vehicle movements, and the expected number of vehicles at 2 per dwelling,

Stakeholder	Residential moorings	Residential caravans	Residential dwellings
	Access appears to be poor, and the site would be remote from any parking area. Officers do not think we could support this.	the context of surrounding development. Any further use for caravans in this area would only be acceptable if the site is not visible from the Broad. The land at the SWT visitor centre site slopes upwards, not sure if it does the same on the east of Ivy Lane.	I am not sure highways will like it. It would be beneficial if this site was reasonably screened, but given the housing to the south of the railway line it would not appear particularly out of place and broadly corresponds with the settlement edge.
Broads Authority Heritage and Design	This site is located to the east of the Tingdene Marina. The area is currently undeveloped and forms part of an area of undeveloped riverbank, with reedbeds and natural landscape running along the south and east of Oulton Broad. The provision of residential moorings, along with all the ancillary paraphernalia here, would detrimentally change the character of the area and would not be considered to preserve and enhance the setting of the conservation area.	Firstly there is the potential for archaeological remains in the vicinity of Ivy Lane as there was a Palaeolithic find in the vicinity (see <u>Suffolk</u> <u>HER record</u>) and World War Two defences to the west of the site (see <u>Suffolk HER</u> <u>record</u> and <u>here</u>). These would potentially be constraints. I would have concerns that the proposal would have a detrimental impact on the setting of Ivy Farm, a locally identified heritage asset.	Firstly there is the potential for archaeological remains in the vicinity of Ivy Lane as there was a Palaeolithic find in the vicinity (see <u>Suffolk HER record</u>) and World War Two defences to the west of the site (see <u>Suffolk HER record</u> and here). These would potentially be constraints. There may be some potential for a lower density residential development than that proposed, that takes into account the potential archaeological constraints and the setting of Ivy Farm, a locally identified heritage asset. Equally the scale, layout and design of any development would need to limit visual impact on the wider open landscape to the north (Oulton Broad) and west (towards Carlton Marshes).

Stakeholder	Residential moorings	Residential caravans	Residential dwellings
Oulton Broad Parish Council	 The planning committee for Oulton Broad Parish Council have reviewed the local plan and unanimously agreed to reject any use of the land. Concerns over an overdeveloped small area which is prone to flooding, access via the small lane next to Ivy House Farm, where current disputes have taken place with dog walkers and the farm owners. The Parish Council would NOT like this added to the Local Plan. 		
Suffolk County Council Education	 Early Years: There is currently a deficit of places in the ward so additional places would increase this deficit. Primary: Dell Primary is forecast to have a deficit of places so additional demand on places would increase this deficit. However, part of the catchment area includes the East Suffolk Local Plan Kirkley Waterfront and Sustainable Urban Neighbourhood development. There have been ongoing discussions about this site with East Suffolk Council, particularly about primary provision across the area. Secondary: East Point Academy is forecast to have a deficit of places so additional demand on places would increase this deficit. The availability of places will be monitored with additional places being provided via local secondary school provision where required. 		
Broads Authority Landscape Architect	I have reviewed the site for the suggested use of residential moorings. I would not support this one going forward given that the edge of the broad in this location is currently fairly natural and this would result in the introduction of an engineered edge that would erode the character of this part of the broad. I'd also be concerned that there would be an impact on the land beyond Landspring Drain if a development of this nature would require any on land infrastructure	I have reviewed the site for 250 residential caravan use, development of this site would result in the enclosure and urbanisation of the land which currently appears to be used as paddocks, increasing the area of settled broad. From a desktop review, it is not clear if development of this parcel of land could be visible from the broad itself and from properties to the north along Broadview Road, however the overall character would be negatively impacted by any development here, and I therefore wouldn't support the use of this site for residential caravans.	I have reviewed the site for 80 residential dwellings, the introduction of dwellings and associated infrastructure here would result in the enclosure of the land, urbanisation and increase the settled area of the broad. The introduction of dwellings in this area would not fit well with surrounding land uses and would likely have some visual impact as well as character impact when considering the context and surrounding landscape. Though not strictly a landscape issue, I also struggle to see how adequate access could be

Stakeholder	Residential moorings	Residential caravans	Residential dwellings
			created for this site, without significant impact on Ivy Lane itself. I therefore wouldn't support this site going forward.
SCC Archaeological Service	 The site is situated in an area of archaeological potential recorded on the County Historic ical Environment Record (HER), the northern most part of the site is partially within an area recorded as part of a medieval turbary, indicated by account rolls for Flixton-by-Lowestof dated 1355/7 (HER number LWT 153), which is highly suggestive of peat deposits within the immediate area. Within the eastern part of the site runs a series substantial WW2 period defensive system (LWT 284), consisting of an anti-tank ditch, barbed wire obstructions, lines of anti-tank cubes, including pillboxes, gun emplacements, slit trenches and weapon pits running between Oulton Broad, Lowestoft to Pakefield. These defences form part of a wider system of defences which encircled Lowestoft (LWT 309). Further WW2 defensive system have been recorded to the east and west of the proposed sites, which comprise a search light batter and type 22 pillbox (LWT 268) and the site of a type 22 pillbox along with slit trench and barbed wire obstacles are located to the east of the proposed sites (LWT 271). To the east of the site is an area of cropmarks of intermittent ditch type features of unknown date (LWT 311). Additionally, archaeological excavation near to the site recorde the presence of early medieval archaeology along with preserved fish traps and wood (Ot 040) As a result, there is high potential for the proposed sites to contain archaeological heritag assets, including palaeo-environmental remains and preserved organic archaeological remains. 		s partially within an area Ils for Flixton-by-Lowestoft e of peat deposits within 2 period defensive system
			weapon pits running form part of a wider er WW2 defensive systems which comprise a search 22 pillbox along with slit
			on near to the site recorded
			• •
	We would advise trenched archae proposed redline area along with undertaken to inform on the arch need for further archaeological w made on the results of the evalua undertaken at the earliest opport archaeological evaluation, mitiga secured by appropriately worded 218 December 2024).	appropriate palaeo-environm naeological potential of the site vork before the commencemen ation. SCCAS would recommen tunity, however, we would not tion, reporting, archiving and p	ental sampling strategy is es and decisions on the nt of development will be d that this work is be opposed to the public dissemination being
	Due to the presence of substantia survey of the sites are undertake		• ·

Stakeholder	Residential moorings	Residential caravans	Residential dwellings
Suffolk County Council Highways	15 residential moorings: Unlikely to present a significant impact on highways. Consideration should be given to providing suitable pedestrian accessibility through potential improvements to existing Lowestoft Footpath(s) 14 and 15 which passes through the site and subsequently connect to Marsh Road to the east.	250 residential caravans: Traffic impacts will need to be considered through a suitable Transport Statement. Details of the likely traffic generation should be provided to establish potential impacts on the local highway network. Any assessment should consider existing traffic generation associated with the site to provide an understanding of the impacts the development proposal would have. This will assist in determining any additional network modelling / mitigation requirements. Consideration should be given to providing suitable pedestrian and cycle accessibility to the site through potential improvements to lvy Lane and improvements to existing Lowestoft Footpath(s) 14 and 15 which pass through the site and subsequently connect to Marsh Road to the east.	80 residential dwellings: Traffic impacts will need to be considered through a suitable Transport Assessment. The Transport Assessment would need to be multi- modal (assessing all modes of travel), assessing the impacts on the highway network and determining required mitigation, as well as ensuring that safe and suitable access is provided for all users and appropriate measures to promote sustainable and active modes of travel are taken. As with the other examples, one way of improving accessibility to the site would be to provide suitable pedestrian and cycle accessibility to the site through potential improvements to Ivy Lane and improvements to existing Lowestoft Footpath(s) 14 and 15 which pass through the site and subsequently connect to Marsh Road to the east.
Suffolk County Council – Lead Local Flood Authority.	 I have reviewed all sites, and the ones proposed for caravans are at low risk of surface water flooding while the moorings one is at high risk however given this likely to be a water compatible use we don't have any concerns regarding this. NB: the mapping is due to be updated on January 28th so risk level may change. Both sites are at high risk of river/coastal flooding so need to bear this in mind and the LPA will need to consult EA regarding this. 		

Stakeholder	Residential moorings	Residential caravans	Residential dwellings
	Advice re requirements for sustainable drainage systems can be found on the SCC Website <u>Guidance on development and flood risk - Suffolk County Council</u> .		
Anglian Water Services	There are no Anglian Water assets within the proposed site areas below – AW is the sewerage undertaker for this location. The sites are adjacent to the Lowestoft WRC catchment where there is dry weather flow permit headroom and therefore capacity to accommodate growth.		the Lowestoft WRC
	With regard to residential moorin there will be pump out facilities r		-
	The caravan/dwelling proposals when considering flood risk and e from the site.		-
	In terms of connections to our network, we would require early engagement from the developer to ensure that there is a sustainable point of connection to our network. Our policy recommendation would still apply - to <u>require the developer to demonstrate the that there is capacity available in the sewerage network to accommodate wastewate flows from the site.</u>		tion to our network. Our oper to demonstrate that
East Suffolk Council	Site Description Foreshore. Area of low-lying grassland with the Land Spring Drain running from east to west. South of site comprises small fields and dense hedges and trees.	Site Description Three large fields. They are used by a dog training business and an electric vehicle charging station. The eastern field contains a number of trees.	Site Description Three large fields. They are used by a dog training business and an electric vehicle charging station. The eastern field contains a number of trees.
	Road Access Road access is via Ivy Lane onto the A146. Suffolk County Council Highways will need to be consulted about the capacity of Ivy Lane, as well as the safety of the junction with the A146.	Road Access Road access is via Ivy Lane onto the A146. Suffolk County Council Highways will need to be consulted about the capacity of Ivy Lane, as well as the safety of the junction with the A146.	Road Access Road access is via Ivy Lane onto the A146. Suffolk County Council Highways will need to be consulted about the capacity of Ivy Lane, as well as the safety of the junction with the A146.
	Railway Ivy Lane crosses the A146 via a narrow bridge. It will be necessary to consult Network Rail and Suffolk County Council	Railway Ivy Lane crosses the A146 via a narrow bridge. It will be necessary to consult	Railway Ivy Lane crosses the A146 via a narrow bridge. It will be necessary to consult

Stakeholder	Residential moorings	Residential caravans	Residential dwellings
	Highways about the safety and	Network Rail and Suffolk	Network Rail and Suffolk
	capacity of the bridge.	County Council Highways	County Council Highways
		about the safety and	about the safety and
	Surrounding Uses	capacity of the bridge.	capacity of the bridge.
	Ivy House Country Hotel; Ivy Pit		
	scrap dealers; Ivy Farm Stables	Surrounding Uses	Surrounding Uses
	Caravan and Motorhome Club.	Ivy House Country Hotel; Ivy	Ivy House Country Hotel;
	All located to west of proposed	Pit scrap dealers; Ivy Farm	Ivy Pit scrap dealers; Ivy
	residential moorings. Existing	Stables Caravan and	Farm Stables Caravan and
	static caravans located to the	Motorhome Club. All	Motorhome Club. All
	east.	located to west of proposed	located to west of
		residential caravans.	proposed residential
	Listed Buildings	Existing static caravans	dwellings. Existing static
	There are no listed buildings on	located to the east. Railway	caravans are located to
	or near the site.	runs along southern edge	the east. Railway runs
		with housing beyond.	along southern edge with
	Conservation Area		housing to the south.
	The site is not located in a	Listed Buildings	
	conservation area.	There are no listed buildings	Listed Buildings
		on or near the site.	There are no listed
	Flood Risk		buildings on or near the
	The northern edge of the site,	Conservation Area	site.
	which is the location of the 15	The site is not located in a	
	residential moorings, is located	conservation area.	Conservation Area
	within Flood Zone 3b		The site is not located in a
	(functional flood plain).	Relevant Policies	conservation area.
	Residential houseboats would	The settlement boundary,	
	be a compatible use for flood	as defined by Waveney	Relevant Policies
	zone 3b.	Local Plan policy WLP1.2	The settlement boundary,
		(Settlement Boundary) is	as defined by Waveney
	Further work needed	located on the opposite	Local Plan policy WLP1.2
	Gas, electricity and water	side of the railway line to	(Settlement Boundary) is
	infrastructure on the site.	this site.	located on the opposite
			side of the railway line to
	There is no indication from the	There is no neighbourhood	this site.
	information submitted whether	plan in Oulton Broad.	
	use of the moorings would be		There is no
	brought forward in tandem	Flood Risk	neighbourhood plan in
	with either of the two uses	This site sits further south	Oulton Broad.
	discussed below.	and most of it is located in	
		flood zone 1. However, the	Flood Risk
		north and east of the site	

Stakeholder	Residential moorings	Residential caravans	Residential dwellings
		are located within or bordering flood zones 2 and 3. Further work needed Gas, electricity and water infrastructure on the site.	This site sits further south and most of it is located in flood zone 1. However, the north and east of the site are located within or bordering flood zones 2 and 3.
			Further work needed Gas, electricity and water infrastructure on the site.
Broads Authority Ecologist	The area extending north to Oulton Broad is situated on peat a finite resource, which supports Section 41 habitats namely fen, reedbed and wet woodland. These in turn support protected species such as water vole, otter, GCN and Schedule 1 birds. From the aerials – Section 41 habitats are present, with connectivity to important semi natural habitats likely supporting other protected species such as roosting and commuting bats. There should be no net loss of Section 41 habitats and connecting semi natural habitats should be retained and enhanced. This site is therefore not considered appropriate for development due to the potential for significant impacts on biodiversity. Development would likely result in a net loss in biodiversity.	From the aerials this area app natural grassland with bound as well as mature trees withir are likely to support protecte birds, reptiles. Loss of natural would likely result in a net los Likely to be water quality imp Likely potential impacts of the designated sites, namely the SAC. This site is not considered app due to the potential for signif biodiversity. Development wo loss in biodiversity.	ary hedgerows and trees, in the site. These habitats d species such as bats, l habitats and connectivity ss in biodiversity. Dacts. e proposal on European Broadland SPA and Broads propriate for development ficant impacts on

Stakeholder	Residential moorings	Residential caravans	Residential dwellings
	Likely potential impacts of the proposal on European designated sites, namely the Broadland SPA and Broads SAC. Likely to be water quality impacts.		
Broads Authority Waterways and Recreation Officer	For the Oulton Broad Residential Moorings, keep footpath intact, potentially widen to make more accessible.	-	

4.4. Site assessment

Planning history:

Application number	Description	Decision	Date
BA/2023/0222/FUL	Change of use of agricultural land to dog walking field	Approved	25/07/2023
BA/1994/6179/HISTAP	Retention of wooden landing stage and narrow plank access	Approved	19/07/1994
BA/2007/0070/OUT	Erection of 53 timber holiday lodges	Withdrawn	06/08/2007
BA/2007/0316/OUT	Erection of 53no timber holiday lodges	Refused on grounds of over intensive development, impact on character and appearance of area and additional hazards to traffic.	27/06/2008
BA/1997/6272/HISTAP	Alterations to flood defences	Approved	03/10/1997
Application adjacent to the site: BA/2018/0149/FUL	Broadlands Marina, Marsh Lane, Oulton Broad.	Approved	07/08/2019
	24 new private and 4 new visitor pontoon moorings as an extension to the Marina; removal of moorings within the reedbed area and a section of jetty; creation of additional reedbed, and reinstatement of slipway and pump out facilities.		

Site address: Land at Ivy Lane, Oulton Broad		
Current planning status		Suggested through December 2024 call for sites.
e.g., with permission, allocated, suggested through the Call for Sites etc.		
Site Size (hectares)		2.27 hectares
Greenfield / Brownf	ield	Greenfield – reedbed
Ownership (if known (private/public etc.)	n)	Private
Absolute Constraint	s Check	
Is the site in a		
SPA, SAC, SSSI or Ra	msar	Yes – part of area is SSSI Impact Zone and SSSI, SAC, SPA and RAMSAR, but that area could be removed from any allocation.
National Nature Res	erve	No
Ancient Woodland		No
Flood risk zone 3b		Yes - Flood zone 3b, but this is for residential
		moorings. Also at risk of tidal flooding with
		allowance for climate change.
Scheduled Ancient N	Monument	No
Statutory Allotment	S	Νο
Locally Designated O	Green Space	Νο
At risk from Coastal	Erosion	Νο
If yes to any of the a	bove, site will be exc	luded from further assessment.
Development Poten (number of dwellings, he 15 residential moori	ectares of employment la	and or town centre use floor space):
Density calculator		-
Suitability Assessme	ent	
Constraint	Score	Comments
	red/amber/green	
Access to site		Vehicles currently access the area to get to the uses along the track, but the use will increase given the proposals.
		A new access would need to be made to the site from the area of the Hotel. A parking area would also need to be put in place.
		Concern about the capacity of the bridge of the railway for more traffic and construction traffic.

		South of the rail track, there is a made road with a footway – 7.37m wide in total. The railway bridge is around 4m wide with no footway. The track between the railway bridge and hotel varies in width from just under 3m to around 3.8m with passing places. It is presumed that a road of similar width to that to the south of the railway, with a footway would be required. This would mean the hedge to the east of the
		track/west of the site is likely to need to be removed in its entirety.
		There is a footpath that would need to be considered in any scheme.
Accessibility to		From the current moorings to Tesco Express and the
local services and		bus stop, it is around 1km. GP and school are around
facilities		1.5km away.
		If an access were to be put in place along the
		waterfront, through the neighbouring boatyards then a
		bus stop with peak hour service is around 500m away,
		GP is around 900m away and school is around 1km
		away.
Utilities Capacity		Generally acceptable although detail regarding
		sewerage disposal required.
Utilities		There are cables overhead along the boundary of the
Infrastructure		site with the road.
Contamination and		
ground stability		Deut in flags dagage 2, 2 and 2h. Deut is also at vish frame
Flood Risk		Part in flood zone 2, 3 and 3b. Part is also at risk from
		tidal flooding when climate change considered. This is
Coastal Change		for residential moorings, however.
Market		Other than limited services and facilities nearby, has
Attractiveness		potential to be attractive as a place to visit and live as it
A centre in the second se		is an area in the Broads
Impact	Score	Comments
	red/amber/green	
Nationally and		The edge of the broad in this location is currently fairly
Locally Significant		natural and this would result in the introduction of an
Landscapes		engineered edge that would erode the character of this
Townscape		part of the broad.
		Site is on peat. Peat a finite resource, which supports
		Section 41 habitats namely fen, reedbed and wet
		woodland. These in turn support protected species such
		as water vole, otter, GCN and Schedule 1 birds.

		Settlement fringe area.
Biodiversity and		SSSI, RAMSAR, SPA and SAC near to the site. Would
Geodiversity		need to mitigate from recreation impacts. Deciduous
		woodland/hedges borders site. Site is on peat and the
		scheme relies on a new basin being created.
		Development would likely result in a net loss in
		biodiversity.
Historic		The site is located to the south and west of the Oulton
Environment		Broad conservation area but it has the potential to
LINIOIIIIEIIL		impact on the setting of the conservation area (a
		designated heritage asset) and the setting of Ivy Farm, a 19 th century farmstead which is considered a local
		identified heritage asset (see <u>Suffolk HER</u>) and so this
		needs to be considered. As a result, there is high
		potential for the proposed sites to contain
		archaeological heritage assets, including palaeo-
		environmental remains and preserved organic
		archaeological remains. Within the eastern part of the
		site runs a series substantial WW2 period defensive
		system (LWT 284). The provision of residential
		moorings, along with all the ancillary paraphernalia
		here, would detrimentally change the character of the
		area and would not be considered to preserve and
		enhance the setting of the conservation area.
Open Space		
Transport and		A small-scale residential moorings development with
Roads		appropriate highway access is unlikely to give rise to
		any severe detrimental impact in highway terms.
Compatibility with		This would bring a residential use near to a boatyard
neighbouring /		and holiday accommodation. There is a public footpath.
adjoining uses		
Local Plan Designati	ons (add further	lines as required)
Designation	Policy reference	e Comments
None	<u> </u>	
-	ent (will require	liaison with landowners)
Is the site being		
marketed?	No	
Add any detail as		
necessary (e.g., where, by whom, how much		
for etc.)		
When might the	Immediately	
site be available	Within 5	\checkmark
for development	years	
	Jears	

(tick as	5-10 years		
appropriate)	10-15 years		
	15-20 years		
	Comments:		
Estimated annual b			
(including justificat	. ,		
Comments	Agent says will take up to 1 year to complete.		
Achievability (inclu			
Comments	No information provided by applicant to assess this.		
Overcoming Const	raints		
Comments	• A new access would need to be made to the site from the area of the		
	Hotel. A parking area would also need to be put in place.		
	Capacity of rail bridge to accommodate more traffic, including		
	construction traffic, unknown.		
	• Railway bridge is narrow when compared to access to existing dwellings		
	near to Tesco.		
	 Mature hedgerow at risk in order to accommodate road and footway. 		
	 Ensure footpath is considered and access maintained. 		
	 Access along waterfront through neighbouring boatyards may be useful. 		
	Usual flood risk considerations for residential moorings.		
	Would result in the introduction of an engineered edge that would		
	erode the character of this part of the broad.		
	Site is on peat. Would involve peat excavation – this cannot be		
	overcome.		
	GI RAMS – payment likely.		
	BNG – on site or off-site mitigation.		
	 Development would likely result in a net loss in biodiversity. 		
	Would require a trenched archaeological evaluation, comprising 5%		
	sample of the proposed redline area along with appropriate palaeo-		
	environmental sampling strategy is undertaken to inform on the		
	archaeological potential of the sites and decisions on the need for		
	further archaeological work before the commencement of development		
	will be made on the results of the evaluation.		
	Due to the presence of substantial WW2 features SCCAS would strongly		
	recommend a UXO survey of the sites are undertaken prior to the		
	required archaeological works commencing.		
	• Part of site put forward is SPA, SAC, RAMSAR and SSSI – that could be		
	removed from any allocation.		
	• Scheme would need to consider the SPA, SCA, RAMSAR and SSSI that is		
	next door to the site in its design.		

	 Located in settlement fringe landscape character area – this cannot be overcome. Concerns about changing the character of the area – this cannot be overcome. Require the developer to demonstrate that that there is capacity available in the sewerage network to accommodate wastewater flows
	from the site.
	Some impact on education
Trajectory of develo	pment
Comments	Delivered after around 5 years, but taking 1 year to develop.
Barriers to Delivery	
Comments	Peat excavation.
	Settlement fringe area.
	Changing character of the area.
	• Mature hedgerow at risk in order to accommodate road and footway.
	Assessment required regarding capacity of bridge to accommodate
	more traffic and construction traffic.
	• Development would likely result in a net loss in biodiversity.
Conclusion (e.g., is i	ncluded in the theoretical capacity)
According to the HEI	AA assessment, the site is not suitable for a new basin for residential
moorings.	

4.5. Additional considerations for residential moorings

Criteria	Assessment
1: How many residential moorings or what length of residential moorings is proposed?	15 – in a new marina.
2: What services and facilities are nearby for people living on	
boats to use (for example pharmacy, GP, school or shop)?	See above
Where are these facilities and how far are they?	
3: Are there moorings already? If so, what is the current use	No – a new marina or basin
of the moorings (e.g., public, private, marina etc.)?	would be required.
4: Would residential moorings here reduce the width of the	No – Oulton Broads is fairly
navigation channel and impact on the ability of boats to pass?	wide.
5: Is riverbank erosion an issue here? How would this be	Marina/basin would be
addressed?	excavated and likely have
	hard edging.
6: What are the adjacent buildings or land used for	Hotel, moorings and
6: What are the adjacent buildings or land used for	caravan park.

Criteria	Assessment
7: What is the character or appearance of the surrounding area?	Reedbed, natural edge, Broad, hotel, moorings and caravan park.
8: Is there safe access between vessels and the land without interfering with or endangering those using walkways?	This could be part of any scheme. No basin or marina in place.
9: What car parking is there for people living on boats (e.g., car park or park on road)?	Car parking would need to be provided nearby as part of the scheme.
10: How can service and emergency vehicles access the area safely?	No access currently, but likely an access delivered as part of the scheme.
11: How would waste and sewerage be disposed of?	Mains
12: Is the area on mains sewerage?	Yes
13: Would a residential mooring in this location prejudice the current or future use of adjoining land or buildings?	Not considered it would. Although it is bringing residential moorings nearer to a boatyard/other moorings.
14: Who owns the site? If not, who does and have you told them about your proposal?	Site promoter
15: What is the current use of the site?	Reedbed and natural edge.

	Site address: L	and at Ivy Lane, Oulton Broad
Current planning sta	atus	Suggested through December 2024 call for sites.
e.g., with permission, allocated, suggested through the Call for Sites etc.		See table at start of this section for planning history.
Site Size (hectares)		5.85 hectares
Greenfield / Brownf	field	Greenfield – dog training and grazing for horses and
		cows.
Ownership (if know (private/public etc.)	n)	Private
Absolute Constraint	s Check	
Is the site in a		
SPA, SAC, SSSI or Ra	msar	No (SSSI Impact Zone)
National Nature Res	serve	No
Ancient Woodland		No
Flood risk zone 3b		No
Scheduled Ancient	Monument	No
Statutory Allotment	S	No
Locally Designated (Green Space	No
At risk from Coastal	Erosion	No
If yes to any of the a	bove, site will be excl	uded from further assessment.
Development Poten	tial	
		nd or town centre use floor space):
250 residential cara		
Density calculator		2.74 dwellings per hectare
Suitability Assessme	ent	
Constraint	Score	Comments
	red/amber/green	
Access to site		Vehicles currently access the area to get to the uses
		along the track, but the use will increase given the proposals.
		Concern about the capacity of the bridge of the railway
		for more traffic and construction traffic.
		for more traine and construction traine.
		South of the rail track, there is a made road with a
		footway – 7.37m wide in total. The railway bridge is
		around 4m wide with no footway. The track between
		the railway bridge and hotel varies in width from just under 3m to around 3.8m with passing places. It is presumed that a road of similar width to that to the south of the railway, with a footway would be required.
		This would mean the hedge to the east of the

		track/west of the site is likely to need to be removed in its entirety.
		There is a footpath that would need to be considered in any scheme.
Accessibility to		Taking distances from the centre of the field
local services and		Using the track through the neighbouring site, train
facilities		station is around 600m away, bus stop is around 800m
		away, school is around 1.4km away, GP is around 1.4km
		away.
		Using the main track in a southerly direction to the
		A146, Tesco Express is 550m away and the bus stop is
		600m away.
Utilities Capacity		Generally acceptable although detail regarding
		sewerage disposal required.
Utilities		There are cables overhead along the boundary of the
Infrastructure		site with the road.
Contamination and		The land is used for grazing and dog agility.
ground stability		
Flood Risk		In flood zone 1, but northern boundary in flood zone 2
		and also at risk of tidal flooding with allowance for
		climate change.
Coastal Change		
Market		Other than limited services and facilities nearby, has
Attractiveness		potential to be attractive as a place to visit and live as it
		is an area in the Broads
Impact	Score	Comments
	red/amber/green	
Nationally and		The overall character would be negatively impacted by
Locally Significant		any development here.
Landscapes		Development of this site would result in the enclosure
Townscape		and urbanisation of the land.
		Significant trees on site.
		Settlement fringe landscape.
Biodiversity and		Loss of natural habitats and connectivity would likely
Geodiversity		result in a net loss in biodiversity. Significant trees on
		site. These habitats are likely to support protected
		species such as bats, birds, reptiles. Loss of natural
		habitats and connectivity would likely result in a net
		loss in biodiversity.
		Hedge bordering the track is likely to need to be
		removed in its entirety to accommodate an access road
		removed in its entirety to accommodate an access road and footway.

Historic		The site is located to the south and west of the Oulton
Environment		Broad conservation area but it has the potential to
		impact on the setting of the conservation area (a
		designated heritage asset) and the setting of Ivy Farm, a
		19 th century farmstead which is considered a local
		identified heritage asset (see Suffolk HER) and so this
		needs to be considered. As a result, there is high
		potential for the proposed sites to contain
		archaeological heritage assets, including palaeo-
		environmental remains and preserved organic
		archaeological remains. Within the eastern part of the
		site runs a series substantial WW2 period defensive
		system (LWT 284). Due to the presence of substantial
		WW2 features SCCAS would strongly recommend a
		UXO survey of the sites are undertaken prior to the
		required archaeological works commencing.
		Concerns that the proposal would have a detrimental
		impact on the setting of Ivy Farm, a locally identified
		heritage asset.
Open Space		
Transport and		Traffic impacts will need to be considered through a
Roads		suitable Transport Statement. Details of the likely traffic
		generation should be provided to establish potential
		impacts on the local highway network. Any assessment
		should consider existing traffic generation associated
		with the site to provide an understanding of the
		impacts the development proposal would have.
Compatibility with		There is a train line bordering the site to the south. That
neighbouring /		being said, there are properties already in place near
adjoining uses		the line. A successful hotel operates at the end of the
		track. There is a public footpath.
Local Plan Designati	ons (add further	lines as required)
Designation	Policy reference	e Comments
None		
Availability Assessm	ent (will require	liaison with landowners)
Is the site being		
marketed?	No	
Add any detail as		
necessary (e.g., where,		
by whom, how much for etc.)		
When might the	Immediately	✓
site be available	Within 5	\checkmark
for development	years	
	,	

(tick as	5-10 years	
, appropriate)	, 10-15 years	
	15-20 years	
-	Comments:	
Estimated annual bui		Agent says will take up to 1 year to complete, so 250
(including justificatio		dwellings per year is presumed.
Comments	•	take up to 1 year to complete.
Achievability (includ		
Comments		provided by applicant to assess this.
Overcoming Constra	ints	
Comments	Scheme work	uld need to consider the mature trees on site.
	• GI RAMS – p	ayment likely. And as this is over 50 units of
	accommoda	tion, open space.
	• BNG – on sit	e or off-site mitigation.
	Would requ	ire a trenched archaeological evaluation, comprising 5%
	sample of the environment archaeologi further arch will be made Due to the precommend required arc	he proposed redline area along with appropriate palaeo- tal sampling strategy is undertaken to inform on the cal potential of the sites and decisions on the need for aeological work before the commencement of development e on the results of the evaluation. Dresence of substantial WW2 features SCCAS would strongly a UXO survey of the sites are undertaken prior to the chaeological works commencing.
		rail bridge to accommodate more traffic, including n traffic, unknown.
	Concerns at	out setting of Ivy Farm.
	Developmer	nt would likely result in a net loss in biodiversity.
	• Some impac	t on education
	Consider dw	vellings near to a railway and amenity impacts.
	• Traffic impa Statement.	cts will need to be considered through a suitable Transport
	-	ering the track is likely to need to be removed in its entirety odate an access road and footway.
	• Located in s overcome.	ettlement fringe landscape character area – this cannot be
 Concerns about changing the character of the area – t overcome. 		out changing the character of the area – this cannot be
	-	developer to demonstrate that that there is capacity the sewerage network to accommodate wastewater flows e.
		ables overhead along the boundary of the site with the road. Doacts of railway

	 Ensure footpath is considered and access maintained. 		
	• Railway bridge is narrow when compared to access to existing dwellings		
	near to Tesco.		
	• Mature hedgerow at risk in order to accommodate road and footway.		
Trajectory of develo	pment		
Comments	Delivered after around 5 years, but taking 1 year to develop.		
Barriers to Delivery			
Comments	Settlement fringe area.		
	Changing character of the area.		
	Assessment required regarding capacity of bridge to accommodate		
	more traffic and construction traffic.		
	• Development would likely result in a net loss in biodiversity.		
	Setting of Ivy Farm		
	• Mature hedgerow at risk in order to accommodate road and footway.		
	Concern re impact on mature trees on site.		
Conclusion (e.g., is i	ncluded in the theoretical capacity)		
According to the HE	LAA assessment, the site is not suitable for residential development.		

	Site address: L	and at Ivy Lane, Oulton Broad
Current planning status		Suggested through December 2024 call for sites.
e.g., with permission, allocated, suggested through the Call for Sites etc.		See table at start of this section for planning history.
Site Size (hectares)		5.85 hectares
Greenfield / Brown	field	Greenfield – dog training and grazing for horses and
		cows.
Ownership (if know (private/public etc.)	n)	Private
Absolute Constraint	ts Check	
Is the site in a		
SPA, SAC, SSSI or Ra	imsar	No (SSSI Impact Zone)
National Nature Res	serve	No
Ancient Woodland		No
Flood risk zone 3b		No
Scheduled Ancient I	Monument	No
Statutory Allotment	ts	No
Locally Designated	Green Space	No
At risk from Coastal	Erosion	No
If yes to any of the a	bove, site will be excl	uded from further assessment.
Development Poten	itial	
(number of dwellings, he	ectares of employment la	nd or town centre use floor space):
80 residential dwell	ings	
Density calculator	1	3.68 dwellings per hectare
Suitability Assessme	ent	
Constraint	Score	Comments
	red/amber/green	
Access to site		Vehicles currently access the area to get to the uses
		along the track, but the use will increase given the proposals.
		Concern about the capacity of the bridge of the railway for more traffic and construction traffic.
		South of the rail track, there is a made road with a footway – 7.37m wide in total. The railway bridge is around 4m wide with no footway. The track between the railway bridge and hotel varies in width from just under 3m to around 3.8m with passing places. It is presumed that a road of similar width to that to the south of the railway, with a footway would be required. This would mean the hedge to the east of the

		track/west of the site is likely to need to be removed in its entirety.
		There is a footpath that would need to be considered in any scheme.
Accessibility to		Taking distances from the centre of the field
local services and		Using the track through the neighbouring site, train
facilities		station is around 600m away, bus stop is around 800m
		away, school is around 1.4km away, GP is around 1.4km
		away.
		Using the main track in a southerly direction to the
		A146, Tesco Express is 550m away and the bus stop is
		600m away.
Utilities Capacity		Generally acceptable although detail regarding
		sewerage disposal required.
Utilities		There are cables overhead along the boundary of the
Infrastructure		site with the road.
Contamination and		The land is used for grazing and dog agility.
ground stability		
Flood Risk		In flood zone 1, but northern boundary in flood zone 2
		and also at risk of tidal flooding with allowance for
		climate change.
Coastal Change		
Market		Other than limited services and facilities nearby, has
Attractiveness		potential to be attractive as a place to visit and live as it
		is an area in the Broads
Impact	Score	Comments
	red/amber/green	
Nationally and		The overall character would be negatively impacted by
Locally Significant		any development here.
Landscapes		Development of this site would result in the enclosure
Townscape		and urbanisation of the land.
		Significant trees on site.
		Settlement fringe landscape.
Biodiversity and		Loss of natural habitats and connectivity would likely
Geodiversity		result in a net loss in biodiversity. Significant trees on
		site. These habitats are likely to support protected
		species such as bats, birds, reptiles. Loss of natural
		habitats and connectivity would likely result in a net
		loss in biodiversity.
		Hedge bordering the track is likely to need to be
1		removed in its entirety to accommodate an access read
		removed in its entirety to accommodate an access road
		and footway.

Historic		The site is located to the south and west of the Oulton
Environment		Broad conservation area but it has the potential to
		impact on the setting of the conservation area (a
		designated heritage asset) and the setting of Ivy Farm, a
		19 th century farmstead which is considered a local
		identified heritage asset (see Suffolk HER) and so this
		needs to be considered. As a result, there is high
		potential for the proposed sites to contain
		archaeological heritage assets, including palaeo-
		environmental remains and preserved organic
		archaeological remains. Within the eastern part of the
		site runs a series substantial WW2 period defensive
		system (LWT 284). Due to the presence of substantial
		WW2 features SCCAS would strongly recommend a
		UXO survey of the sites are undertaken prior to the
		required archaeological works commencing.
		Concerns that the proposal would have a detrimental
		impact on the setting of Ivy Farm, a locally identified
		heritage asset.
Open Space		
Transport and		Traffic impacts will need to be considered through a
Roads		suitable Transport Statement. Details of the likely traffic
		generation should be provided to establish potential
		impacts on the local highway network. Any assessment
		should consider existing traffic generation associated
		with the site to provide an understanding of the
		impacts the development proposal would have.
Compatibility with		There is a train line bordering the site to the south. That
neighbouring /		being said, there are properties already in place near
adjoining uses		the line. A successful hotel operates at the end of the
		track. There is a public footpath.
Local Plan Designati	ons (add further	lines as required)
Designation	Policy reference Comments	
None		
Availability Assessm	ent (will require	liaison with landowners)
Is the site being		
marketed?	No	
Add any detail as		
necessary (e.g., where,		
by whom, how much for etc.)		
When might the	Immediately	\checkmark
site be available	Within 5	\checkmark
for development	years	
	,	

(tick as 5	-10 years	
·	10-15 years	
	5-20 years	
	omments:	
Estimated annual build		Agent says will take up 3-5 years to complete, so 16 to 27
(including justification)		
, , ,	Agent says will take up to 3-5 years to complete.	
Achievability (includin		<u> </u>
		provided by applicant to assess this.
Overcoming Constrain	ts	
Comments •	Scheme wo	uld need to consider the mature trees on site.
•	GI RAMS – p	ayment likely. And as this is over 50 units of
	accommoda	tion, open space.
•	BNG – on sit	e or off-site mitigation.
•	Would requ	ire a trenched archaeological evaluation, comprising 5%
•	 would require a trenched archaeological evaluation, comprising 5% sample of the proposed redline area along with appropriate palaeo-environmental sampling strategy is undertaken to inform on the archaeological potential of the sites and decisions on the need for further archaeological work before the commencement of development will be made on the results of the evaluation. Due to the presence of substantial WW2 features SCCAS would strongly recommend a UXO survey of the sites are undertaken prior to the required archaeological works commencing. Capacity of rail bridge to accommodate more traffic, including construction traffic, unknown. 	
•		
•	Concerns ab	out setting of Ivy Farm.
•	Developmer	nt would likely result in a net loss in biodiversity.
•	Some impac	t on education
•	Consider dw	vellings near to a railway and amenity impacts.
•	 Traffic impacts will need to be considered through a suitable Transstatement. Hedge bordering the track is likely to need to be removed in its e to accommodate an access road and footway. 	
•		
•	Located in s overcome.	ettlement fringe landscape character area – this cannot be
•	Concerns ab overcome.	out changing the character of the area – this cannot be
•		developer to demonstrate that that there is capacity the sewerage network to accommodate wastewater flows e.
•		ables overhead along the boundary of the site with the road. Dacts of railway

	Encure featneth is considered and access maintained		
	• Ensure footpath is considered and access maintained.		
	Railway bridge is narrow when compared to access to existing dwelling		
	near to Tesco.		
	• Mature hedgerow at risk in order to accommodate road and footway.		
Trajectory of develo	opment		
Comments	Delivered after around 5 years, but taking 1 year to develop.		
Barriers to Delivery			
Comments	Settlement fringe area.		
	Changing character of the area.		
	Assessment required regarding capacity of bridge to accommodate		
	more traffic and construction traffic.		
	• Development would likely result in a net loss in biodiversity.		
	Setting of Ivy Farm		
	• Mature hedgerow at risk in order to accommodate road and footway.		
	Concern re impact on mature trees on site.		
Conclusion (e.g., is i	included in the theoretical capacity)		
According to the HE	LAA assessment, the site is not suitable for residential development.		

5. Land at Home Farm, The Street, Thurne

5.1. Map of site

Call for sites - December 2024 Broads Authority Land at Home Farm, The Street, Thurne 640,000 640,200 640400 640600 640800 316400 N Proposed site Thurne The Broads Loke House 316200 316200 316000 316000 Play Space ise The Stalthe Th 315800 315800 Idharbour St Edm 315600 315600 Dyke Dingle Dell School Farm 315400 315400 Boundary I Oby 100 m 0 50 Scale: 1:5,000 640200 640400 640600 640000 640800

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5.2. Photos of site



Showing the hard standing and barn.



Showing the hard standing and field.



Showing the field and old water pump.

5.3. Stakeholder comments

Stakeholder	Comments
Broads Authority Development Management Team	I dealt with two applications at the adjacent site (immediate NW) which was called Home Farm Barns (BA/2020/0103/FUL and BA/2023/0377/FUL), both refused for various reasons, the one pertinent to this proposed site being the unsustainable location. Thurne is really poorly connected and does not have a range of local services. I do not see how this site could be compliant with local or national policy, I would not expect that we could support it.
Broads Authority Heritage and Design	The site is part of a wider farmstead and as such it would be preferable if a more holistic, rather than piecemeal approach could be taken to the wider site. As well as ensuring a more consistent design approach, this would also be beneficial in terms of access etc. There have been previous applications on the adjoining site, covering the farm buildings, including application BA/2023/0377/FUL and BA/2020/0130/FUL both of which were refused.

Stakeholder	Comments
	The site is located in the centre of the attractive village of Thurne. Historic maps suggest that the oldest buildings on the wider farmstead site date from the 18 th century, with others dating from the 19 th century. It is a site of some historic significance, and the historic buildings would be considered locally identified heritage assets. The barns on the site in question are of relatively modern construction and are not of any architectural or historic significance. In terms of heritage, there may be potential for one or two dwellings, but these should be designed to be in keeping with the character of the site, so that they relate to the wider farmstead setting rather than appearing separate to it and boundary treatment to the east would need to be soft landscaped, as opposed to fencing.
Thurne Parish Council	Thurne is a small village with poor connectivity to the surrounding area, inadequate public transport, and apart from a public house and seasonal gift shop no local services or facilities. The site is not in a sustainable location and the use of private vehicles would be required for all basic day to day, and general needs. The proposal is therefore contrary to Criterion i) of the Local Plan for the Broads (2019), and the National Planning Policy Framework (2023). The area where the access track (for the proposed 3 houses) comes out onto The Street is a very busy part of Thurne: • Visitors' park both on the road and in and area to the north • 'The Street' floods during high tides • Boats are coming to and fro and being launched at the slipway • Visitors are using the public toilets • Ramblers are walking the Weaver's Way • There is Heavy Agricultural traffic going to and from arable land up the track and through Home Farm • Caravans are going to and from Home Farm site. Thurne Parish Council wish to be advised of the Highways consultation as a minimum, there is a very narrow lane to the village and no public transport with approximately 60 properties in the village the Hedera site will increase the occupation in the village by more than 16% the Parish Council would not approve of any further development of scale without the issues of access being considered and recommendations in place to deal with the impact. Thurne has significant flood issues around the dykes in the village and the Parish Council has significant concerns that until the ongoing development (Hedera House) is completed the impact on these systems will be unknown. As mentioned above the Hedera site adjacent to this area will have an additional 10 properties for a village the size of Thurne this is a significant increase without

Stakeholder	Comments	
	improved infrastructure we would not be supportive of any additional area developments without a clear plan to address these issues and a full understanding of the impact once these properties are completed. The Parish Council wish to declare their opposition to this site being included	
	within the call for sites or allocated for development.	
Norfolk County Council Heritage	Based on currently available information the above-mentioned application would not have any significant impacts on the Historic Environment in terms of below- ground archaeology.	
	If this site was to come forward as a planning application, we would not recommend conditions for archaeological work. It would be green in a RAG assessment.	
Norfolk County Council Education	This size and scale of housing is not likely to impact the existing local school based on the current forecast detail available.	
Broads Authority Landscape Architect	The suggested site seems relatively well contained within an existing field boundary, as part of a series of small parcels outside of the main larger field pattern. There are a number of PROW that run through the surrounding farmland, this would need to be a consideration if the site were to be put forward for development as there are many locations where the site could be visible. The relationship between the Church and wider landscape also need consideration, as the introduction of additional built form on The Street could change the visibility and setting of the church.	
Norfolk County Council Highways	No objection subject to creation of a suitable access with appropriate visibility. Acknowledge the similarities between the Halvergate site and the Thurne site. The Thurne site would be reliant on an existing access (subject to appropriate visibility being achieved), it is more central to the settlement and nearby to the limited facilities within the village.	
Norfolk County Council – Lead Local Flood Authority.	 Any future planning application for residential development of this site likely to be a minor due to its scale and fall outside of the LLFA remit / consultation thresholds. Part of the site (where any dwellings are likely to be situated) is located within Flood Zone 1 but Flood Zones 2 and 3 lie directly to the west and would affect access to the site. No on-site foul or surface water sewers. Not located within a Source Protection Zone (SPZ). No flood records on-site or within 500m. On-site: Surface water ponding / pooling within 0.1% and 1% AEP events present on site access (The Street) with surface water flowpaths and areas of surface water ponding / pooling in all three AEP events within 500m. The LLFA 	

Stakeholder	Comments
	 consider that there is potential for the presence of the surface water ponding / pooling to impact upon access into the site. Part of the site (approximately half) and its access lies within the Broads Internal Drainage Board (IDB). No onsite watercourses present. However ordinary watercourses (some within the IDB area) and an EA main river lie within the vicinity of the site (within 500m). LLFA Assessment: Moderate surface water / flooding constraints identified (particularly the fact that the access lies within FZ2/3) which will require further assessment by the Local Planning Authority (AMBER RAG)
Anglian Water Services	This location is not within a WRC catchment and therefore would require a private sewerage treatment solution such as a package treatment plant, subject to the EA general binding rules or permit. Anglian Water is investigating a first-time sewerage scheme opportunity in the vicinity, but nothing is confirmed at this stage. There is a water main located along The Street. There are no AW assets within or adjoining the site.
Great Yarmouth Borough Council	 Very small village with very few services (classed as a 'Tertiary Village' village in our existing Local Plan). A pub exists (The Lion) which is open Thursday-Sunday, and a gift shop (which is likely to be seasonal). A limited number of additional facilities are available across other smaller villages such as Repps and Rollesby, however are between 3 and 5km away and on mostly unlit, national speed limit roads and without footways. Bus services are also very infrequent. Public rights of way exists around the site, however these only connect to the surrounding roads which remain unlit and are of national limit grade. Therefore, there is likely to be greater reliance upon the car over other more sustainable modes. The site falls within the Rollesby Primary School Catchment. The latest pupil roll forecasting we have obtained from NCC indicates that there will remain some capacity at Rollesby Primary School over the next five years when taking into account projected growth. The main access to the site is within FRZ2
Broads Authority Ecologist	We are aware that this site has high biodiversity value, with protected species including nesting barn owl a Schedule 1 breeding bird and kestrels (amber listed in birds of conservation) using the site. Slow worm a priority action plan, section 41 species for conservation is also nearby and potentially uses the site. All these species are protected under the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981. There should be no net loss of Section 41 species or habitats and connecting semi natural habitats should be retained and enhanced.

Stakeholder	Comments
	Any development may have potential impacts on European designated sites, namely the Broadland SPA located less than 500 meters to the Northwest.
	This site is therefore <u>NOT</u> considered appropriate for development due to the potential for significant impacts on biodiversity. Development would likely result in a net loss in biodiversity.

5.4. Site assessment

Planning history:

Application number	Description	Decision	Date
BA/2020/0103/FUL	3 no. barn conversions to dwellings with associated garages, parking & gardens. Demolition of 3 existing barn buildings.	Refused mainly on marketing and lack of key services grounds.	06 Jul 2020
BA/1991/0052/HISTAP	Renewal of planning permission no. 6/88/1385/F for use of a portacabin as a shop	Approve Subject to Conditions	29 Jul 1991
BA/1988/3282/HISTAP	Erection of portacabin for use as shop	Unknown Historical App Decision	24 Sep 1988
BA/2000/0643/HISTAP	Renewal of planning permission no.06/97/0423/BF for use of portacabin as shop	Approve Subject to Conditions	20 Sep 2000
BA/1997/0442/HISTAP	Renewal of planning permission no. 06/94/0655/BF for use of portacabin as shop	Approve Subject to Conditions	24 Jun 1997
BA/1994/0286/HISTAP	Renewal of planning permission 06/91/0609/BF for use of portacabin as shop	Approve Subject to Conditions	01 Sep 1994

Site address: Land at Home Farm, The Street, Thurne		
Current planning status e.g., with permission, allocated, suggested through the Call for Sites etc.	Suggested through December 2024 call for sites. A scheme for barn conversions was refused due to lack of marketing and lack of key services and facilities in the area.	
Site Size (hectares)	0.24 hectares	
Greenfield / Brownfield	Greenfield and brownfield	
Ownership (if known) (private/public etc.)	Private	
Absolute Constraints Check		
Is the site in a		
SPA, SAC, SSSI or Ramsar	No (SSSI Impact Zone)	
National Nature Reserve	No	

Ancient Woodland		No
Flood risk zone 3b		No - Flood zone 1 according to SFRA, but access is
		flood zone 3 and a small part to the west is flood
		zone 2.
Scheduled Ancient	Monument	No
Statutory Allotment	S	No
Locally Designated	Green Space	No
At risk from Coastal	Erosion	No
If yes to any of the a	bove, site will be exc	luded from further assessment.
Development Poten	tial	
(number of dwellings, he	ectares of employment l	and or town centre use floor space):
3 dwellings.		
Density calculator		12.5 dwellings per hectare
Suitability Assessme	ent	
Constraint	Score	Comments
	red/amber/green	
Access to site		There is direct access from the public highway. There is
		an existing agricultural access which might need to be
		upgraded to allow an improved access. Suitable
		visibility required.
		Access to site in flood zone 3.
Accessibility to		No key services.
local services and		
facilities		
Utilities Capacity		This location is not within a WRC catchment and
		therefore would require a private sewerage treatment
		solution such as a package treatment plant, subject to
		the EA general binding rules or permit.
Utilities		Overhead wires near the site.
Infrastructure		
Contamination and		Part is greenfield so likely no concerns. Part is
ground stability		brownfield land but agent says only been used for
		storage.
Flood Risk		Flood zone 1 according to SFRA, but access is flood zone
Constal Charge		3 and a small part to the west is flood zone 2.
Coastal Change		Other then limited consists and facilities results have
Market		Other than limited services and facilities nearby, has
Attractiveness		potential to be attractive as a place to visit and live as it
Impost	- Coore	is an area in the Broads
Impact	Score	Comments
	red/amber/green	

Nationally and		There may be potential for one or two dwellings, but
Locally Significant		these should be designed to be in keeping with the
Landscapes		character of the site, so that they relate to the wider
Townscape		farmstead setting rather than appearing separate to it
		and boundary treatment to the east would need to be
		soft landscaped, as opposed to fencing. There are trees
		and hedgerow on the southern boundary which would
		not need to be removed as part of the proposal.
Biodiversity and		This site has high biodiversity value, with protected
Geodiversity		species including nesting barn owl a Schedule 1
Ceduversity		breeding bird and kestrels (amber listed in birds of
		conservation) using the site. Slow worm a priority
		action plan, section 41 species for conservation is also
		nearby and potentially uses the site. All these species
		are protected under the Wildlife and Countryside Act
		1981. Development would likely result in a net loss in
		biodiversity. There are trees and hedgerow on the
		southern boundary which would not need to be
		removed as part of the proposal.
Historic		It is a site of some historic significance, and the historic
Environment		buildings would be considered locally identified heritage
		assets. Introduction of additional built form on The
		Street could change the visibility and setting of the
		church. Old fashioned water pump in field. If this site
		was to come forward as a planning application we
		would not recommend conditions for archaeological work.
Open Space		
Transport and		No objection subject to creation of a suitable access
Roads		with appropriate visibility. Potential concern from
		Parish Council regarding the cumulative highways
		impact of this site and the neighbouring site that is
		being developed for 16 units.
Compatibility with		There is residential nearby.
neighbouring /		
adjoining uses		
Local Plan Designations (add further lines as required)		
Designation	Policy reference	Comments
None		
-	ent (will require lia	aison with landowners)
Is the site being		
marketed?	No	
Add any detail as		
necessary (e.g., where,		

by whom, how much			
for etc.)			
When might the	Immediately	\checkmark	
site be available	Within 5	\checkmark	
for development	years		
(tick as	5-10 years		
appropriate)	10-15 years		
	15-20 years		
	Comments:		
Estimated annual build out rate		Agent says will take up to 2 years to complete, so 1.5	
(including justification):		dwellings per year is presumed.	
Comments	Agent says will	take up to 2 years to complete.	
Achievability (including viability)			
Comments	Agent says 'The site is owned by NCC County Farms and there are no known		
	abnormal costs to developing the site for housing. If the site were allocated		
	for development, NCC development partners could seek planning permission for housing and construct the new homes within a 1-2 year		
	period'.		
Overcoming Constra	aints		
Comments • Access to site in flood zone 3.			
	Creation of a suitable access with appropriate visibility		
	 Potential concern regarding the cumulative highways impact of this site 		
	 and the neighbouring site that is being developed for 16 units. No key services. Would require a private sewerage treatment solution such as a package 		
	treatment plant, subject to the EA general binding rules or permit.		
	 Overhead wires near the site. 		
		be in keeping with the character of the site, so that they	
	-	e wider farmstead setting rather than appearing separate to	
		dary treatment to the east would need to be soft	
		, as opposed to fencing.	
		s high biodiversity value.	
		buildings would be considered locally identified heritage	
	assets.	,	
	• If this site w	vas to come forward as a planning application we would not	
	recomment	d conditions for archaeological work.	
	Introduction	n of additional built form on The Street could change the	
		d setting of the church.	
	Old fashion	ed water pump in field.	
		cess with appropriate visibility.	
		icultural land.	
		payment likely.	
	-	te or off site mitigation.	

Trajectory of development			
Comments	Delivered immediately to 5 years, but taking 2 years to develop.		
Barriers to Delivery			
Comments	Access to services.		
	Grade 2 agricultural land.		
	This site has high biodiversity value.		
Conclusion (e.g., is included in the theoretical capacity)			
According to the HEI	LAA assessment, the site is not suitable for residential development.		

6. Land off Hall Lane, Postwick

6.1. Map of site

Call for sites - December 2024 **Broads** Postwick Hall, Hall Lane, Postwick, Norwich, NR13 5HQ Authorit 629400 629600 629200 629800 The Broads 308200 308200 Proposed site 308000 308000 Postwick 307800 307800 307600 307600 The Grange Barn Brui 307400 307400 Postwick arsh Poplar Cottage Colts Lodge Hall Farm Poplar 307,200 Cottage 307/200 Msoad gool ma 0 Scale: 1:5,000 П 11 1 629200 629400 629600 629800

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6.2. Photos of site





Looking west along Hall Lane – site is on the left.

Showing the site, taken from the north east corner.



Showing the eastern boundary of the site. Oaks Lane, with the site to the right of the picture.

Stakeholder	Comments	
Broads	Postwick is not in a sustainable location, it lacks a shop or any basic service. All it	
Authority	appears to have in its favour is that over 1km away is a park and ride. This does not	
Development	meet local planning policy standards and can only be considered an unsustainable	

Stakeholder	Comments
Management Team	 location. It may be close to the edge of a city, but the separation is enough to make a private vehicle necessity for residents. On the plus side they are not looking to remove the existing woodland and are seeking to provide additional woodland. However, this would be with a housing development between the two which fragments the habitat. Also the human presence in the centre would lessen its value. There is possible justification for the location of development in terms of it being opposite existing housing, but there could be pressure for further housing to the south and to the west. That being said, this site would distort the compact shape of the existing settlement.
Broads Authority Heritage and Design	The southern part of the site is within an area where cropmarks of medieval and post medieval field systems and a possible undated trackway have been found (see <u>Norfolk HER record</u>) and this may be considered a constraint. Postwick House, which sits opposite the site would also be considered a locally identified heritage asset, the setting of which should be considered. In terms of design, the site is outside the established area of settlement. Although there are a number of dwellings further to the south along Oaks lane, these are situated on the eastern side of the road and the distinction between the built up area to the east and the surrounding landscape to the west is very clear. I would therefore prefer not to see development encroaching on to the western side of the road. It would be out of keeping with the prevailing settlement pattern in the vicinity.
Postwick with Witton Parish Council	 After careful consideration of the proposal, the Council would like to outline the following concerns: 1. The proposed development has been deemed unacceptable by the Council due to its location -: a. The site access is via single lane country roads b. No hard pavements or pedestrian segregation from traffic along single lane roads c. Drainage issues and also crosses a drainage ditch d. Poor visibility at Hall Lane with conflict with heavy plant and farm machinery coupled with the increase in other types of diverse commercial activities at Hall Farm 2. There has been a significant increase in traffic and size of farm vehicles over the last few years which this development will exacerbate. There is still existing planning permission for a nearby wedding venue which, if it recommences, raises significant concerns regarding road safety and congestion.

Stakeholder	Comments		
	 The proposed development will disrupt the green corridor down Oaks Lane, necessitating a thorough ecological survey to assess potential impacts on local wildlife both during construction and after. There are no community benefits stemming from this proposal, which raises concerns about its alignment with the interests of existing residents. The rural character of our village is at risk of being compromised. Given the location's prominence and elevation, it is crucial to maintain green space and rural access, especially in the countryside. Considerable housing growth has already occurred in our parish (more than 200%); therefore, there is an urgent need to explore options for the Broads Authority's 58 houses in more suitable locations. Discussions have highlighted the Broadland flood risk, making this proposal inappropriate until outstanding concerns are adequately addressed. Concerns regarding flood risk especially given the experience of the previous development and the inadequacy of drainage ditches etc – flooding issues still not fully addressed with the dwellings and road still occurring. It should be noted that while the proposed site is not designated as ecological land, it does possess ecological value that should not be overlooked. An independent assessment carried out as part of the Neighbourhood Plan has indicated an 'amber' rating for the site; points from this assessment can be shared for further consideration. There is also discussion surrounding whether the proposed development focuses solely on social housing, which must be clarified to understand its impact fully. The Council also wants to highlight that the existing permissive pathways on the site plans (some of which are shingle) should not be labelled as a public cycle route or walkway. The development is in conflict with the emerging Neighbourhood Plan of which the draft has been recently submitted.<!--</td-->		
Norfolk County Council Heritage	Conditions for a programme of archaeological work starting with trial trenching. Rated amber.		
Norfolk County Council Education	General Comments, on sites of less than 20 proposed dwellings The other sites are deemed suitable to support the existing schools the communities serve and will promote and support the sustainability of the schools in close proximity. Consideration of the impact on walking and cycle routes should be achieved in order to support sustainable modes of transport and reduce families using their motor car where possible.		
Broads Authority	I have reviewed this site for 5 residential dwellings, I wouldn't be keen on this due to potential landscape impact, I can see from the plan attached that the suggested		

Stakeholder	Comments	
Landscape Architect	access would be off Hall Lane and that the development would be somewhat surrounded by new woodland planting. However, I don't think this sits well with the landscape context, and although this could be around potential direct impact on the existing trees and hedgerows, it would create a somewhat isolated development that wouldn't relate in anyway to the existing development pattern.	
Norfolk County Council Highways	Highway Objection to the proposed allocation. The highway network is not of a standard to support further development.	
Norfolk County Council – Lead Local Flood Authority.	 Any future planning application for residential development of this site likely to be a minor due to its scale and fall outside of the LLFA remit / consultation thresholds. Site located within Flood Zone 1 but close to Flood Zones 2 and 3. Adjacent to foul water sewers. Located within a Source Protection Zone 2 (SPZ). No flood records on-site or within 500m. On-site: Surface water flowpath within all three AEP events present where site access likely with areas of surface water ponding / pooling and flowpaths in all three AEP events within 500m of the proposed site. Site not within but in close vicinity to the Broads Internal Drainage Board (IDB). No onsite watercourses or any off-site within the vicinity of the site (within 500m). LLFA Assessment: Moderate surface water / flooding constraints identified (which will require further assessment by the Local Planning Authority (AMBER RAG) 	
Anglian Water Services	This site is within the catchment for Whitlingham WRC. There is a growth scheme to increase dry weather flow headroom in AMP8 (2025-30) at Whitlingham identified in our Business Plan – we received final determination of our plan by Ofwat on 19 December 2024 – the date for Anglian Water's formal response to the determination is 18 th February 2025. Factoring in existing commitments, there is no available headroom at the WRC until the growth scheme is delivered and we would recommend a pre-occupancy clause is attached to any grant of permission to ensure development is not occupied until this time. There are AW assets within and adjoining the site. A rising main is located within the eastern boundary of the site. A water main and sewer adjoining the eastern boundary and sewer to the northern boundary. There are easements for many of our underground assets, and the design and layout should ensure that these assets are within public open space or roads and not built over or in private gardens, so that maintenance and repairs can be carried out when necessary.	

Stakeholder	Comments	
Broads	From aerial photographs the proposed development site appears to be an area of	
Authority	undeveloped marsh (needs confirming), therefore there would be a loss of priority	
Ecologist	habitat and associated species.	
	The area is within the Yare Broads and Marshes SSSI impact zone.	
	Potential nutrient issues affecting Postwick marshes network of ditches in close vicinity if housing not on mains sewage.	
	Existing hedgerows, trees and woodlands should be conserved and enhanced.	
	There should be no net loss of priority habitats, therefore we do not support this site being developed for housing.	

Site address: Land off Hall Lane, Postwick			
Current planning status e.g., with permission, allocated, suggested through the Call for Sites etc.		Suggested through December 2024 call for sites. BA consulted on this as part of potential allocation for Neighbourhood Plan. Also considered as part of emerging Neighbourhood Plan.	
Site Size (hectares)		0.72 hectares	
Greenfield / Brownf	ield	Greenfield – arable	
Ownership (if known (private/public etc.)	n)	Private	
Absolute Constraint	s Check		
Is the site in a			
SPA, SAC, SSSI or Ra	msar	No (SSSI Impact Zone)	
National Nature Res	erve	No	
Ancient Woodland		No	
Flood risk zone 3b		No - Flood zone 1 according to SFRA	
Scheduled Ancient Monument		No	
Statutory Allotment	S	No	
Locally Designated 0	Green Space	No	
At risk from Coastal	Erosion	No	
If yes to any of the a	If yes to any of the above, site will be excluded from further assessment.		
Development Poten	tial		
number of dwellings, hectares of employment land or town centre use floor space):			
5 dwellings.			
Density calculator 6.9		6.9 dwellings per hectare	
Suitability Assessment			
Constraint	Score red/amber/green	Comments	

Access to site	with heavy plant and farm	with potential for conflict n machinery coupled with the diverse commercial activities
	There is still existing plan wedding venue which, if i significant concerns regar congestion.	
	Highway Objection to the highway network is not of development.	proposed allocation. The f a standard to support further
Accessibility to local services and facilities	1.3km to the Postwick Par services in the village.	rk and Ride. No other key
Utilities Capacity	headroom at the WRC un delivered and we would r	ecommend a pre-occupancy grant of permission to ensure
Utilities Infrastructure	site with the road. There are AW assets with rising main is located with the site. A water main and boundary and sewer to th are easements for many of the design and layout sho are within public open spa or in private gardens, so t can be carried out when r	zone. Outer zone from gas
Contamination and ground stability		
Flood Risk		elements of surface water rn boundary. Drainage ditch
Coastal Change		
Market Attractiveness		es and facilities nearby, has as a place to visit and live as it

Impact	Score	Comments	
•	red/amber/green		
Nationally and		Mature trees and hedges.	
Locally Significant	There could be pressure for further housing to the		
Landscapes		south and to the west.	
Townscape		This site would distort the compact shape of the	
		existing settlement.	
		I would therefore prefer not to see development	
		encroaching on to the western side of the road. It	
		would be out of keeping with the prevailing settlement	
		pattern in the vicinity.	
		Does not sit well with the landscape context, and	
		although this could be around potential direct impact	
		on the existing trees and hedgerows, it would create a	
		somewhat isolated development that wouldn't relate in	
		any way to the existing development pattern.	
		Existing hedgerows, trees and woodlands should be	
		conserved and enhanced.	
Biodiversity and		The housing development could fragment the habitat.	
Geodiversity		Existing hedgerows, trees and woodlands should be	
		conserved and enhanced.	
		Potential loss of priority habitat and associated species.	
Historic		The southern part of the site is within an area where	
Environment		cropmarks of medieval and post medieval field systems	
		and a possible undated trackway have been found (see	
		Norfolk HER record) and this may be considered a	
		constraint. Postwick House, which sits opposite the site	
		would also be considered a locally identified heritage	
		asset, the setting of which should be considered.	
		Conditions for a programme of archaeological work	
		starting with trial trenching	
Open Space			
Transport and		Highway Objection to the proposed allocation. The	
Roads		highway network is not of a standard to support further	
		development.	
Compatibility with			
neighbouring /			
adjoining uses Local Plan Designations (add further lines as required)			
Designation Policy reference Comments			
None	i oncy reference	Comments	
	ent (will require li	aison with landowners)	
Is the site being			
marketed?	No		

Add any detail as necessary (e.g., where, by whom, how much for etc.)ImmediatelyWhen might the site be availableImmediatelyWithin 5 years✓for development (tick as5-10 years			
by whom, how much for etc.)ImmediatelyWhen might the site be availableImmediatelyWithin 5 years✓			
for etc.)When might the site be availableImmediatelyWithin 5 years✓			
site be available Within 5 for development years			
for development years			
(tick as 5-10 years			
appropriate) 10-15 years			
15-20 years			
Comments:			
Estimated annual build out rate Agent says will take up to 1 years to complete, so 5			
(including justification): dwellings per year is presumed.			
Comments Agent says will take up to 1 year to complete.			
Achievability (including viability)			
Comments Agent says 'The proposer is the landowner (or the owner of Postwick H	Iall		
Farm) and he is willing to make the plot available as soon as possible a	fter		
any harvesting of the crop on the arable part of the site. His business v	vould		
build-out the site and he is a very experienced small developer. He bel	ieves		
that there is a strong demand for the units being proposed as there is	а		
great need for modest dwellings and for single storey. There are no			
particular physical constraints on the site itself'.			
Overcoming Constraints			
• Poor visibility at Hall Lane with potential for conflict with heavy pla			
and farm machinery coupled with the increase in other types of div	/erse		
commercial activities at Hall Farm.			
 There is still existing planning permission for a nearby wedding ver 			
which, if it recommences, raises significant concerns regarding roa safety and congestion.	d		
 Highway Objection to the proposed allocation. The highway netwo 	rk is		
not of a standard to support further development.			
Lack of key services	Lack of key services		
 Factoring in existing commitments, there is no available headroom 	at		
the WRC until the growth scheme is delivered and we would			
recommend a pre-occupancy clause is attached to any grant of			
permission to ensure development is not occupied until this time.			
Cables overhead	Cables overhead		
 Conditions for a programme of archaeological work starting with the trenching 			
 There are AW assets within and adjoining the site 			
 HSE pipeline consultation zone. Outer zone from gas pipe to/from 			
Bacton terminal.			
Consider drainage ditch			

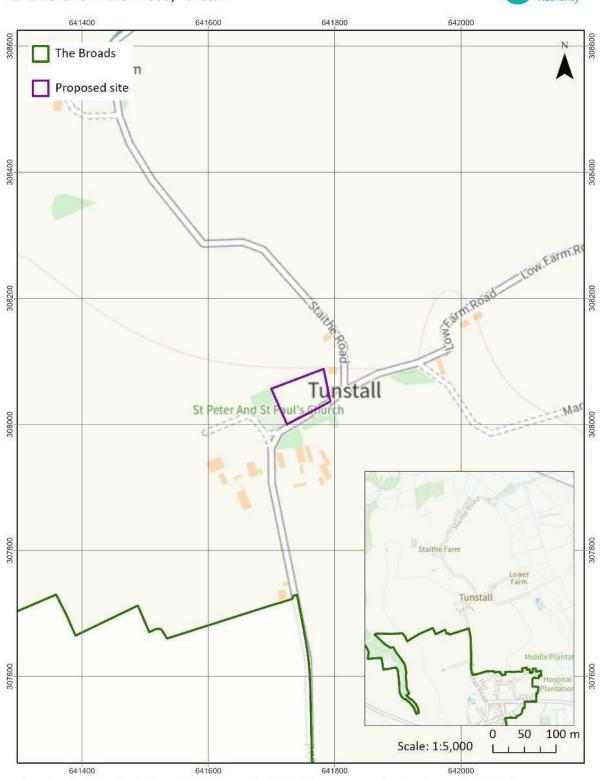
	Some surface water	
	 Does not sit well with the landscape context, 	
	 Existing hedgerows, trees and woodlands should be conserved and enhanced. 	
	 Potential loss of priority habitat and associated species. 	
	 Cropmarks of medieval and post medieval field systems 	
	Locally identified heritage asset.	
	Highways objection.	
Trajectory of develo	pment	
Comments	Delivered after around 5 years, but taking 1 year to develop.	
Barriers to Delivery		
Comments	Access to services.	
	Highways objection.	
	Landscape impact.	
Conclusion (e.g., is in	ncluded in the theoretical capacity)	
According to the HEL	AA assessment, the site is not suitable for residential development.	

7. Land north of Marsh Road, Tunstall

7.1. Map of site

Call for sites - December 2024 Land north of Marsh Road, Tunstall





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7.2. Photos of site



Looking north, showing the site from site entrance.



Church on the west boundary of the site.



Looking east along the road.



Entrance to the site from the road.

Stakeholder	Comments
Broads Authority Development	This is not a sustainable location and meets no basic requirement in terms of accessibility and services.
Management Team	Tunstall Road is a narrow and without any formal passing places, so access is poor. The agricultural land is Grade 2 and should be protected.
	I do not see how we support development at this location
Broads Authority	The site sits immediately adjacent to the Halvergate and Tunstall Conservation Area on three sides. It is also directly adjacent to the east of the grade II* listed church of St Peter and St Paul, as well as being in close proximity to locally listed

Stakeholder	Comments
Heritage and Design	structures such as the K6 telephone kiosk opposite. The setting of these designated and non-designated heritage assets would need to be considered. Although no finds are identified on the site (on the Norfolk HER), it would be reasonable to assume that the site could be of archaeological interest (it may be worth checking with the County?).
	Officers would have great concerns regarding the proposal for the development of three dwellings on this site. There are key views of the church from the east and the relatively isolated setting of the church is considered to contribute to its significance. This would be eroded with residential development on the proposed site.
Halvergate Parish Council	Regarding the two sites put forward in Tunstall, Halvergate and Tunstall parish council are supportive of including both sites in the Broads Authority's proposed development plan. The council has specific comments/conditions, but it understands these can be addressed if and when a planning application is submitted.
Norfolk County Council Heritage	Conditions for a programme of archaeological work starting with trial trenching. Rated amber.
Norfolk County	General Comments, on sites of less than 20 proposed dwellings
Council Education	The other sites are deemed suitable to support the existing schools the communities serve and will promote and support the sustainability of the schools in close proximity. Consideration of the impact on walking and cycle routes should be achieved in order to support sustainable modes of transport and reduce families using their motor car where possible.
Broads Authority Landscape Architect	I have reviewed this site for 3 residential dwellings. I can see there could be some logic in 'annexing' the southern end of the field, and this would unlikely have significant overall impacts on the wider field pattern. However, the main sensitivities here are the proximity to the church and its landscape setting (which is not only a heritage issue but a landscape one too) and that of PROW in the vicinity which would be impacted by any development in this location, due to the current level of openness of the landscape. I don't believe this location could accommodate development without negative/adverse impacts on both the landscape setting associated with the church (and physical landscape features such as large mature trees), and views from long distance footpaths (Halvergate FP1 in particular). I therefore wouldn't support the inclusion of this site.
Norfolk County Council Highways	Highway Objection to the proposed allocation. The highway network is not of a standard to support further development.

Stakeholder	Comments	
Norfolk County Council – Lead Local Flood Authority.	 Any future planning application for residential development of this site likely to be a minor due to its scale and fall outside of the LLFA remit / consultation thresholds. Site located within Flood Zone 1. No on-site foul or surface water sewers. Not located within a Source Protection Zone (SPZ). No flood records on-site or within 500m. On-site: Small area of surface water ponding / pooling within 0.1% AEP event present Off-site: Small areas of surface water ponding / pooling in all three AEP events within 500m. Small ponds also showing within vicinity of site on mapping. Site not located within the Broads Internal Drainage Board (IDB). No onsite watercourses or any off-site within the vicinity of the site (within 500m). LLFA Assessment: No major surface water issues / constraints identified (Green RAG) 	
Anglian Water Services	This location is not within a WRC catchment and therefore would require a private sewerage treatment solution such as a package treatment plant, subject to the EA's general binding rules or permit. There is a water main adjoining the southern boundary of the site, as our underground assets are often located in roadside verges. There are easements for many of our underground assets, and the design and layout should ensure that these assets are within public open space or roads and not built over or in private gardens, so that maintenance and repairs can be carried out when necessary.	
Broads Authority Ecologist	A Habitats Regulation Assessment will apply due to potential impacts of the proposal on European designated sites, namely the Broadland SPA located some 600m to the East of the proposed development. Ecological assessments will be required to assess the impact of sites on habitats and species, and to help mitigate potential impacts of the development proposal. From the information provided the site appears to be currently in arable production. Existing hedgerows and trees should be retained and enhanced. We would expect Biodiversity net gain to be implemented on site within this sensitive locality close to the Broads European designated SAC and SPA. Biodiversity enhancements including tree and hedgerow planting should be incorporated into the proposal to improve habitat connectivity and provide wildlife corridors. Some localised increase in recreational disturbance to designated sites.	

	Site address: Lan	d north of Marsh Road, Tunstall
Current planning status e.g., with permission, allocated, suggested through the Call for Sites etc.		Suggested through December 2024 call for sites.
Site Size (hectares)		0.47 hectares
Greenfield / Brown	field	Greenfield – arable
Ownership (if know (private/public etc.)	/n)	Private
Absolute Constrain	ts Check	
Is the site in a		
SPA, SAC, SSSI or Ra	amsar	No (SSSI Impact Zone)
National Nature Re	serve	No
Ancient Woodland		No
Flood risk zone 3b		No - Flood zone 1 according to SFRA
Scheduled Ancient	Monument	No
Statutory Allotmen	ts	No
Locally Designated	Green Space	No
At risk from Coasta	l Erosion	No
If yes to any of the above, site will be exclu		uded from further assessment.
Development Poter	ntial	
(number of dwellings, h	ectares of employment la	nd or town centre use floor space):
3 dwellings.		
Density calculator	6	5.38 dwellings per hectare
Suitability Assessm	ent	
Constraint	Score	Comments
	red/amber/green	
Access to site		Highway Objection to the proposed allocation. The
		highway network is not of a standard to support further
		development. Tunstall Road is a narrow and without
		any formal passing places, so access is poor.
Accessibility to		1.3km to bus stop. Country roads with no footways. No
local services and		other key services nearby.
facilities		
Utilities Capacity		This location is not within a WRC catchment and
		therefore would require a private sewerage treatment
		solution such as a package treatment plant, subject to
		the EA's general binding rules or permit.
Utilities		There are easements for many of Anglian water
Infrastructure		underground assets, and the design and layout should
		ensure that these assets are within public open space or
		roads and not built over or in private gardens, so that

		maintenance and repairs can be carried out when
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
<u> </u>		necessary. Overhead lines at northern edge of site.
Contamination and		
ground stability		
Flood Risk		In flood zone 1, but some elements of surface water
		flood risk on site.
Coastal Change		
Market		Other than limited services and facilities nearby, has
Attractiveness		potential to be attractive as a place to visit and live as it
		is an area in the Broads
Impact	Score	Comments
	red/amber/green	
Nationally and		Do not believe this location could accommodate
Locally Significant		development without negative/adverse impacts on
Landscapes		both the landscape setting associated with the church
Townscape		(and physical landscape features such as large mature
·		trees), and views from long distance footpaths
		(Halvergate FP1 in particular).
Biodiversity and		Existing hedgerows and trees should be retained and
Geodiversity		enhanced. Some localised increase in recreational
Geodiversity		disturbance to designated sites.
Historic		Listed church to the west of the site. There are key
Environment		views of the church from the east and the relatively
Linnonment		isolated setting of the church is considered to
		contribute to its significance. This would be eroded with
		-
		residential development on the proposed site.
		Conditions for a programme of archaeological work
		starting with trial trenching.
Open Space		
Transport and		Highway Objection to the proposed allocation. The
Roads		highway network is not of a standard to support further
		development.
Compatibility with		Other than the church the neighbouring uses are
neighbouring /		residential and agricultural.
adjoining uses		
Local Plan Designati	ons (add further lir	nes as required)
Designation	Policy reference	Comments
None		
Availability Assessm	ent (will require lia	aison with landowners)
Is the site being		
marketed?	No	
Add any detail as		
necessary (e.g., where,		

by whom, how much			
for etc.)			
When might the	Immediately		
site be available	Within 5	\checkmark	
for development	years		
(tick as	5-10 years		
appropriate)	10-15 years		
	15-20 years		
	Comments:		
Estimated annual bu	uild out rate	Agent says will take up to 1 year to complete, so 3	
(including justification	on):	dwellings per year is presumed.	
Comments	Agent says will	take up to 1 year to complete.	
Achievability (inclue	ling viability)		
Comments	Agent says 'We	do not anticipate any abnormal constraints on the site. The	
	site is in a good	location that would be attractive to potential purchasers.	
	The developme	nt of the site would form a natural infill to this part of the	
	settlement. The	e site is available now and deliverable within the next 1 to 2	
	years'.		
Overcoming Constra	aints		
Comments		ural land is Grade 2 and should be protected.	
comments	 Highway Objection to the proposed allocation. 		
	 No key services. 		
	 Would require a private sewerage treatment solution such as a package 		
	treatment p		
		asements for many of Anglian Water underground assets,	
		ign and layout should ensure that these assets are within	
		space or roads and not built over or in private gardens, so	
		nance and repairs can be carried out when necessary.	
		nes at northern edge of site.	
		ents of surface water flood risk on site.	
	 Negative/adverse impacts on both the landscape setting associated with 		
	. .	(and physical landscape features such as large mature trees),	
		rom long distance footpaths (Halvergate FP1 in particular).	
		Igerows and trees should be retained and enhanced.	
	 There are key views of the church from the east and the relatively 		
	isolated setting of the church is considered to contribute to its		
		. This would be eroded with residential development on the	
	proposed si	-	
		for a programme of archaeological work starting with trial	
	trenching.		
	-	bayment likely.	
	-	te or off-site mitigation.	
Trajectory of develo			

Comments	Delivered after around 5 years, but taking 1 year to develop.		
Barriers to Delivery			
Comments	Highway Objection to the proposed allocation.		
	No key services.		
	Negative impact on landscape character.		
	Negative impact on church and setting.		
	Grade 2 agricultural land		
Conclusion (e.g., is	included in the theoretical capacity)		
According to the HE	LAA assessment, the site is not suitable for residential development.		

Land south of Marsh Road, Tunstall 8.

8.1. Map of site

Call for sites - December 2024



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8.2. Photos of site



Access to the site from the road.



The track to the buildings and some farm buildings



Looking north back towards the road from the farm.



Looking towards farm buildings to the west.



The north east corner, looking south west.



Open part of the site, just along the track from the road.



Buildings to the west of the site.

Wooden border of the site with the road.

Stakeholder	Comments		
Broads	This is not a sustainable location and meets no basic requirement in terms of		
Authority	accessibility and services.		
Development			
Management	Tunstall Road is a narrow and without any formal passing places, so access is poor.		
Team			
	This is a farm site surrounded by farmland. Is this site now redundant or will they		
	be needing new agricultural buildings elsewhere?		
	There is potential harm to the setting of a listed building.		
	I do not see how we support development at this location.		
Broads	The site sits within the Halvergate and Tunstall Conservation Area and is a		
Authority	farmyard which was historically likely to have been associated with the adjoining		
Heritage and	grade II listed Hall Farm House (now known as Tunstall Hall). It is located to the		
Design	south of the grade II* listed Church of St Peter and St Paul. The boundary wall		
	between the site and Tunstall Hall to the west is curtilage listed and the single		
	storey barn in the south-west corner of the site is on the Broads Authority's Local		
	List (photo 8599).		
	Given the site's location within the conservation area and in proximity to a number		
	of other designated heritage assets, I would suggest that any development would		
	have to be carefully designed and should include the retention of the locally listed		
	barn (potentially its sympathetic conversion) and preferably the retention and		
	conversion of the other 19 th century barns that run almost north-south to the west		
	of the site (in photo 8596) and also contribute to the character of the conservation		
	area, relate to the historic use of the listed Tunstall Hall (Hall Farm) – thereby		
	contributing to its significance and the wider farming heritage of the village.		

Stakeholder	Comments
Halvergate Parish Council	Regarding the two sites put forward in Tunstall, Halvergate and Tunstall parish council are supportive of including both sites in the Broads Authority's proposed development plan.
	The council has specific comments/conditions, but it understands these can be addressed if and when a planning application is submitted.
Norfolk County Council Heritage	Conditions for a programme of archaeological work starting with trial trenching. Amber rating.
Norfolk County	General Comments, on sites of less than 20 proposed dwellings
Council Education	The other sites are deemed suitable to support the existing schools the communities serve and will promote and support the sustainability of the schools in close proximity. Consideration of the impact on walking and cycle routes should be achieved in order to support sustainable modes of transport and reduce families using their motor car where possible.
Broads Authority Landscape Architect	In terms of the land to the south, it appears this is far less sensitive, in terms of the proximity to the setting of the church and PROW. Though there are a number of physical landscape features such as trees and possibly hedgerows that would warrant protection, it appears that this location could accommodate some development without negative/adverse impacts.
	If allocated, the height of any development and layout would need to be key considerations to ensure any development would read as a small group of buildings (similar to that of farm buildings etc) rather than a block of housing, in particular as viewed from Halvergate FP11. The overall sensitivity of this footpath is likely to be less than those to the north, as this connects though fields between the hamlet at Tunstall and larger settlement at Halvergate and is far less isolated. However, any visual impact would still need to be carefully considered and managed through the appropriate placement of built form, careful consideration of boundary treatments etc and the use of well placed trees or landscape measures to help assimilate any development into the location.
Norfolk County Council Highways	Highway Objection to the proposed allocation. The highway network is not of a standard to support further development.
Norfolk County Council – Lead Local Flood Authority.	 Any future planning application for residential development of this site likely to be a minor due to its scale and fall outside of the LLFA remit / consultation thresholds. Site located within Flood Zone 1. No on-site foul or surface water sewers. Not located within a Source Protection Zone (SPZ). No flood records on-site or within 500m.

Stakeholder	Comments		
	 On-site: Small area of surface water ponding / pooling within 0.1% AEP event present. Off-site: Small areas of surface water ponding / pooling in all three AEP events within 500m. Small pond also showing on site on mapping. Site not located within the Broads Internal Drainage Board (IDB). No onsite watercourses or any off-site within the vicinity of the site (within 500m). LLFA Assessment: No major surface water issues / constraints identified (Green RAG) 		
Anglian Water Services	This location is not within a WRC catchment and therefore would require a private sewerage treatment solution such as a package treatment plant, subject to the EA's general binding rules or permit.		
Broads Authority Ecologist	The site appears to be an existing farm, with buildings potentially supporting protected species such as bats and barn owls. The site would provide excellent access for these species to the wider countryside for feeding and breeding opportunities.		
	There are mature trees and hedgerows on site, which can support nesting birds as well as bat roosts, and feeding and commuting networks for bats		
	Due to the high likelihood of protected species using this site, and the importance of retaining historic roost / nesting sites we do not support this site for future development.		

Site address: Land south of Marsh Road, Tunstall		
Current planning status e.g., with permission, allocated, suggested through the Call for Sites etc.	Suggested through December 2024 call for sites.	
Site Size (hectares)	0.74 hectares	
Greenfield / Brownfield	Brownfield and greenfield. Agent says the barns would be converted: 'Conversion of existing barns to residential use. There are a number of barns, both modern and traditional. It would be the aim to convert the traditional barns for residential use'.	
Ownership (if known) (private/public etc.)	Private	
Absolute Constraints Check		
Is the site in a		
SPA, SAC, SSSI or Ramsar	No (SSSI Impact Zone)	
National Nature Reserve	No	

Ancient Woodland		Νο
Flood risk zone 3b		No - Flood zone 1 according to SFRA
Scheduled Ancient Monument		No
Statutory Allotments		No
, Locally Designated (No
At risk from Coastal	-	No
If yes to any of the a	bove, site will be exc	luded from further assessment.
Development Poten		
(number of dwellings, he	ectares of employment la	and or town centre use floor space):
4 dwellings.		
Density calculator		5.4 dwellings per hectare
Suitability Assessme	ent	
Constraint	Score	Comments
	red/amber/green	
Access to site		Highway Objection to the proposed allocation. The
		highway network is not of a standard to support further
		development. Tunstall Road is a narrow and without
		any formal passing places, so access is poor. Public
		footpath to east of the site.
Accessibility to		1.3km to bus stop. Country roads with no footways. No
local services and		other key services nearby.
facilities		
Utilities Capacity		This location is not within a WRC catchment and
		therefore would require a private sewerage treatment
		solution such as a package treatment plant, subject to
		the EA's general binding rules or permit.
Utilities		There are cables overhead along the boundary of the
Infrastructure		site with the road.
Contamination and		Agent says: 'The ground conditions are stable and there
ground stability		are no known contamination or potential
		contamination issues on the site'.
Flood Risk		In flood zone 1.
Coastal Change		
Market		Other than limited services and facilities nearby, has
Attractiveness		potential to be attractive as a place to visit and live as it
		is an area in the Broads
Impact	Score	Comments
	red/amber/green	
Nationally and		There are a number of physical landscape features such
Locally Significant		as trees and possibly hedgerows that would warrant
Landscapes		protection. It appears that this location could
Townscape		accommodate some development without
		negative/adverse impacts. The height of any
		development and layout would need to be key

	
	considerations to ensure any development would read
	as a small group of buildings (similar to that of farm
	buildings etc) rather than a block of housing, in
	particular as viewed from Halvergate FP11. Any visual
	impact would still need to be carefully considered and
	managed through the appropriate placement of built
	form, careful consideration of boundary treatments etc
	and the use of well-placed trees or landscape measures
	 to help assimilate any development into the location.
Biodiversity and	Area of woodland. The site appears to be an existing
Geodiversity	farm, with buildings potentially supporting protected
	species such as bats and barn owls. The site would
	provide excellent access for these species to the wider
	countryside for feeding and breeding opportunities.
	There are mature trees and hedgerows on site, which
	can support nesting birds as well as bat roosts, and
	feeding and commuting networks for bats.
Historic	The site sits within the Halvergate and Tunstall
Environment	Conservation Area and is a farmyard which was
	historically likely to have been associated with the
	adjoining grade II listed Hall Farm House (now known as
	Tunstall Hall). It is located to the south of the grade II*
	listed Church of St Peter and St Paul. Given the site's
	location within the conservation area and in proximity
	to a number of other designated heritage assets, any
	development would have to be carefully designed and
	should include the retention of the locally listed barn
	(potentially its sympathetic conversion) and preferably
	the retention and conversion of the other 19 th century
	barns that run almost north-south to the west of the
	site (in photo 8596) and also contribute to the character
	of the conservation area, relate to the historic use of
	the listed Tunstall Hall (Hall Farm). Conditions for a
	programme of archaeological work starting with trial
	trenching.
Open Space	
Transport and	Highway Objection to the proposed allocation. The
Roads	highway network is not of a standard to support further
	development. Tunstall Road is a narrow and without
	any formal passing places, so access is poor. Public
	footpath to east of the site.
Compatibility with	
neighbouring /	
adjoining uses	

Designation None Availability Assessm Is the site being marketed?	Policy reference	Comments	
Availability Assessm Is the site being			
Is the site being			
U	ent (will require l	iaison with landowners)	
marketed?			
	No		
Add any detail as			
necessary (e.g., where, by whom, how much			
for etc.)			
When might the	Immediately	\checkmark	
site be available	Within 5	\checkmark	
for development	years		
(tick as	5-10 years		
appropriate)	, 10-15 years		
	, 15-20 years		
-	Comments:		
Estimated annual bui	ild out rate	Agent says will take up to 1 year to complete, so 5	
(including justification):		dwellings per year is presumed.	
Comments	Agent says will t	ake up to 1 year to complete.	
Achievability (includ	ing viability)		
	delivery of the site. The site is in single ownership and available for gaining planning permission now and development in the short term. The dwellings would be attractive to the market, being of a design appropriate for the surroundings and appealing to a buyer looking for this sort of property'.		
Overcoming Constra	ints		
Comments	Highway Objection to the proposed allocation		
	• Tunstall Road	d is a narrow and without any formal passing places, so r.	
	•	th to east of the site.	
	No key service		
	-	is not within a WRC catchment and therefore would	
	require a priv	vate sewerage treatment solution such as a package	
		ant, subject to the EA's general binding rules or permit.	
	• There are cables overhead along the boundary of the site with the road.		
	There are a number of physical landscape features such as trees and		
		gerows that would warrant protection.	
		pact would still need to be carefully considered and	
	consideration	ough the appropriate placement of built form, careful n of boundary treatments etc and the use of well-placed scape measures to help assimilate any development into	

	 The site would provide excellent access for bats and barn owls to the wider countryside for feeding and breeding opportunities. Located within the conservation area and in proximity to a number of other designated heritage assets, any development would have to be carefully designed and should include the retention of the locally listed barn Conditions for a programme of archaeological work starting with trial 			
	 GI RAMS – payment likely. 			
	 BNG – on site or off site mitigation. 			
Trajectory of develo	pment			
Comments	Delivered after around 5 years, but taking 1 year to develop.			
Barriers to Delivery				
Comments	Highway Objection to the proposed allocation.			
	No key services.			
	Grade 2 agricultural land.			
Conclusion (e.g., is i	ncluded in the theoretical capacity)			
According to the HEI	AA assessment, the site is not suitable for residential development.			

9. Land at Broad Lane, Filby

9.1. Map of site



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Looking to the north





Looking west along Broad Lane



Showing access onto the site



Showing the eastern boundary



Looking towards the southwest corner

Looking east along Broad Lane

Stakeholder	Comments
Broads Authority Development Management Team	About two thirds of the site is in flood zone 3, and about 90% of the site is in flood zone 2. There may be a small pocket that has development potential in the northwest corner of the site, but otherwise this is a site that is susceptible to flooding and a caution should be exercised in terms of more vulnerable.
Broads Authority Heritage and Design	There are no particular heritage constraints. However, in terms of design, from mapping and aerial photographs it would seem that predominantly development in the immediate vicinity is relatively large, detached properties on substantial plots. I would therefore suggest that four properties may be too much, as a cul-de-sac form of development would be uncharacteristic. I would suggest there may be potential for a maximum of two properties in order for development to be in accordance with both our Local Plan and the Filby Neighbourhood plan, both of which require that development should reflect the prevailing characteristics of the area.
Filby Parish Council	Filby Parish Council supports the site on the basis that the site will only hold two dwellings as affordable houses as it is outside the development boundary; and wish to note that the road is unmade and cannot sustain more dwellings than the proposed two.

Stakeholder	Comments			
Norfolk County Council Heritage	Conditions for a programme of archaeological work starting with trial trenching. Amber rated.			
Norfolk County Council Education	General Comments, on sites of less than 20 proposed dwellings The other sites are deemed suitable to support the existing schools the communities serve and will promote and support the sustainability of the schools in close proximity. Consideration of the impact on walking and cycle routes should be achieved in order to support sustainable modes of transport and reduce families using their motor car where possible.			
Broads Authority Landscape Architect	I wouldn't object to allocation for two dwellings along the frontage, looks like a few trees on the site and some habitat which could be of interest – so boundaries to reflect the protection and/or enhancement of those if would fall within the allocated site area. I doubt there is any visibility from the broad and existing development in area appears to be two storey, so, providing that is along the frontage and not a back to back arrangement there should be an issue - but could put a height restriction on if there is an issue with visibility.			
Norfolk County Council Highways	We don't believe adequate visibility from Broad Lane onto the A1064 Main Road is achievable and therefore not appropriate for further development. A 2.4m setback for visibility splays is required which is not achievable to the east due to private hedge. Visibility to the west is likely to be impeded by signage and parking on a regular basis.			
Broads Authority Environment advisor	SSSI and SPA next to the site. Would need to mitigate impacts. Nutrient Enrichment and scope for Nutrient Neutrality needs to be considered as there is a history of raw sewage spills from the Filby Café waste water storage tank. Mature trees on site connect to a wildlife corridor. Dark skies over grassland habitat provide bat foraging area that would be destroyed. Deciduous woodland borders site connection to the SSSI. May be on peat rich soil as close to the predicted margin, would need survey to determine where the boundary lies.			
Norfolk County Council – Lead Local Flood Authority.	 Any future planning application for residential development of this site likely to be a minor due to its scale and fall outside of the LLFA remit / consultation thresholds. The majority of the site lies within Flood Zone 2 and 3, with only a small area of the site within Flood Zone 1 (north-east corner adjacent to Broad Lane). No on-site sewers – Foul sewers run along the boundary with Broad Lane and within the vicinity of the site. Not located within a Source Protection Zone (SPPZ). No flood records on-site. Off-site: Flood records within 500m. 			

Stakeholder	Comments
	 On-site: No surface water issues identified. Off-site: Surface water flow paths and ponding and pooling in 0.1%, 1% and 3.33% AEP events within 500m of the site. Site lies within Broads Internal Drainage Board. No onsite watercourses, however ordinary watercourses (some within the IDB area) are located within 100m. LLFA Assessment: Whilst no major surface water issues / constraints identified, the majority of the site is located within Flood Zones 2 and 3 and as such will require further assessment by the Local Planning Authority (AMBER RAG)
Essex and Suffolk Water	We do not appear to have any underground assets running through this land, but any future development would need to check this with us. The development site is very close to our land holding – Filby Broad. This is a SSSI and SAC site. As owners we are responsible for the designated features of the site and ensuring they are conserved. As such, any development this close to the protected site should be subject to the relevant environmental checks (for example, HRA) to ensure it would not be detrimental to the features of the site. Particularly relevant would be, how sewage is dealt with because the protected site already has elevated levels of N and P, and light/noise pollution which could affect bird populations. This is not an exhaustive list of considerations.
Anglian Water Services	Anglian Water is the sewerage undertaker for this location. The site is within the Caister-Pump Lane WRC catchment which has dry weather flow headroom to accommodate additional flows from this site. There is a foul sewer along Broad Lane to the northern boundary of the site. There are no AW assets within the site.
Great Yarmouth Borough Council	 Filby is a small village with a limited range of services and facilities (classed as a 'Secondary village' in our existing Local Plan). The site is within close walking distance of the primary school, shop, village hall. A public house is at the furthest extent of the village to the east, approximately 2km away. A number of bus services run along Main Road, very close to the site throughout the day and week. The close proximity of the site to the shop and school helps to reduce reliance upon the car, though access to employment opportunities (which are principally located within more higher order settlements such as Great Yarmouth or Acle are likely to mostly rely upon the car. The site falls within the Filby Primary School catchment. The latest pupil roll forecasting we have obtained from NCC indicates that the school will be overcapacity within the next five year when taking into account projected growth with no room to expand on the site. Over half of the size (along the western half and extending to the south-east corner) is indicatively in flood risk zone 3b. We would usually require further hydraulic modelling of the site to determine the actual level of flood risk.

Stakeholder	Comments
Broads Authority Ecologist	From aerial photographs the proposed development site appears to be a large area of undeveloped marsh, therefore there would be a loss of Section 41 priority habitat and associated species. The site is less than 100 metres from Filby Broad, part of the Broads Special Area of Conservation, and within the SSSI impact zone of the Trinity Broads Site of Special
	Scientific Interest. The potential for nutrient issues to impact the nearby SAC.
	Existing hedgerows and trees are present on the site, and these should be conserved and enhanced.
	There should be no net loss of priority Section 41 habitats, therefore we do not support this site being developed.

Planning history:

Application number	Description	Decision	Date
BA/2016/0129/FUL	Replacement of existing jetty with a purpose build jetty of similar size in the same location.	Approve Subject to Conditions	13 May 2016
BA/2021/0017/FUL	Enlargement of existing boat storage building and lean-to workshop.	Approve Subject to Conditions	06 Apr 2021

Site address: Land at Broad Lane, Filby		
Current planning status e.g., with permission, allocated, suggested through the Call for Sites etc.	Suggested through December 2024 call for sites. No planning application history for the site.	
Site Size (hectares)	0.39 hectares	
Greenfield / Brownfield	Greenfield.	
Ownership (if known) (private/public etc.)	Private	
Absolute Constraints Check		
Is the site in a		
SPA, SAC, SSSI or Ramsar	No (SSSI Impact Zone)	
National Nature Reserve	No	
Ancient Woodland	No	
Flood risk zone 3b	No – Some flood zone 1, most flood zone 2, indicative flood zone 3b according to SFRA but allocation could reflect this.	
Scheduled Ancient Monument	No	

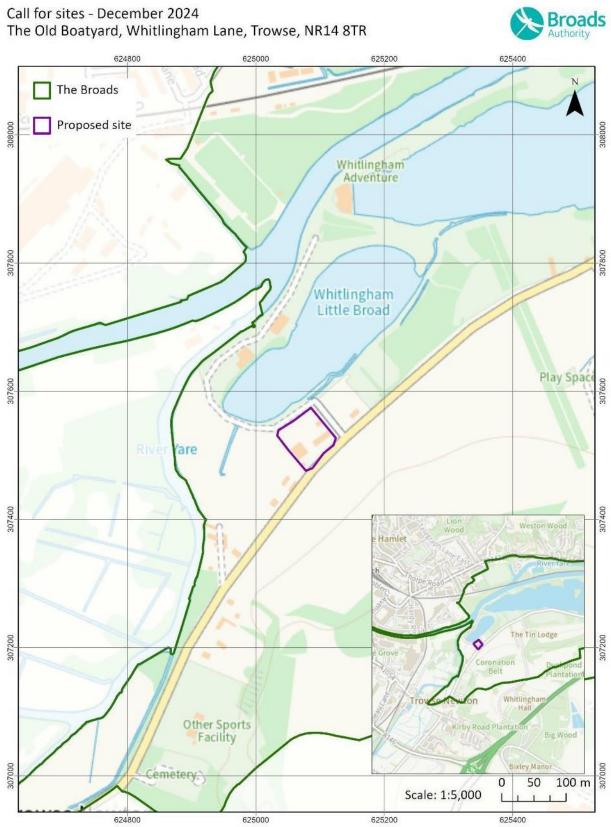
Statutory Allotments No		
Locally Designated Green Space		No
At risk from Coastal	Erosion	No
If yes to any of the above, site will be excluded from further assessment.		
Development Poten	tial	
(number of dwellings, he	ectares of employment I	and or town centre use floor space):
4 dwellings initially,	then 2 dwellings.	
Density calculator5.13 dwellings per hectare		
Suitability Assessme	ent	
Constraint	Score	Comments
	red/amber/green	
Access to site		Lack of visibility splay possible with junction with Main
		Road. Broad Lane is private access. Broad Lane is un-
		made.
Accessibility to		The site is within close walking distance of the primary
local services and		school, shop, bus stop with peak hour services to higher
facilities		order settlement.
Utilities Capacity		Overhead Lines. There is a foul sewer along Broad Lane
		to the northern boundary of the site.
Utilities		There are cables overhead along the boundary of the
Infrastructure		site with the road.
Contamination and		
ground stability		
Flood Risk		Some flood zone 1, most flood zone 2, indicative flood
		zone 3b according to SFRA but allocation could reflect
		this. There may be a small pocket that has development
		potential in the northwest corner of the site, but
		otherwise this is a site that is susceptible to flooding
		and a caution should be exercised in terms of more
		vulnerable.
Coastal Change		
Market		Other than limited services and facilities nearby, has
Attractiveness		potential to be attractive as a place to visit and live as it
		is an area in the Broads
Impact	Score	Comments
	red/amber/green	
Nationally and		May be potential for a maximum of two properties in
Locally Significant		order for development to be in accordance with both
Landscapes		our Local Plan and the Filby Neighbourhood plan, both
Townscape		of which require that development should reflect the
		prevailing characteristics of the area. Any housing along
		the frontage and not a back-to-back arrangement.
		Could put a height restriction on if there is an issue with
		visibility.

Biodiversity and		SSSI, RAMSAR, SPA and SAC near to the site.
Geodiversity		The proposed development site appears to be a large
Geouversity		
		area of undeveloped marsh, therefore there would be a
		loss of Section 41 priority habitat and associated
		species.
		Existing hedgerows and trees are present on the site,
		and these should be conserved and enhanced.
		May be on peat rich soil as close to the predicted
		margin, would need survey to determine where the
		boundary lies.
		Nutrient Enrichment and scope for Nutrient Neutrality
		needs to be considered as there is a history of raw
		sewage spills from the Filby Café wastewater storage
		tank.
		Great Crested Newts: Amber zones contain main
		population centres for GCN and comprise important
		connecting habitat that aids natural dispersal.
Historic		Conditions for a programme of archaeological work
Environment		starting with trial trenching.
Open Space		
Transport and		Don't believe adequate visibility from Broad Lane onto
Roads		the A1064 Main Road is achievable and therefore not
		appropriate for further development.
Compatibility with		The neighbouring uses are residential and agricultural.
neighbouring /		
adjoining uses		
Local Plan Designati	ons (add further lin	nes as required)
Designation	Policy reference	Comments
None		
Availability Assessm	ent (will require lia	aison with landowners)
Is the site being		
marketed?	No	
Add any detail as		
necessary (e.g., where,		
by whom, how much		
for etc.) When might the	Immediately 🗸	/
site be available	inification	
	Within 5	
for development	years	
(tick as	5-10 years	
appropriate)	10-15 years	
	15-20 years	
	Comments:	

Estimated annual bu	ild out rate	Agent says will take up to 4 years to complete, so ½ a		
(including justification):		dwelling per year is presumed.		
Comments	Agent says will take up to 4 years to complete.			
Achievability (including viability)				
Comments	Agent says 'the proposal will be rented providing long term accommodation			
	for young families'.			
Overcoming Constra	ints			
Comments	Scheme wou	uld need to consider the woodland on the boundaries and on		
	site.			
	Lack of visib	ility splay possible with junction with Main Road.		
	Overhead Li	nes.		
	• There is a fo	ul sewer along Broad Lane to the northern boundary of the		
	site.			
	Conditions f	or a programme of archaeological work starting with trial		
	trenching.			
	Some flood	zone 1, most flood zone 2, indicative flood zone 3b		
	according to	SFRA but allocation could reflect this. There may be a small		
	pocket that	has development potential in the northwest corner of the		
	site.			
	 Development 	nt should reflect the prevailing characteristics of the area.		
	Any housing	along the frontage and not a back-to-back arrangement.		
	Could put a	height restriction on if there is an issue with visibility.		
	• SSSI, RAMSA	AR, SPA and SAC near to the site.		
	The propose	ed development site appears to be a large area of		
	undevelope	d marsh, therefore there would be a loss of Section 41		
	priority habi	tat and associated species.		
	Existing hed	gerows and trees are present on the site, and these should		
	be conserve	d and enhanced.		
	Great Creste	ed Newt amber zone.		
	May be on p	neat rich soil as close to the predicted margin, would need		
	survey to de	termine where the boundary lies.		
	Nutrient Enrichment and scope for Nutrient Neutrality needs to be			
	considered a	as there is a history of raw sewage spills from the Filby Café		
	wastewater	storage tank.		
	• GI RAMS – p	ayment likely.		
	BNG – on sit	e or off site mitigation.		
Trajectory of develo	pment			
Comments	Delivered after	around 5 years, but taking 4 years to develop.		
Barriers to Delivery				
Comments	• The propose	ed development site appears to be a large area of		
	undevelope	d marsh, therefore there would be a loss of Section 41		
	priority habi	tat and associated species.		

	•	Existing hedgerows and trees are present on the site which could be at
		risk.
	•	May be on peat rich soil as close to the predicted margin, would need
		survey to determine where the boundary lies.
	•	Lack of visibility splay possible with junction with Main Road.
Conclusion (e.g., is included in the theoretical capacity)		
According to the HELAA assessment, the site is not suitable for residential development.		

10. The Old Boatyard, Whitlingham Lane, Trowse



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These photos were taken in January 2025. The site was closed and boats removed.



Showing the old boatyard and one of the accesses.



Taken from the footway along Whitlingham Lane



Showing the old rowing club and part of the boatyard.



Showing both buildings on site.

Please go to the <u>original HELAA</u> (September 2023) for more photos of the site taken when the boatyard was in operation.

10.3. Stakeholder comments

Stakeholder	Comments
Broads Authority Development Management Team	Although appearing to be sited on the edge of Norwich its siting to the south of the River Yare means that there is a critical separation between the two areas, this is not a site that is well linked to the city and certainly does not meet the majority of sustainable location criteria. It may be close to the edge of a city, but the separation is enough to make it a case that we would hope residents would use bicycles and public transport, but I anticipate that a private vehicle, being a necessity for residents, would be the main form of transport used.

Stakeholder	Comments
	On the plus side the site is large enough to accommodation 4 to 6 dwellings, although taking into account the density of residential plot development on this section of Whitlingham Lane, 4 may be more appropriate.
	The site is reasonably well screened from the Broad but the land does slope down towards the Broad so the siting, scale, and design of any new buildings would have to be well considered. In addition a suitable landscaping scheme could help lessen potential impacts.
	Until recently the main use of the site was as a boatyard which is within Use Class B2. Such uses are protected in the Local Plan and require a viability assessment and 12 months marketing of the site to demonstrate that employment uses are not viable and there is no interest in the site in its current use. This would need to be satisfied before any change of use is considered.
	A small part of the site is within flood zone 2 and there is even an area within flood zone 3. Built development should avoid these flood zones.
Broads Authority Heritage and Design	The site sits immediately to the north of the Crown Point Estate, a Registered Park and Garden and a designated heritage asset, the setting of which would need to be considered in any development. To the immediate west of the site are earthworks which are identified on the Norfolk HER (<u>NHER 52118</u>). These are not designated so should not necessarily be a constraint.
	Development along this part of Whitlingham Lane is predominantly characterised by detached and semi-detached cottages sitting parallel to the street on relatively substantial plots, with a degree of separation between them. Some of these former estate workers' cottages have been identified as locally identified heritage assets in the emerging Trowse Neighbourhood Plan. I therefore think that it is unlikely that a development of 8 units on this site would be appropriate as it would be contrary to the settlement pattern and established densities in the area and would therefore appear incongruous. This in turn would have a detrimental impact on the RPG and wider landscape area.
	The existing boatyard also contributes to the character of the area, reflecting the use of the site until recently as boat and water-related. As such, the preferred option would be for the existing buildings (at least the larger one to the west of the site) to be retained and converted and the boatyard character of the site to be retained in any future development.
Trowse with Newton Parish Council	The Council discussed the call for sites proposal at last night's meeting and it was thought that any development of that site should refer to our Neighbourhood Plan policies.

Stakeholder	Comments		
	Section 4 of the Trowse with Newton Neighbourhood Plan discusses the housing type need in Trowse and therefore this should be considered when/if plans are submitted for the former boat yard site. This section also includes details on possible design codes for any developments.		
Norfolk County Council Heritage	Conditions for a programme of archaeological work starting with trial trenching. Rates amber.		
Norfolk County Council Education	General Comments, on sites of less than 20 proposed dwellings The other sites are deemed suitable to support the existing schools the communities serve and will promote and support the sustainability of the schools in close proximity. Consideration of the impact on walking and cycle routes should be achieved in order to support sustainable modes of transport and reduce families using their motor car where possible. Reducing the numbers on this site will not change our original response to the proposed site.		
Broads Authority Landscape Architect	I have reviewed this site for potential for 8 dwellings, I have no objection in principle to the site being allocated for housing, in landscape terms this could help address some of the issues associated with the site and the negative impact its frontage has on Whitlingham Lane. Any development would need to protect and enhance the existing PROW to the east of the site, along with any landscape features deemed to be important (a survey would be required to determine this). I'm struggling to see how the site could support 8 dwellings, without using a cul-de- sac layout, which would not be in-keeping with the overall settlement pattern along Whitlingham Lane. If this allocation was to go forward then this needs some thought in order to guide an appropriate scale and form of development. I'm not sure I'm comfortable with 8 without some justification around how the site could accommodate this. Then asked about 4 to 6 dwellings: Thanks for reconsulting on this, as you know my previous concerns were over the density rather than use of the site. I would be much more comfortable with 4-6 dwellings, I would still encourage any site allocation (if it goes that way) to include guidance on the site layout to ensure best use of the area and to create a layout which is both informed by existing street pattern and the wider landscape setting. A further consideration if back to backs are being put forward that the orientation and aspect of any units is developed alongside consideration of appropriate use of boundary treatments – what I essentially mean is that we wouldn't want lots of close boarded fencing to boundaries that can be seen from public locations.		

Stakeholder	Comments
Norfolk County Council	No highway objection to the proposed allocation.
Highways	 These comments were made in relation to the proposed allocation for Class E uses: a) The site is remote form local service and transport provision, but there are pedestrian links to such facilities, albeit the site is likely to be highly reliant on the private motor vehicle as a primary mode of transport. b) Having regard to existing use of the site, the proposed re-development of the site is unlikely to give rise to any specific highway safety concerns or have a severe detrimental residual effect on the highway network. c) c) Currently two points of vehicle access to Whitlingham Lane, it is considered that any development should rationalise to one point of access, along with appropriate parking, cycle and electrical vehicle charging, in accordance with current guidance. Reducing the numbers on this site will not change our original response to the proposed site.
Norfolk County Council – Lead Local Flood Authority.	 Any future planning application for residential development of this site likely to be a minor due to its scale and fall outside of the LLFA remit / consultation thresholds. The majority of the site lies within Flood Zone 1, however a small part of the site lies within Flood Zones 2 and 3.
	 No on-site sewers – Off-site: Foul sewers within 500m of the site. Site lies within Source Protection Zone 2 (SPPZ). No flood records on-site. Off-site: No flood records within 500m. On-site: Small area of surface water ponding / pooling within 0.1% AEP event. Off-site: Surface water flow paths and ponding and pooling in 0.1%, 1% and 3.33% AEP events within 500m of the site. Part of the site lies within Broads Internal Drainage Board. No onsite watercourses, however ordinary watercourses (some within the IDB area) and EA main river (River Yare) are located within 100m. LLFA Assessment: No major surface water issues / constraints identified (GREEN RAG)
	Reducing the numbers on this site will not change our original response to the proposed site.
Anglian Water Services	This site is within the catchment for Whitlingham WRC. There is a growth scheme to increase dry weather flow headroom in AMP8 (2025-30) at Whitlingham identified in our Business Plan – we received final determination of our plan by Ofwat on 19 December 2024 – the date for Anglian Water's formal response to the determination is 18 th February 2025.

Stakeholder	Comments
	Factoring in existing commitments within the catchment, there is no available headroom at the WRC until the growth scheme is delivered and we would recommend a pre-occupancy clause is attached to any grant of permission to ensure development is not occupied until this time. The closest sewer is located over 200m away near Yare Cottages. A water main adjoins the southern boundary of the site along Whitlingham Lane.
	It is noted that Trowse Neighbourhood Plan was recently successful at referendum and therefore may have policy requirements in terms of proposed uses for the site.
Broads Authority Ecologist	The site is directly south of Whitlingham Little Broad a designated local nature reserve, with reedbed Section 41 habitats to the west and mature trees to the east The site is currently a small boat yard but contains trees and shrubs – these should be retained and enhanced. Likely to be water quality impacts and subject to nutrient neutrality.

Please note that the site was assessed in the <u>original HELAA</u> (September 2023) for Class E uses. This assessment in this HELAA part 2 is for residential development.

Site address: The Old Boatyard, Whitlingham Lane, Trowse		
Current planning status e.g., with permission, allocated, suggested through the Call for Sites etc.	Suggested through first call for sites. Allocation for change in the Preferred Options. Suggested through December 2024 call for sites for dwellings.	
Site Size (hectares)	0.49 hectares	
Greenfield / Brownfield	Brownfield.	
Ownership (if known) (private/public etc.)	Private	
Absolute Constraints Check		
Is the site in a		
SPA, SAC, SSSI or Ramsar	No (SSSI Impact Zone)	
National Nature Reserve	No	
Ancient Woodland	No	
Flood risk zone 3b	No	
Scheduled Ancient Monument	No	
Statutory Allotments	No	
Locally Designated Green Space	No	
At risk from Coastal Erosion	No	
If yes to any of the above, site will be excluded from further assessment.		
Development Potential		

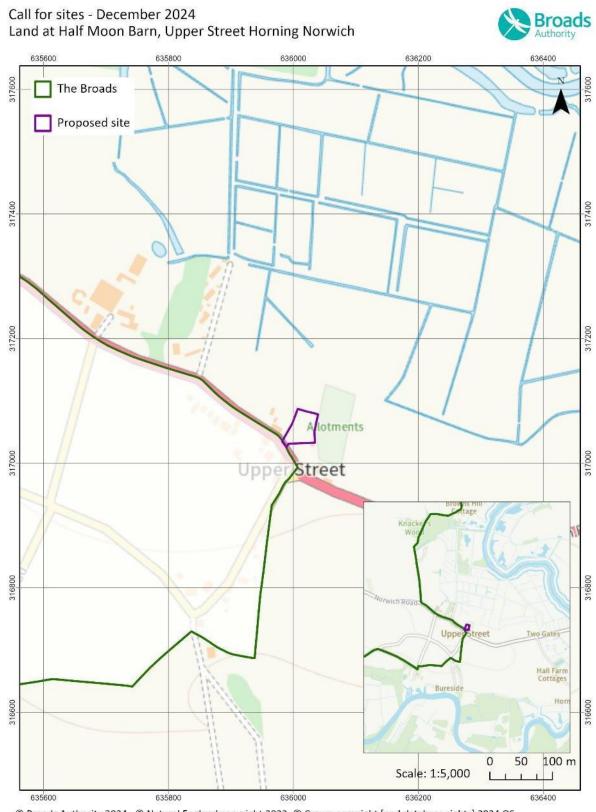
Density calculator		16.33 dwellings per hectare
Suitability Assessme	ent	
Constraint	Score	Comments
	red/amber/green	
Access to site		Currently two points of vehicle access to Whitlingham
		Lane, it is considered that any development should
		rationalise to one point of access, along with
		appropriate parking, cycle and electrical vehicle
		charging, in accordance with current guidance.
Accessibility to		1km to village shop. 1km to bus stop.
local services and		TKII to village shop. TKII to bus stop.
facilities		
Utilities Capacity		Factoring in existing commitments within the
ounces capacity		catchment, there is no available headroom at the WRC
		until the growth scheme is delivered and we would
		_
		recommend a pre-occupancy clause is attached to any
		grant of permission to ensure development is not
1 14:11:4:00		occupied until this time.
Utilities		There are cables overhead along the boundary of the
Infrastructure		site with the road. There is a utilities cabinet on the
		road frontage. A water main adjoins the southern
<u> </u>		boundary of the site along Whitlingham Lane.
Contamination and		Some industrial history that may need assessing. The
ground stability		agent says: 'the site was formerly a fuel depot and
		latterly a commercial boatyard. Mindful of this, and
		notwithstanding the fact that the majority of the site is
		'sealed' with hard surfacing, it is considered likely that
		some level of remediation work will be required to
		address historic contamination'.
Flood Risk		Very small part flood zone 2 and 3. Small pocket of
		surface water on site. Built development should avoid
		these flood zones.
Coastal Change		
Market		Other than limited services and facilities nearby, has
Attractiveness		potential to be attractive as a place to visit and live as it
		is an area in the Broads
Impact	Score	Comments
	red/amber/green	
Nationally and		Not likely the site could support 8 dwellings, without
Locally Significant		using a cul-de-sac layout, which would not be in-
Landscapes		keeping with the overall settlement pattern along
Townscape		Whitlingham Lane. The preferred option would be for

		the existing buildings (at least the larger one to the
		west of the site) to be retained and converted and the
		boatyard character of the site to be retained in any
		future development. Any development would need to
		protect and enhance the existing PROW to the east of
		the site, along with any landscape features deemed to
		be important (a survey would be required to determine
		this). The site is reasonably well screened from the
		Broad but the land does slope down towards the Broad
		so the siting, scale, and design of any new buildings
		would have to be well considered. In addition a suitable
		landscaping scheme could help lessen potential
		impacts.
Biodiversity and		The site is directly south of Whitlingham Little Broad a
Geodiversity		designated local nature reserve, with reedbed Section
		41 habitats to the west and mature trees to the east
		The site is currently a small boat yard but contains trees
		and shrubs – these should be retained and enhanced.
		Local nature reserve next door and on small part of site.
Historic		The site sits immediately to the north of the Crown
Environment		Point Estate, a Registered Park and Garden and a
		designated heritage asset, the setting of which would
		need to be considered in any development. Unlikely
		that a development of 8 units on this site would be
		appropriate as it would be contrary to the settlement
		pattern and established densities in the area and would therefore appear incongruous. This in turn would have
		a detrimental impact on the RPG and wider landscape
		area. Conditions for a programme of archaeological
		work starting with trial trenching.
Open Space		
Transport and		No highway objection to the proposed allocation.
Roads		Having regard to existing use of the site, the proposed
		re-development of the site is unlikely to give rise to any
		specific highway safety concerns or have a severe
		detrimental residual effect on the highway network.
Compatibility with		
neighbouring /		
adjoining uses		
Local Plan Designati	-	
Designation	Policy reference	Comments
Draft policy for	POWHI2: Land	This is a draft policy in the Preferred Options version of
continued	at Whitlingham	the Local Plan, following a call for sites submission as part
boatyard use and if	Lane	of the Issues and Options consultation.

monte toete			
meets tests,			
potentially Class E.			
-	ent (will require	liaison with landowners)	
Is the site being			
marketed?	No		
Add any detail as			
necessary (e.g., where,			
by whom, how much for etc.)			
When might the	Immediately		
site be available	Within 5	\checkmark	
		•	
for development	years		
(tick as	5-10 years		
appropriate)	10-15 years		
	15-20 years		
	Comments:		
Estimated annual bu	ild out rate	Agent says will take up to 1 year to complete, so 8	
(including justification	on):	dwellings per year is presumed.	
Comments	Agent says will	take up to 1 year to complete.	
Achievability (includ	ling viability)		
Comments	Agent says 'The	e site is located on the edge of the popular village of Trowse.	
	Recent large-sc	ale residential development in the village has demonstrated	
	a very strong demand for housing in this area. As a location where much the land lies within the Broads Executive Area, and most of the land is on		
	the ownership of a single estate, opportunities for residential development		
	rarely come forward. This is a site in an excellent location (being on the		
	doorstep of both the city and the Country Park, and within the Broads) and		
	with convenient links to the local school, facilities and employment		
	opportunities'.		
Overcoming Constra	aints		
Comments	Reduce to c	one point of access	
		existing commitments within the catchment, there is no	
	-	adroom at the WRC until the growth scheme is delivered	
		uld recommend a pre-occupancy clause is attached to any	
		mission to ensure development is not occupied until this	
	time.		
		ables overhead along the boundary of the site with the road.	
		tilities cabinet on the road frontage.	
	 A water ma Whitlinghar 	in adjoins the southern boundary of the site along n Lane.	
	-	minated land remediation likely.	
		-	
		part flood zone 2 and 3. Small pocket of surface water on	
	site. Built de	evelopment should avoid these flood zones.	

Trajectory of develo Comments Barriers to Delivery	 The preferred option would be for the existing buildings (at least the larger one to the west of the site) to be retained and converted and the boatyard character of the site to be retained in any future development. Any development would need to protect and enhance the existing PROW to the east of the site, along with any landscape features deemed to be important (a survey would be required to determine this). Trees and shrubs maintained Designed to accommodate part of nature reserve on site. The site is reasonably well screened from the Broad but the land does slope down towards the Broad so the siting, scale, and design of any new buildings would have to be well considered. In addition a suitable landscaping scheme could help lessen potential impacts. The site sits immediately to the north of the Crown Point Estate, a Registered Park and Garden and a designated heritage asset, the setting of which would need to be considered in any development. Conditions for a programme of archaeological work starting with trial trenching. GI RAMS – payment likely. BNG – on site or off-site mitigation. Nutrient Neutrality. pment Delivered after around 5 years, but taking 1 year to develop. 		
	Delivered after around 5 years, but taking 1 year to develop.		
Comments			
comments	None related to the HELAA as the above could be addressed through the		
	design and implementation of the scheme.		
Conclusion (e.g., is included in the theoretical capacity)			
According to the HEI	AA assessment, the site is suitable for residential development.		

11. Land at Half Moon Barn, Upper Street Horning



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Looking north across the site.

See photos for the next site (land to the north of Upper Street) for the context of the site and the access to the site.

11.3. Stakeholder comments	11.3.	Stakeholder	comments
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Stakeholder	Comments
Broads Authority Development Management	This site is on the main road, but that does not make it a sustainable location and, beyond a potential for a reasonable bus service, it meets none of the basic criteria for a sustainable location and would not be supported on this basis.
Team	The site is used for arable farming and appears to be Grade 1 on the agricultural land classification so should be protected in its existing use.
	I was surprised to see that part of the larger site is partly in flood zone 3 which would limit development in that area.
Broads Authority Heritage and Design	The site has no particular heritage constraints although the settlement around Upper Street has quite a distinctive character with a number of historic buildings clustered in this area and this character would need to be respected. This particular site allows glimpsed views across the wider landscape and down to the river Ant and designated heritage assets such as the grade II listed Neave's Mill,
	I would suggest that any development should be towards the southern end of the site so that it more closely relates to the existing settlement and also thereby reducing any potential impact on the open countryside to the north, which slopes down towards the river Ant. The site could probably accommodate one unit, I am less convinced that two could be successfully accommodated on the site.
Horning Parish Council	The Council noted that there were no credible solutions regarding infrastructure at all in place and that the proposals were the result of a desk-exercise which was entirely untenable. The Council noted that the smaller plot could not be bult on as

Stakeholder	Comments	
	there are rights of way over the proposed site. The Council also noted that the larger plot could not be built on the basis that there is a SSSI on it. The Council also noted that the issue with the drainage situation at Knackers Wood posed a significant issue. Council agreed to issue the strongest possible objection.	
Norfolk County Council Education	The proposal will support the local school with current low numbers. This will provide much needed housing to support the pupil population, but it is not substantial enough to support long term the sustainability of the school. This could dependant on the mix of housing encourages families to select alternative schools in the surrounding villages of Ludham and Salhouse which may require some contribution to home to school transport.	
Norfolk County Council Heritage	Based on currently available information would not ask for conditions for archaeological work.	
Broads Authority Landscape Architect	I don't have any objection to this in principle, providing that a sensible boundary line can be chosen and the necessary guiding principles around use of boundary treatments and well-placed screening were to be utilised, along with appropriate use of building materials and heights – which should mitigate any issues resulting from any visual change.	
Norfolk County Council Highways	Highway Objection to the proposed allocation. There is a lack of footway provision. Adequate visibility from access is likely to be unachievable. New access onto a corridor of movement not supported.	
Norfolk County Council – Lead Local Flood Authority.	 Located within Flood Zone 1. Flood Zones 2 and 3 lie to the north of the site. No on-site sewers – Foul sewers run along boundary where the site accesses onto Upper Street. Not located within a Source Protection Zone (SPZ). No flood records on-site and no external and internal flood records within 500m. On-site: None. Off-site Minor surface water flowpaths and small areas of surface water ponding / pooling in 0.1%, 1% and 3.33% AEP events. Site lies outside of any Broads Internal Drainage Board area (IDB area lies to the north, east south and west). On-site: None. Off-site: ordinary watercourses (some within IDB area) and drainage ditches located within 100m and EA main river more than 500m away. LLFA Assessment: No major surface water issues / constraints identified (Green RAG) The LLFA advise that we are aware of flooding issues associated with the village of Horning and the involvement in the area of the Norfolk Strategic Flooding Alliance (NSFA). Ferry Road in Horning (to the west of this site) is also identified on the NSFA Tranche List due to known flooding issues. 	

Stakeholder	Comments
Anglian Water Services	The sites are within the Horning Knackers Wood WRC catchment that currently does not have dry weather flow headroom to accommodate growth in the catchment – for the reasons set out and according to our Statement of Fact.
	Whilst there is a growth scheme being delivered for Horning by the end of March 2025, to ensure it is operationally compliant with a revised dry weather flow permit; this is to allow for mass infiltration as a result of the high water table and river overtopping into our network. We would need to undertake a period of monitoring of incoming flows to be certain that the site will operate in accordance with the consented dry weather flow, before a decision could be made on whether additional growth could be accommodated and what quantum of growth would be sustainable over the longer term in combination with other environmental capacity constraints.
	For the larger site there is a sewer that runs along the southern and western boundaries of the site. There are easements for many of our underground assets, and the design and layout should ensure that these assets are within public open space or roads and not built over or in private gardens, so that maintenance and repairs can be carried out when necessary.
Essex and Suffolk Water	Again we do not supply water to customers in this area but we do have assets close by to the proposed areas. We have a pumping station at the River Bure in this location and some strategic mains in the locality. They do not seem to run through or adjacent to the fields proposed and we would always expect developers to contact us for up to date underground services maps, but worth you knowing that there are large pipes in the roadways and fields around this area.
North Norfolk District Council	Unless I am mistaken the two sites are fall into the wider NNDC district boundary but are adjacent to our LPA Area.
	Horning is considered a constrained small growth Village in our emerging local plan and as such no housing requirements can be attributed to the village. The surrounding area which abuts the site(s) would be considered to fall into the Countryside policy Area where development is restricted in line with policy SS2. Although the site(s) is outside the village and falls under the BA LPA it is expected that the same constraints would apply as it falls into the same catchment. Our inspector advised in his post hearing letter earlier this year that there <i>is no</i> <i>realistic prospect of the local water recycling centre meeting the required</i> <i>environmental standards in the foreseeable future[examination ref EH006(h)].</i> This was based on the known position which has not changed and statutory objections . And as such our Plan should be altered so as not to rely on any housing from this location . As the BA are fully aware development in Horning is subject to a joint position statement with NNDC , EA, and BA and an updated Statement of Fact from Anglian Water . Issues to Horning and the surrounding area relate to Water

Stakeholder	Comments		
	Recycling Centre permit compliance, increased flows due to groundwater and surface water infiltration and nutrient loading. The Council is working jointly with the Broads Authority, the EA and Anglian Water to resolve this, however it is clear that given the deliverability issues no growth can or should be relied upon in local plans		
	The 2017 joint position statement was updated in 2023 along with a separate updated statement of Fact by Anglian Water. Both can be accessed through our examination library ref EX012 and EX013 as attached for reference		
	Our understanding in relation to Pins is that a new area of "pragmatism " is being applied in response to the new Housing ministers request for PINS to focus their <i>time on plans that are considered are capable of being found soundin the</i> <i>exchange of letters which were made available to LPA</i> during July / August 2024 it states <i>Pragmatism should not be used to address fundamental issues with the</i> <i>soundness of a plan, which would be likely to require pausing or delaying the</i> <i>examination process for more than six months overall</i> " it is considered unlikely that the issuing surrounding the WRC can be resolved in which as short period of time so our advice would not to rely on these sites		
Broads Authority Ecologist	From the aerials, the site appears to be in arable use. The site has boundary trees and hedgerows which should be retained and enhanced. These are likely to support protected species, namely bats, birds, and reptiles. Also hedgehog and nesting skylark. Likely localised increase in recreational disturbance to designated sites.		

Planning history:

Application number	Description	Decision	Date
BA/2009/0267/CCP	Rural Demonstration Project - A1062 Self-Explaining road	No objections – neighbouring authority consultation.	21/10/2009

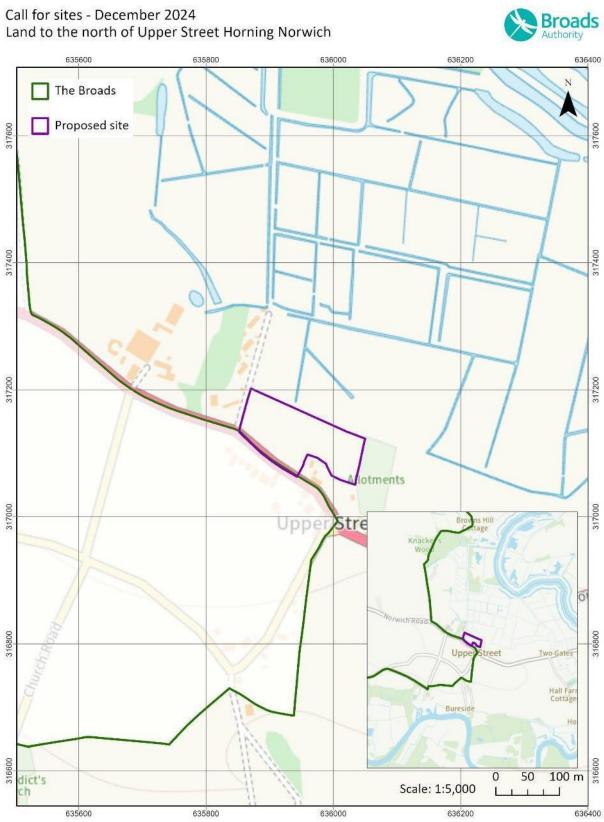
Si	te address: Land at l	Half Moon Barn, Upper Street Horning
Current planning status e.g., with permission, allocated, suggested through the Call for Sites etc.		Suggested through December 2024 call for sites.
Site Size (hectares)		0.215 hectares
Greenfield / Brownf	ield	Part brownfield and part greenfield.
Ownership (if known (private/public etc.)	n)	Private
Absolute Constraint	s Check	
Is the site in a		
SPA, SAC, SSSI or Ra	msar	No (SSSI Impact Zone)
National Nature Res	erve	Νο
Ancient Woodland		Νο
NbeaFlood risk zone	e 3b	No - Flood zone 1 according to SFRA
Scheduled Ancient N	Monument	Νο
Statutory Allotment	S	Νο
Locally Designated O	Green Space	Νο
At risk from Coastal	Erosion	Νο
If yes to any of the a	bove, site will be exc	luded from further assessment.
Development Poten	tial	
	ectares of employment la	and or town centre use floor space):
2 dwellings.		
Density calculator9.3 dwellings per hectare		9.3 dwellings per hectare
Suitability Assessme	ent	Γ
Constraint	Score red/amber/green	Comments
Access to site		Access to site is near a bend in the road. Speed limit is
		national speed limit applies. Highway Objection to the
		proposed allocation. Adequate visibility from access is
		likely to be unachievable. New access onto a corridor of
		movement not supported.
Accessibility to		Shop – 1.4km, no footways
local services and		School 1.2km, no footways
facilities		Bus stop, 150m, no footways
Utilities Capacity		In Horning Knackers Wood Water Recycling Centre
		catchment – no foul water capacity.

Utilities		Pumping station at the River Bure in this location and
Infrastructure		some strategic mains in the locality and there are large
linnastructure		pipes in the roadways and fields around this area.
Contamination and		Agent says: 'The ground is stable and there are no
ground stability		known ground contamination issues'.
Flood Risk		In flood zone 1.
Coastal Change		
Market		Other than limited services and facilities nearby, has
Attractiveness		potential to be attractive as a place to visit and live as it
		is an area in the Broads
Impact	Score red/amber/green	Comments
Nationally and		Development should be towards the southern end of
Locally Significant		the site so that it more closely relates to the existing
Landscapes		settlement and also thereby reducing any potential
Townscape		impact on the open countryside to the north, which
l'o miscupe		slopes down towards the river Ant. The site could
		probably accommodate one unit, I am less convinced
		that two could be successfully accommodated on the
		site. Views to the Broads. Guiding principles around use
		of boundary treatments and well-placed screening were
		to be utilised, along with appropriate use of building
		materials and heights should mitigate any issues
		resulting from any visual change. Part grade 1 agricultural land.
Diadivarsity and		
Biodiversity and		The site has boundary trees and hedgerows which
Geodiversity		should be retained and enhanced. These are likely to
		support protected species, namely bats, birds, and
		reptiles. Also hedgehog and nesting skylark.
Historic		The site has no particular heritage constraints although
Environment		the settlement around Upper Street has quite a
		distinctive character with a number of historic buildings
		clustered in this area and this character would need to
		be respected. This particular site allows glimpsed views
		across the wider landscape and down to the river Ant
		and designated heritage assets such as the grade II
		listed Neave's Mill.
Open Space		
Transport and		Highway Objection to the proposed allocation. There is
Roads		a lack of footway provision
Compatibility with		The neighbouring uses are residential and agricultural.
neighbouring /		
adjoining uses		
aujoning uses		

Local Plan Designations (add further lines as required)			
Designation	Policy reference	Comments	
None			
-	nent (will require l	liaison with landowners)	
Is the site being			
marketed?	No		
Add any detail as			
necessary (e.g., where, by whom, how much			
for etc.)			
When might the	Immediately	\checkmark	
site be available	Within 5	\checkmark	
for development	years		
(tick as	5-10 years		
appropriate)	10-15 years		
	15-20 years		
	Comments:		
Estimated annual bu	uild out rate	Agent says will take up to 1 year to complete, so 2	
(including justification	on):	dwellings per year is presumed.	
Comments	Agent says will t	ake up to 1 year to complete.	
Achievability (inclue	ding viability)		
Comments	Agent says 'The s	site is located in a popular area close to Horning where	
	there is demand	for new housing. Development of the site is considered	
	achievable due t	o the absence of abnormal constraints and presence of an	
	existing access fr	rom Upper Street'.	
Overeeming Constru			
Overcoming Constra			
Comments		e is near a bend in the road. Speed limit is national speed	
		Highway Objection to the proposed allocation. Adequate	
		n access is likely to be unachievable. New access onto a	
		novement not supported.	
		tion at the River Bure in this location and some strategic	
		locality and there are large pipes in the roadways and fields	
	around this a		
		has quite a distinctive character with a number of historic	
	-	stered in this area and this character would need to be	
	respected.		
	Views to the		
	•	t not able to overcome access to services and facilities.	
		Id need to consider the woodland and mature trees on the	
	boundary wit		
	-	ayment likely.	
		e or off site mitigation.	
	Part on grade	e 1 agricultural land.	

	 Guiding principles around use of boundary treatments and well-placed screening were to be utilised, along with appropriate use of building materials and heights should mitigate any issues resulting from any visual change. Two dwellings unlikely to be supported. Horning Knacker's Wood Water Recycling Centre issues. 	
Trajectory of develo		
Comments	Delivered after around 5 years, but taking 1 year to develop.	
Barriers to Delivery		
Comments	Access to services.	
	Grade 1 agricultural land.	
	Horning Knackers Wood Water Recycling Centre capacity issues.	
	Highways objection.	
	Adequate visibility from access is likely to be unachievable.	
	New access onto a corridor of movement not supported.	
Conclusion (e.g., is i	ncluded in the theoretical capacity)	
According to the HEI	AA assessment, the site is not suitable for residential development.	

12. Land to the north of Upper Street Horning



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Looking to the east.

Looking to the north.



Taken from the road, looking north

Showing the southern boundary of the site.

Photos showing the access to this site and the other site in Upper Street (Half Moon Barn)



Upper Street heading west.

Upper Street heading south





Looking south, taken from the junction

Showing the access

12.3. Stakeholder comments

Stakeholder	Comments
Broads Authority Development Management	This site is on the main road, but that does not make it a sustainable location and, beyond a potential for a reasonable bus service, it meets none of the basic criteria for a sustainable location and would not be supported on this basis.
Team	The site is used for arable farming and appears to be Grade 1 on the agricultural land classification so should be protected in its existing use.
	I was surprised to see that part of the larger site is partly in flood zone 3 which would limit development in that area.
Broads	The site contains earthworks of undated ditches and pits which are recorded on
Authority	the Norfolk HER (NHER: 49282), which may be an archaeological constraint. The
Heritage and	site is also in relatively close proximity to Grange Fram to the west, which is a grade
Design	II listed building although any impact on the immediate setting of the listed
	building is likely to be limited, due to the bend in the road and the wooded belt
	between the two sites. However, the listed farm and its curtilage listed structures
	and the historic buildings clustered to the south-east of the site do give a distinct
	character to the wider area within which the site is located.
	It is considered that part of this character is the gaps in the development along Upper Street, which emphasise the rural setting of the existing development. This
	particular site therefore contributes to the character of the area in its existing state
	and also allows glimpsed views across the wider landscape and down to the river

Stakeholder	Comments	
	Ant and designated heritage assets such as the grade II listed Neave's Mill, due to its raised position above the marshes located to the south. This gap site therefore enables a visual relationship between this area and the wider Broads' landscape beyond and I would therefore be reluctant to see any development onto this site.	
Horning Parish Council	The Council noted that there were no credible solutions regarding infrastructure at all in place and that the proposals were the result of a desk-exercise which was entirely untenable. The Council noted that the smaller plot could not be bult on as there are rights of way over the proposed site. The Council also noted that the larger plot could not be built on the basis that there is a SSSI on it. The Council also noted that the issue with the drainage situation at Knackers Wood posed a significant issue. Council agreed to issue the strongest possible objection.	
Norfolk County Council Education	The proposal will support the local school with current low numbers. This will provide much needed housing to support the pupil population, but it is not substantial enough to support long term the sustainability of the school. This could dependant on the mix of housing encourages families to select alternative schools in the surrounding villages of Ludham and Salhouse which may require some contribution to home to school transport.	
Norfolk County Council Heritage	Conditions for a programme of archaeological work starting with trial trenching.	
Broads Authority Landscape Architect	I couldn't support this. It looks to be a very sensitive site, with strong intervisibility with the wider landscape to the north in particular. PROW at Horning FP13 and Ludham FP11 present a sensitivity in terms of visual receptors. The slightly rolling topography of the field is unusual and special within the area, marking a transition to the uplands, not to mention very beautiful, there are also some potentially valuable landscape features such as the groups of trees scrub and hedgerow which would no doubt be under pressure from any development if the site were allocated. If this site were to be allocated and developed it would result in the loss of visual openness, destruction of the field pattern and a loss or erosion of the ability to visually understand the transition between landscape types (low lying marshland to upland) in the area. All of this would be a great shame and could not be justified in terms of landscape considerations.	
Norfolk County Council Highways	Highway Objection to the proposed allocation. There is a lack of footway provision. Adequate visibility from access is likely to be unachievable. New access onto a corridor of movement not supported.	
Norfolk County Council – Lead Local Flood Authority.	 Located mainly within Flood Zone 1 but Flood Zones 2 and 3 encroach into a small area to the north of the site. On-site sewers – Yes - Foul sewers run along the south and west site boundaries. Not located within a Source Protection Zone (SPZ). 	

Stakeholder	Comments	
	 No flood records on-site and no external and internal flood records within 500m. On-site: Yes – Small area of surface water ponding / pooling in 0.1% AEP event. Off-site: Minor surface water flowpaths and small areas of surface water ponding / pooling within 0.1%, 1% and 3.33% AEP events. Site lies outside of any Broads Internal Drainage Board area (IDB area lies to the north, east south and west). On-site: None. Off-site: ordinary watercourses (some within IDB area) and drainage ditches located within 100m and EA main river more than 500m away. LLFA Assessment: No major surface water issues / constraints identified (Green RAG) The LLFA advise that we are aware of flooding issues associated with the village of Horning and the involvement of the Norfolk Strategic Flooding Alliance (NSFA) in the area. Ferry Road in Horning (to the west of this site) is also identified on the NSFA Tranche List due to known flooding issues. 	
Anglian Water Services	The sites are within the Horning Knackers Wood WRC catchment that currently does not have dry weather flow headroom to accommodate growth in the catchment – for the reasons set out and according to our Statement of Fact. Whilst there is a growth scheme being delivered for Horning by the end of March 2025, to ensure it is operationally compliant with a revised dry weather flow permit; this is to allow for mass infiltration as a result of the high water table and river overtopping into our network. We would need to undertake a period of monitoring of incoming flows to be certain that the site will operate in accordance with the consented dry weather flow, before a decision could be made on whether additional growth could be accommodated and what quantum of growth would be sustainable over the longer term in combination with other environmental capacity constraints. For the larger site there is a sewer that runs along the southern and western boundaries of the site. There are easements for many of our underground assets, and the design and layout should ensure that these assets are within public open space or roads and not built over or in private gardens, so that maintenance and repairs can be carried out when necessary.	
North Norfolk District Council	Unless I am mistaken the two sites are fall into the wider NNDC district boundary but are adjacent to our LPA Area. Horning is considered a constrained small growth Village in our emerging local plan and as such no housing requirements can be attributed to the village. The surrounding area which abuts the site(s) would be considered to fall into the Countryside policy Area where development is restricted in line with policy SS2. Although the site(s) is outside the village and falls under the BA LPA it is	

Stakeholder	Comments
	expected that the same constraints would apply as it falls into the same catchment. Our inspector advised in his post hearing letter earlier this year that there <i>is no</i> <i>realistic prospect of the local water recycling centre meeting the required</i> <i>environmental standards in the foreseeable future[examination ref EH006(h)].</i> This was based on the known position which has not changed and statutory objections . And as such our Plan should be altered so as not to rely on any housing from this location . As the BA are fully aware development in Horning is subject to a joint position statement with NNDC , EA, and BA and an updated Statement of Fact from Anglian Water . Issues to Horning and the surrounding area relate to Water Recycling Centre permit compliance, increased flows due to groundwater and surface water infiltration and nutrient loading. The Council is working jointly with the Broads Authority, the EA and Anglian Water to resolve this, however it is clear that given the deliverability issues no growth can or should be relied upon in local plans
	The 2017 joint position statement was updated in 2023 along with a separate updated statement of Fact by Anglian Water . Both can be accessed through our examination library ref EX012 and EX013 as attached for reference
	Our understanding in relation to Pins is that a new area of "pragmatism " is being applied in response to the new Housing ministers request for PINS to focus their <i>time on plans that are considered are capable of being found soundin the</i> <i>exchange of letters which were made available to LPA</i> during July / August 2024 it states <i>Pragmatism should not be used to address fundamental issues with the</i> <i>soundness of a plan, which would be likely to require pausing or delaying the</i> <i>examination process for more than six months overall</i> " it is considered unlikely that the issuing surrounding the WRC can be resolved in which as short period of time so our advice would not to rely on these sites
Essex and Suffolk Water	Again we do not supply water to customers in this area but we do have assets close by to the proposed areas. We have a pumping station at the River Bure in this location and some strategic mains in the locality. They do not seem to run through or adjacent to the fields proposed and we would always expect developers to contact us for up to date underground services maps, but worth you knowing that there are large pipes in the roadways and fields around this area.
Broads Authority Ecologist	From the aerials, the site appears to be in arable use. The site has boundary trees and hedgerows which should be retained and enhanced. These are likely to support protected species, namely bats, birds, and reptiles. Also hedgehog and nesting skylark. Likely localised increase in recreational disturbance to designated sites.

	Site address: Land to the north of Upper Street Horning		
Current planning sta		Suggested through December 2024 call for sites. No	
e.g., with permission, allocated, suggested through the			
Call for Sites etc.			
Site Size (hectares)		1.54 hectares	
Greenfield / Brown	field	Part brownfield and part greenfield.	
Ownership (if know	'n)	Private	
(private/public etc.)			
Absolute Constraint	ts Check		
Is the site in a			
SPA, SAC, SSSI or Ra		No (SSSI Impact Zone)	
National Nature Res	serve	No	
Ancient Woodland		No	
Flood risk zone 3b		No – mostly flood zone 1, some 2 and 3 according to	
		SFRA – but allocation could reflect the flood risk.	
Scheduled Ancient	Monument	Νο	
Statutory Allotment	ts	Νο	
Locally Designated	Green Space	Νο	
At risk from Coastal	Erosion	Νο	
If yes to any of the a	ıbove, site will be exc	luded from further assessment.	
Development Poter	ntial		
-	ectares of employment la	and or town centre use floor space):	
45 dwellings.			
Density calculator		29.22 dwellings per hectare	
Suitability Assessme	ent		
Constraint	Score	Comments	
	red/amber/green		
Access to site		Access to site is near a bend in the road. Speed limit is	
		national speed limit applies. Highway Objection to the	
		proposed allocation. Adequate visibility from access is	
		likely to be unachievable. New access onto a corridor of	
		movement not supported.	
Accessibility to		Shop – 1.4km, no footways	
local services and		School 1.2km, no footways	
facilities		Bus stop, 150m, no footways	
Utilities Capacity		In Horning Knackers Wood Water Recycling Centre	
		catchment – no foul water capacity.	
Utilities		Essex and Suffolk Water have a pumping station at the	
Infrastructure		River Bure in this location and some strategic mains in	
		the locality. They do not seem to run through or	
		adjacent to the fields proposed and we would always	

		underground services maps, but there are large pipes in the roadways and fields around this area.
Contamination and		Agent says: 'The ground is stable and there are no
ground stability		known ground contamination issues'.
Flood Risk		In flood zone 1. Mostly flood zone 1, some 2 and 3
		according to SFRA – but allocation could reflect the
		flood risk.
Coastal Change		
Market		Other than limited services and facilities nearby, has
Attractiveness		potential to be attractive as a place to visit and live as it
Attractiveness		is an area in the Broads
Impact	Score	Comments
impact	red/amber/green	Comments
Nationally and		It is considered that part of this character is the gaps in
Locally Significant		the development along Upper Street, which emphasise
Landscapes		the rural setting of the existing development. This
Townscape		particular site therefore contributes to the character of
		the area in its existing state and also allows glimpsed
		views across the wider landscape and down to the river
		Ant and designated heritage assets such as the grade II
		listed Neave's Mill, due to its raised position above the
		marshes located to the south. This gap site therefore
		enables a visual relationship between this area and the
		wider Broads' landscape beyond.
		It looks to be a very sensitive site, with strong
		intervisibility with the wider landscape to the north in
		particular. The slightly rolling topography of the field is
		unusual and special within the area, marking a
		transition to the uplands, not to mention very beautiful,
		there are also some potentially valuable landscape
		features such as the groups of trees scrub and
		hedgerow which would no doubt be under pressure
		from any development if the site were allocated. If this
		site were to be allocated and developed it would result
		in the loss of visual openness, destruction of the field
		pattern and a loss or erosion of the ability to visually
		understand the transition between landscape types
		(low lying marshland to upland) in the area.
		Views to the Broads.
		Part grade 1 agricultural land.
Biodiversity and		The site has boundary trees and hedgerows which
Geodiversity		should be retained and enhanced. These are likely to
		auronaut protoctod aposical powerly bata birds, and
		support protected species, namely bats, birds, and

			Deciduous woodland/hedges borders site.
			Mature trees.
Historic			The site contains earthworks of undated ditches and
Environment			pits which are recorded on the Norfolk HER (NHER:
			49282), which may be an archaeological constraint. The
			site is also in relatively close proximity to Grange Fram
			to the west, which is a grade II listed building although
			any impact on the immediate setting of the listed
			building is likely to be limited, due to the bend in the
			road and the wooded belt between the two sites.
			However, the listed farm and its curtilage listed
			structures and the historic buildings clustered to the
			south-east of the site do give a distinct character to the
			wider area within which the site is located. Conditions
			for a programme of archaeological work starting with
			trial trenching
Open Space			
Transport and			Highway Objection to the proposed allocation. New
Roads			access onto a corridor of movement not supported.
Compatibility with			The neighbouring uses are residential and agricultural.
neighbouring /			
adjoining uses			
Local Plan Designation	ons (add further	lin	es as required)
Designation	Policy referenc	е	Comments
None			
Availability Assessm	ent (will require	e liai	ison with landowners)
Is the site being			
marketed?	No		
Add any detail as			
necessary (e.g., where, by whom, how much			
for etc.)			
When might the	Immediately	✓	
site be available	Within 5	✓	
for development	years		
(tick as	5-10 years		
appropriate)	10-15 years		
appropriate)	TO TO YCUID		
appropriate)	15-20 years		
appropriate)			
Estimated annual bu	15-20 years Comments:	A	gent says will take up to 2 years to complete, so 25
	15-20 years Comments: ild out rate		gent says will take up to 2 years to complete, so 25 wellings per year is presumed.
Estimated annual bu	15-20 years Comments: ild out rate on):	d	

· · · ·		
 Access to site is near a bend in the road. Speed limit is national speed limit applies. Highway Objection to the proposed allocation. Adequate visibility from access is likely to be unachievable. New access onto a corridor of movement not supported. Views to the Broads. Conditions for a programme of archaeological work starting with trial trenching Development not able to overcome access to services and facilities. Scheme would need to consider the woodland and mature trees on the boundary with the road. GI RAMS – payment likely. BNG – on site or off site mitigation. Part on grade 1 agricultural land. Horning Knacker's Wood Water Recycling Centre issues. Essex and Suffolk Water have a pumping station at the River Bure in this location and some strategic mains in the locality. There are large pipes in the roadways and fields around this area. In flood zone 1. Mostly flood zone 1, some 2 and 3 according to SFRA – but allocation could reflect the flood risk. This gap site enables a visual relationship between this area and the wider Broads' landscape beyond A very sensitive site, with strong intervisibility with the wider landscape to the north in particular The site has boundary trees and hedgerows which should be retained and enhanced. These are likely to support protected species, namely 		
fter around 5 years, but taking 2 years to develop.		
ervices. ricultural land. ackers Wood Water Recycling Centre capacity issues impact. bjection to the proposed allocation.		
1		

According to the HELAA assessment, the site is not suitable for residential development.

13. Car Park at former Windboats site, Grange Walk, Norwich Road, Wroxham



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Showing the car park site

Looking north to the river and boatyards



Showing the southern boundary

Showing the western boundary

See photos for the next site (Former Windboats site) regarding the access to the sites.

13.3. Stakeholder comments

Stakeholder	Comments	
Broads Authority Development Management Team	There is recent history at this site, issues raised regarding the need to market the site in accordance with local plan policy for employment sites, and the restrictive nature of the access which Highways have cited previously. It may be that the 2-dwelling proposal would be acceptable in highway terms as it is a low-level provision, but I would anticipate an objection to 15 dwellings. The marketing side would need to be satisfied.	
Broads Authority Heritage and Design	The site sits just outside the Wroxham Conservation Area and immediately to the east / south-east of the Grade II listed The Grange, and as such, the setting of the listed building will need to be considered in any proposal. However, the primary elevation of The Grange addresses Norwich Road and as such the principle of appropriately designed and scaled development here may be acceptable. In terms	

Stakeholder	Comments			
	of the character of the area, the site is somewhat transitional in that it sits between boatyards to the north and residential to the west and south and so the design of any proposals here would need to reflect that transitional character.			
Wroxham Parish Council	Wroxham Parish Council support these sites for residential development. They are in a prominent location in the village, perfect for residential dwellings with pedestrian access to shops and services. The sites complement the Wroxham Neighbourhood Plan (WNP) policy HBE1. The Parish Council would very much like the site to be developed with housing for older people in mind, as per policy HBE2 of the WNP.			
Norfolk County Council Education	General Comments, on sites of less than 20 proposed dwellings The other sites are deemed suitable to support the existing schools the communities serve and will promote and support the sustainability of the schools in close proximity. Consideration of the impact on walking and cycle routes should be achieved in order to support sustainable modes of transport and reduce families using their motor car where possible.			
Broads Authority Landscape Architect	No objection to an allocation for this in principle, providing that building heights would be informed by consideration of potential visibility from within the immediate area. If allocated some guidance or restrictions should be placed upon the use of boundary treatments to ensure they include soft treatments and avoid close boarded fencing in the more visible areas.			
Norfolk County Council Highways	Highway Objection to the proposed allocation. Adequate visibility from existing access to the south on A1151 Norwich Road is likely to be unachievable.			
Norfolk County Council Heritage	Based on currently available information would not ask for conditions for archaeological work.			
Norfolk County Council – Lead Local Flood Authority.	 Located within Flood Zone 1. Flood Zones 2 and 3 lie to the north and east of the site. On-site sewers – Foul sewers run across the site and along part of the boundary. Located within Source Protection Zone 2 (SPZ). No flood records on-site. External and internal flood records within 500m. On-site: Surface water flowpath in all three AEP events encroaches the site and passes across the site access (Grange Walk). Off-site Significant surface water flow paths and areas of surface water ponding / pooling in 0.1%, 1% and 3.339 AEP events. Small part of site to north and access road falls within Norfolk Rivers Internal Drainage Board area. On-site: None. Off-site: ordinary watercourses (some within IDB area) and drainage ditches located within 100m and EA main river more than 500m away 			

Stakeholder	Comments		
	• LLFA Assessment: Moderate surface water / flooding constraints identified (which will require further assessment by the Local Planning Authority (AMBER RAG)		
Anglian Water Services	The sites are within the Belaugh WRC catchment and there is dry weather flow headroom available to accommodate the growth arising from these proposed sites. There are AW assets within the proposed sites – comprising foul sewers. There are easements for many of our underground assets, and the design and layout should ensure that these assets are within public open space or roads and not built over or in private gardens, so that maintenance and repairs can be carried out when necessary.		
Broads Authority Ecologist	 From the aerials the site has boundary trees and hedges, these should be retained and enhanced. The site could support protected species, namely bats and birds, possibly reptiles and hedgehog. The site is within the SSSI impact zone. Possible water quality issues due to the close location to a River Bure boat yard. 		

BA/2019/0214/FUL | Erection of two dwellings | Redundant Car Park Serving Former Windboats Marine Site Grange Walk Wroxham Norfolk. Refused. 21 Aug 2019. Main reason: not marketed.

Appeal Ref: APP/E9505/W/19/3237552 13 January 2020. The development proposed is the redevelopment of a redundant car park site to provide two new dwellings. The appeal is dismissed: 'the proposed development would lead to the unacceptable loss of the commercial use of the site contrary to Policies SP11, DM26 and DM28 of the Local Plan'.

Site address: Car Park at former Windboats site, Grange Walk, Norwich Road, Wroxham		
Current planning status e.g., with permission, allocated, suggested through the Call for Sites etc.	Suggested through December 2024 call for sites. See above for planning history.	
Site Size (hectares)	0.0957 hectares	
Greenfield / Brownfield	Brownfield – car park.	
Ownership (if known) (private/public etc.)	Private	
Absolute Constraints Check		
Is the site in a		
SPA, SAC, SSSI or Ramsar	No (SSSI Impact Zone)	
National Nature Reserve	No	
Ancient Woodland	No	

Flood risk zone 3b		No - Flood zone 1 according to SFRA
Scheduled Ancient Monument		No
Statutory Allotments		No
Locally Designated Green Space		Νο
At risk from Coastal	Erosion	Νο
If yes to any of the a	bove, site will be exc	luded from further assessment.
Development Poten	tial	
(number of dwellings, he	ectares of employment la	and or town centre use floor space):
2 dwellings.		
Density calculator		20.83 dwellings per hectare
Suitability Assessme	ent	
Constraint	Score	Comments
	red/amber/green	
Access to site		Highway Objection to the proposed allocation.
		Adequate visibility from existing access to the south on
		A1151 Norwich Road is likely to be unachievable.
Accessibility to		Site is within the development boundary.
local services and		Bus stop: 200m
facilities		Train station: 904m
		Roys: 525m
		Primary school: 1km
		GP: 1.6Km
		Secondary school: 1.2km
Utilities Capacity		
Utilities		There are cables overhead. There are AW assets within
Infrastructure		the proposed sites – comprising foul sewers. There are
		easements for many of our underground assets, and
		the design and layout should ensure that these assets
		are within public open space or roads and not built over
		or in private gardens, so that maintenance and repairs
2		can be carried out when necessary.
Contamination and		Use as car park likely means limited potential for
ground stability		contamination.
Flood Risk		In flood zone 1. Some surface water flooding on
		boundary.
Coastal Change		
Attractiveness		
lunnaat	<u>Coore</u>	
impact		comments
Nationally and		The building heights would need to be informed by
•		
Market Attractiveness Impact Nationally and Locally Significant Landscapes	Score red/amber/green	Has potential to be attractive as a place to visit and live as it is an area in the Broads. Potential concern regarding bringing residential Comments The building heights would need to be informed by consideration of potential visibility from within the immediate area. If allocated some guidance or

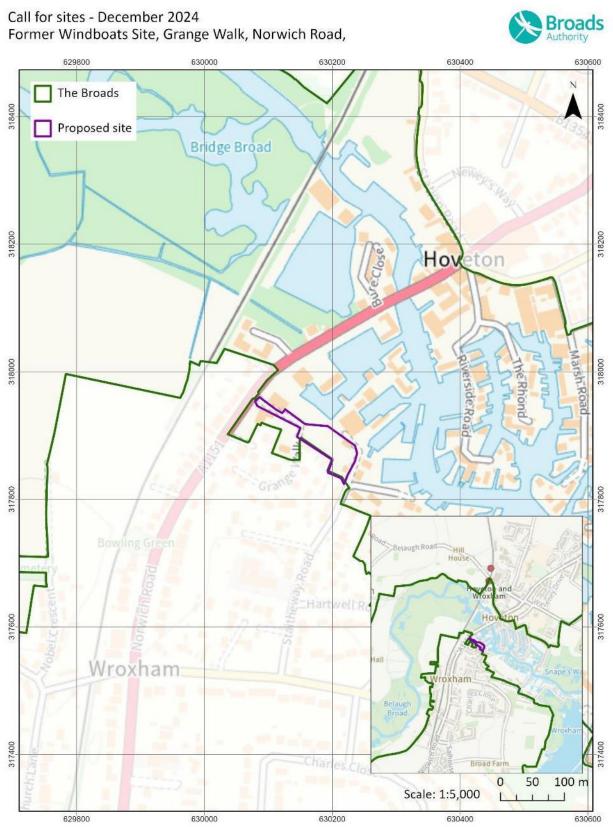
Townscape		restrictions should be placed upon the use of boundary treatments to ensure they include soft treatments and
		avoid close boarded fencing in the more visible areas. In
		terms of the character of the area, the site is somewhat
		transitional in that it sits between boatyards to the north and residential to the west and south and so the
		design of any proposals here would need to reflect that
		transitional character.
Biodiversity and		The site has boundary trees and hedges, these should
Geodiversity		be retained and enhanced. The site could support
,		protected species, namely bats and birds, possibly
		reptiles and hedgehog.
Historic		Listed building around close to the site. Near to a
Environment		conservation area.
Open Space		
Transport and		Agent says: 'As a commercial site both of these accesses
Roads		would have dealt with reasonably high levels of traffic
		and the vehicle movements associated with the
		proposed residential redevelopment of the site must be
		considered in the context of this recent historical use.
		Pre-application discussions with NCC have been carried
		out (see submitted pre-a for details) and, based on the
		outcome of these discussions, it is not considered that
		highways represents a significant constraint in the
		development of this site'.
		Will closing two car parks result in illegal or
		inconsiderate parking by those visiting the site?
Compatibility with		Whilst holiday homes exist a similar distance to the
neighbouring /		boatyards in the area, this would be bringing
adjoining uses		permanent residential nearer to a working boatyard.
		Asked Agent regarding loss of car park spaces and
		potential for illegal/inconsiderate parking in the area as
		a result. Agent says 'There are no staff as the car park
		served the former Windboats sheds - these have been
		demolished. The car park is occasionally used as
		overflow by Norfolk Broad Direct, however that is an ad
		hoc and occasional use and represents a very low value
		use of a well-located site'.
Local Plan Designati	-	
Designation	Policy reference	Comments
None		

Availability Assessm	ent (will require	liaison with landowners)
Is the site being marketed? Add any detail as necessary (e.g., where, by whom, how much for etc.)	months, being i marketing camp approaches to p wider marketin made in respec unused, and the	'The site was marketed in 2018 for a period of circa 6 made available as general employment land. After a paign lasting 6 months (comprising 2 months of targeted prospective purchases by the applicants, and 4 months of g through Arnolds, the agent) there were no viable enquiries t of the site. The site has subsequently lain empty and largely e landowner has received no enquiries over this further
When might the site be available for development (tick as appropriate)	period'. Immediately Within 5 years 5-10 years 10-15 years	When might the site be available for development (tick as appropriate) ✓
Estimated annual bu		Agent says will take up to 1 year to complete, so 15
(including justification Comments	-	dwellings per year is presumed. take up to 1 year to complete.
Achievability (includ		
Comments	Agent says 'The demand for smaller, high quality housing to address the desire for residents in the village to 'downsize' to is well established (see, for example, the supporting text to the Wroxham Neighbourhood Plan policy HBE2). Given the recent issues with nutrient neutrality, there has been a dearth of viable, sustainably located smaller sites for SME developers to bring forward. This site could help to address this demand'.	
Overcoming Constra Comments	 Highway Ok existing acc unachievab Will closing those visitin Amenity con Concern re Scheme wo Scheme wo There are A 	two car parks result in illegal or inconsiderate parking by

	• The building heights would need to be informed by consideration of
	potential visibility from within the immediate area.
	• If allocated some guidance or restrictions should be placed upon the use
	of boundary treatments to ensure they include soft treatments and
	avoid close boarded fencing in the more visible areas. In terms of the
	character of the area, the site is somewhat transitional in that it sits
	between boatyards to the north and residential to the west and south
	and so the design of any proposals here would need to reflect that
	transitional character.
	• The site has boundary trees and hedges, these should be retained and
	enhanced.
	• The site could support protected species, namely bats and birds,
	possibly reptiles and hedgehog.
	• Listed building around close to the site. Near to a conservation area.
	GI RAMS – payment likely.
	BNG – on site or off-site mitigation.
	Nutrient enrichment mitigation.
Trajectory of develo	pment
Comments	Delivered after around 5 years, but taking 1 year to develop.
Barriers to Delivery	
Comments	Highway Objection to the proposed allocation. Adequate visibility from
	existing access to the south on A1151 Norwich Road is likely to be
	unachievable.
	• Will closing two car parks result in illegal or inconsiderate parking by
	those visiting the site?
Conclusion (e.g., is i	ncluded in the theoretical capacity)
According to the HEI	LAA assessment, the site is not suitable for residential development.

14. Former Windboats Site, Grange Walk, Norwich Road, Wroxham

14.1. Map of site



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14.2. Photos of site



Looking across the site from the north east corner.



Looking at the site from the car park site.



Showing the white building on site.



Near the easter corner of the site.



Showing the mobile building to the east of the site.



Showing the car park to the east of the site.



Utilities infrastructure on the right

Looking north at the buildings on the site



Showing the footpath to the south of the site.

Showing the access to this site and the Car Park Site:





Staitheway Road

Grange Walk



Grange Walk to Norwich Road

14.3. Stakeholder comments

Stakeholder	Comments
Broads Authority Development Management Team	There is recent history at this site, issues raised regarding the need to market the site in accordance with local plan policy for employment sites, and the restrictive nature of the access which Highways have cited previously. It may be that the 2 dwelling proposal would be acceptable in highway terms as it is a low level

Stakeholder	Comments
	provision, but I would anticipate an objection to 15 dwellings. The marketing side would need to be satisfied.
Broads Authority Heritage and Design	The eastern end of the site is immediately adjacent to the Wroxham Conservation Area, whilst The Grange which is grade II listed sits at the western end of the site. Any development would have the potential to affect the setting of these two designated heritage assets as well as that of the locally identified heritage assets at 35-37 Staitheway Road. The setting of these heritage assets will therefore need to be considered.
	The principle of development on the site is likely to be acceptable but the scale and design will need to be appropriate to the transitional character of the area (sitting between the boatyards and residential area) and the predominant scale of development at the northern end of Staitheway Road, within the conservation area.
	A previous pre-app (BA/2021/0321/PREAPP) provides more detailed comments on the application submitted at that time. It is noted that we raised concerns regarding the 9 flats for older people which were to be accommodated in a four- storey block, the scale of which was considered to be excessive and incongruous in this location. It is noted that 15 units are now proposed and if a similar form of development is still proposed I would therefore suggest that this is potentially too many.
Wroxham Parish Council	Wroxham Parish Council support these sites for residential development. They are in a prominent location in the village, perfect for residential dwellings with pedestrian access to shops and services. The sites complement the Wroxham Neighbourhood Plan (WNP) policy HBE1. The Parish Council would very much like the site to be developed with housing for older people in mind, as per policy HBE2 of the WNP.
Norfolk County	General Comments, on sites of less than 20 proposed dwellings
Council Education	The other sites are deemed suitable to support the existing schools the communities serve and will promote and support the sustainability of the schools in close proximity. Consideration of the impact on walking and cycle routes should be achieved in order to support sustainable modes of transport and reduce families using their motor car where possible.
Broads Authority Landscape Architect	Somewhat it depends upon the type of development, which we have no details of. Officers assume it couldn't be 15 larger detached dwellings for example simply due to space. Hopefully design/heritage have provided some guidance on what might be appropriate if anything, in particular given the proximity to the row of historic cottages on Staitheway Rd. Landscape thoughts are that development of this larger area would need to be led by consideration of the immediately adjacent characters which are quite varied, for example the resi areas to the south east are quite green,

Stakeholder	Comments
	cohesive and positive. The transition between resi and the commercial boating area would need some careful thought, so again boundary treatments and frontages would need consideration and probably some guiding principles written in. In terms of visibility, this is already a very active and visually 'busy' area, some consideration would be needed in terms of visibility from the water itself, along with the wider surroundings to guide building heights. Though generally speaking some resi development on this site could address the unsightly nature of the land and create a better transition between land uses than there is currently – providing that materials, building heights and overall massing is correctly guided.
Norfolk County Council Highways	Highway Objection to the proposed allocation. Adequate visibility from existing access to the south on A1151 Norwich Road is likely to be unachievable.
Norfolk County Council – Lead Local Flood Authority.	 Located within Flood Zone 1. Flood Zones 2 and 3 lie directly to the north and east of the site. On-site sewers – Foul sewers run along part of the boundaries. Located within Source Protection Zone 2 (SPZ). No flood records on-site. External and internal flood records within 500m. On-site: Surface water flowpath in 0.1% and 1% AEP events crosses the site and part of the site access (Grange Walk). Off-site Significant surface water flow paths and areas of surface water ponding / pooling in 0.1%, 1% and 3.33% AEP events. Site lies within Norfolk Rivers Internal Drainage Board area. On-site: None. Off-site: ordinary watercourses (some within IDB area) and drainage ditches located within 100m and EA main river more than 500m away. LLFA Assessment: Major surface water issues / constraints identified which will require further assessment by LPA (Red RAG)
Norfolk County Council Heritage	Based on currently available information would not ask for conditions for archaeological work.
Anglian Water Services	The sites are within the Belaugh WRC catchment and there is dry weather flow headroom available to accommodate the growth arising from these proposed sites. There are AW assets within the proposed sites – comprising foul sewers. There are easements for many of our underground assets, and the design and layout should ensure that these assets are within public open space or roads and not built over or in private gardens, so that maintenance and repairs can be carried out when necessary.
Broads Authority Ecologist	From the aerials the site appears to be mainly hard standing to the west with a brown field site to the east.

Stakeholder	Comments
	The site could support protected species namely bats and birds, possibly reptiles and hedgehog.
	The site is within the SSSI impact zone.
	Possible water quality issues due to the close location to a River Bure boat yard.

14.4. Site assessment

Planning history:

Application number	Description	Decision	Date
BA/2018/0477/PN	Notification for Prior Approval for a proposed change of use of a building from Office Use (Class B1(a)) to a to single dwellinghouse (Class C3)	Prior Approval Granted	22 Jan 2019
BA/2018/0397/DEM	Demolition of former Windboats office building, factory and workshops	Prior Approval not Required	05 Nov 2018
BA/2008/0364/FUL	Alteration and extension to existing building including partial demolition of existing	Approve Subject to Conditions	25 Feb 2009
BA/2008/0278/FUL	Demolition of existing buildings. Erection of extension and alterations to remaining buildings	Approve Subject to Conditions	10 Oct 2008
BA/2007/0123/ADV	Proposed erection of company name sign to front elevation of building	Approve Subject to Conditions	03 Sep 2007
BA/2000/4144/HISTAP	Non-illuminated fascia sign	Approve Subject to Conditions	01 Jun 2000

Former Windboats Site, Grange Walk, Norwich Road, Wroxham	
Current planning status e.g., with permission, allocated, suggested through the Call for Sites etc.	Suggested through December 2024 call for sites. See above.
Site Size (hectares)	0.50 hectares
Greenfield / Brownfield	Brownfield (buildings have been demolished) and car park. Some buildings: office, mobile building and house. Office has prior approval for residential.
Ownership (if known) (private/public etc.)	Private
Absolute Constraints Check	
Is the site in a	
SPA, SAC, SSSI or Ramsar	No (SSSI Impact Zone)
National Nature Reserve No	

Ancient Woodland		No
Flood risk zone 3b		No – Mostly flood zone 1 according to SFRA, with the
		area around the office building flood zone 2.
Scheduled Ancient	Monument	No
Statutory Allotment	ts	No
Locally Designated	Green Space	No
At risk from Coastal	-	No
If ves to any of the a	bove. site will be ex	cluded from further assessment.
Development Poter		
-		land or town centre use floor space):
15 dwellings.		
Density calculator		30 dwellings per hectare – apartments.
Suitability Assessme	ent	
Constraint	Score	Comments
	red/amber/green	
Access to site		Highway Objection to the proposed allocation.
		Adequate visibility from existing access to the south on
		A1151 Norwich Road is likely to be unachievable.
		Footpath runs along the southern boundary of the site.
Accessibility to		Site is within the development boundary.
local services and		Bus stop: 200m
facilities		Train station: 904m
		Roys: 525m
		Primary school: 1km
		GP: 1.6Km
		Secondary school: 1.2km
Utilities Capacity		
Utilities		There are cables overhead along the boundary of the
Infrastructure		site. Substation on site. There are AW assets within the
		proposed sites – comprising foul sewers. There are
		easements for many of our underground assets, and
		the design and layout should ensure that these assets
		are within public open space or roads and not built over
		or in private gardens, so that maintenance and repairs
		can be carried out when necessary.
Contamination and		Agent says: 'As a former commercial/industrial site it is
ground stability		likely that a degree of ground remediation would be
		required prior to residential redevelopment'.
Flood Risk		In flood zone 1 mainly. Area around office is flood zone
		2. Major surface water issues / constraints identified
		which will require further assessment.
Coastal Change		

Market		Has potential to be attractive as a place to visit and live
Attractiveness		as it is an area in the Broads. Potential concern
		regarding bringing residential
Impact	Score	Comments
	red/amber/green	
Nationally and		Development would need to be led by consideration of
Locally Significant		the immediately adjacent characters which are quite
Landscapes		varied, for example the resi areas to the southeast are
Townscape		quite green, cohesive and positive. The principle of
		development on the site is likely to be acceptable but
		the scale and design will need to be appropriate to the
		transitional character of the area (sitting between the
		boatyards and residential area) and the predominant
		scale of development at the northern end of Staitheway
		Road, within the conservation area. The transition
		between resi and the commercial boating area would
		need some careful thought, so again boundary
		treatments and frontages would need consideration
		and probably some guiding principles written in. Some
		consideration would be needed in terms of visibility
		from the water itself, along with the wider surroundings
		to guide building heights. Materials, building heights
		and overall massing will need to be correctly guided. 15
		apartments could be of a scale and massing that is
		excessive and incongruous in this location. 15 units
		could be too many.
Biodiversity and		The site could support protected species namely bats
Geodiversity		and birds, possibly reptiles and hedgehog.
Historic		Any development would have the potential to affect
Environment		the setting of two designated heritage assets as well as
		that of the locally identified heritage assets at 35-37
		Staitheway Road. The setting of these heritage assets
		will therefore need to be considered.
		Borders a conservation area.
Open Space		
Transport and		Agent says: 'As a commercial site both of these accesses
Roads		would have dealt with reasonably high levels of traffic and the vehicle movements associated with the
		proposed residential redevelopment of the site must be considered in the context of this recent historical use.
		Pre-application discussions with NCC have been carried
		out (see submitted pre-a for details) and, based on the
		outcome of these discussions, it is not considered that
		outcome of these discussions, it is not considered lide

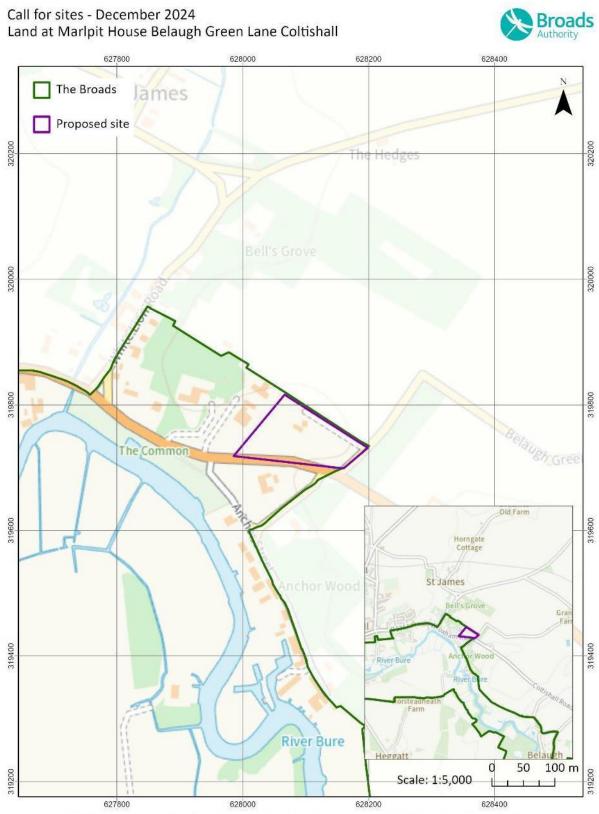
		highways represents a significant constraint in the
		development of this site'.
		Will closing two car parks result in illegal or
		inconsiderate parking by those visiting the site?
Compatibility with		Whilst holiday homes exist a similar distance to the
neighbouring /	boatyards in the area, this would be bringing	
adjoining uses		permanent residential nearer to a working boatyard.
		Asked Agent regarding loss of car park spaces and
		potential for illegal/inconsiderate parking in the area as
		a result. Agent says 'There are no staff as the car park
		served the former Windboats sheds - these have been
		demolished. The car park is occasionally used as
		overflow by Norfolk Broad Direct, however that is an ad
		hoc and occasional use and represents a very low value
		use of a well-located site'.
Local Plan Designati	ons (add further	lines as required)
Designation	Policy reference Comments	
None		
Availability Assessm	ent (will require	liaison with landowners)
Is the site being	No. The site was	marketed in 2018 for a period of circa 6 months, being
marketed?	made available a	as general employment land. After a marketing campaign
Add any detail as	lasting 6 months	s (comprising 2 months of targeted approaches to
necessary (e.g., where,	prospective pure	chases by the applicants, and 4 months of wider marketing
by whom, how much for etc.)	through Arnolds	s, the agent) there were no viable enquiries made in respect
	of the site. The s	site has subsequently lain empty and largely unused, and the
	landowner has r	eceived no enquiries over this further period.
When might the	Immediately	\checkmark
site be available	Within 5	\checkmark
for development	years	
(tick as	5-10 years	
appropriate)	10-15 years	
	15-20 years	
	Comments:	
Estimated annual bu	Estimated annual build out rate Agent says will take up to 1 year to complete, so 15	
(including justification	ncluding justification): dwellings per year is presumed.	
Comments Agent says will take up to 1 year to complete.		
Achievability (includ	ling viability)	
Comments	Agent says 'The	demand for smaller, high quality housing to address the
	desire for reside	ents in the village to 'downsize' to is well established (see, for
	example, the supporting text to the Wroxham Neighbourhood Plan policy	
	HBE2). Given the	e recent issues with nutrient neutrality, there has been a
	•	

Overcoming Constraints Comments Highway Objection to the proposed allocation. Adequate visibility from existing access to the south on A1151 Norwich Road is likely to be unachievable. Major surface water issues / constraints identified which will require further assessment There are AW assets within the proposed sites – comprising foul sewers. There are easements for many of our underground assets, and the design and layout should ensure that these assets are within public open space or roads and not built over or in private gardens, so that maintenance and repairs can be carried out when necessary. Development would need to be led by consideration of the immediately adjacent characters which are quite varied The scale and design will need to be appropriate to the transitional character of the area (sitting between the boatyards and residential area) and the predominant scale of development at the northern end of Staitheway Road, within the conservation area. The transition between resi and the commercial boating area would need consideration and probably some guiding principles written in. Some consideration would be needed in terms of visibility from the water itself, along with the wider surroundings to guide building heights. Materials, building heights and overall massing will need to be correctly guided. Is apartments could be of a scale and massing that is excessive and incongruous in this location. 15 units could be too many <		dearth of viable, sustainably located smaller sites for SME developers to bring forward. This site could help to address this demand'.
 Highway Objection to the proposed allocation. Adequate visibility from existing access to the south on A1151 Norwich Road is likely to be unachievable. Major surface water issues / constraints identified which will require further assessment There are AW assets within the proposed sites – comprising foul sewers. There are easements for many of our underground assets, and the design and layout should ensure that these assets are within public open space or roads and not built over or in private gardens, so that maintenance and repairs can be carried out when necessary. Development would need to be led by consideration of the immediately adjacent characters which are quite varied The scale and design will need to be appropriate to the transitional character of the area (sitting between the boatyards and residential area) and the predominant scale of development at the northern end of Staitheway Road, within the conservation area. The transition between resi and the commercial boating area would need consideration and probably some guiding principles written in. Some consideration would be needed in terms of visibility from the water itself, along with the wider surroundings to guide building heights. Materials, building heights and overall massing will need to be correctly guided. 15 apartments could be of a scale and massing that is excessive and incongruous in this location. 15 units could be too many The site could support protected species namely bats and birds, possibly reptiles and hergehog. Any development would have the potential to affect the setting of two designated heritage assets as well as that of the locally identified heritage assets at 33-37 Staitheway Road. The setting of these heritage assets will therefore need to be considered. Borders a conservation area. Design will need to consider and enhance the footpath that runs along the southern boundary of the site. Amenity c		
 existing access to the south on A1151 Norwich Road is likely to be unachievable. Major surface water issues / constraints identified which will require further assessment There are AW assets within the proposed sites – comprising foul sewers. There are easements for many of our underground assets, and the design and layout should ensure that these assets are within public open space or roads and not built over or in private gardens, so that maintenance and repairs can be carried out when necessary. Development would need to be led by consideration of the immediately adjacent characters which are quite varied The scale and design will need to be appropriate to the transitional character of the area (sitting between the boatyards and residential area) and the predominant scale of development at the northern end of Staitheway Road, within the conservation area. The transition between resi and the commercial boating area would need some careful thought, so again boundary treatments and frontages would need consideration and probably some guiding principles written in. Some consideration would be needed in terms of visibility from the water itself, along with the wider surroundings to guide building heights. Materials, building heights and overall massing that is excessive and incongruous in this location. 15 units could be too many The site could support protected species namely bats and birds, possibly reptiles and hedgehog. Any development would have the potential to affect the setting of two designated heritage assets as well as that of the locally identified heritage assets will therefore need to be considered. Borders a conservation area. Design will hered to consider and enhance the footpath that runs along the southern boundary of the site. Amenity concerns by bringing residential dwellings near to a boatyard. Concern re impact of closing both car parks. Likely need to addres	Overcoming Const	raints
 Scheme would need to address overhead lines and substation. Scheme would need to consider the surface water issues. 		 Highway Objection to the proposed allocation. Adequate visibility from existing access to the south on A1151 Norwich Road is likely to be unachievable. Major surface water issues / constraints identified which will require further assessment There are AW assets within the proposed sites – comprising foul sewers. There are easements for many of our underground assets, and the design and layout should ensure that these assets are within public open space or roads and not built over or in private gardens, so that maintenance and repairs can be carried out when necessary. Development would need to be led by consideration of the immediately adjacent characters which are quite varied The scale and design will need to be appropriate to the transitional character of the area (sitting between the boatyards and residential area) and the predominant scale of development at the northern end of Staitheway Road, within the conservation area. The transition between resi and the commercial boating area would need consideration and probably some guiding principles written in. Some consideration would be needed in terms of visibility from the water itself, along with the wider surroundings to guide building heights. Materials, building heights and overall massing will need to be correctly guided. 15 apartments could be of a scale and massing that is excessive and incongruous in this location. 15 units could be too many The site could support protected species namely bats and birds, possibly reptiles and hedgehog. Any development would have the potential to affect the setting of two designated heritage assets as well as that of the locally identified heritage assets will therefore need to be considered. Borders a conservation area. Design will need to consider and enhance the footpath that runs along the southern boundary of the site. Amenity concerns

	GI RAMS – payment likely.		
	 BNG – on site or off-site mitigation. 		
	Nutrient enrichment mitigation.		
Trajectory of develo	pment		
Comments	Delivered after around 5 years, but taking 1 year to develop.		
Barriers to Delivery			
Comments	 Highway Objection to the proposed allocation. Adequate visibility from existing access to the south on A1151 Norwich Road is likely to be unachievable. Will closing two car parks result in illegal or inconsiderate parking by those visiting the site? 		
Conclusion (e.g., is included in the theoretical capacity)			
According to the HEI	LAA assessment, the site is not suitable for residential development.		

15. Land at Marlpit House, Belaugh Green Lane, Coltishall

15.1. Map of site



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15.2. Photos of site



Looking along the drive to the road access

Showing the house, parking area and garden.



Looking to the eastern part of the garden in front of the house



Looking to the north west of the site.



Showing the western boundary of the site





Looking north, showing the house and parking area

Looking south from the house/parking area



Looking east

15.3. Stakeholder comments

Stakeholder	Comments
Broads Authority Development Management Team	This site is reasonably well located in relation to Coltishall so may be acceptable on that basis. The trouble is the site features a fairly sizeable property on a site that has many trees, with the property appearing to be roughly in the middle, and the provision of open amenity space suiting the size of the dwelling. To allow further development on this site would be detrimental to the appearance of the site and its contribution to the character and appearance of the surrounding area, street scene, and adjacent conservation area. Officers do not think this is the kind of application we should be supporting.
Broads Authority Heritage and Design	The site sits immediately adjacent to the grade II listed Coltishall Hall to the west and the Coltishall Conservation Area on two side (the west and south) – both designated heritage assets the setting of which will need to be considered. The site contains a large detached house sitting on a substantial plot, which is characteristic of the area. It also enjoys good tree cover with a number of mature trees.

Stakeholder	Comments	
	It may be possible to accommodate a limited amount (one unit) of additional residential accommodation on the site but I would have concerns that two units would be over-development and may also be hard to achieve without damage to the trees which contribute to the character of the area.	
Norfolk County Council Heritage	Based on currently available information would not ask for conditions for archaeological work.	
Coltishall Parish Council	It was AGREED there are no suitable sites for residential development, gypsy/traveller sites or residential moorings and caravans in the conservation area of Coltishall.	
Norfolk County Council Education	General Comments, on sites of less than 20 proposed dwellings The other sites are deemed suitable to support the existing schools the communities serve and will promote and support the sustainability of the schools in close proximity. Consideration of the impact on walking and cycle routes should be achieved in order to support sustainable modes of transport and reduce families using their motor car where possible.	
Broads Authority Landscape Architect	Landscape thoughts are that I wouldn't support it, as although the site and this part of the character area generally is relatively enclosed within mature landscape (and therefore few views are possible), I couldn't support division of the plot. These large plots are characteristic of settlement in the area, and I consider this one is particularly important as its on the edge of the settlement fringe and it does not make sense to further densify urbanisation in this location. I'm aware there are a couple of newer developments in this location to the east beyond Abbey Court along Wroxham Rd and at Llawhaden House (outside the BA administrative area I believe), I believe allocating any sites in this area would lead to later pressure for infill development which would be damaging to the setting of Coltishall.	
Norfolk County Council Highways	Highway Objection to the proposed allocation. There is a lack of footway provision. Adequate visibility from access is likely to be unachievable.	
Norfolk County Council – Lead Local Flood Authority.	 Located within Flood Zone 1 but FZ2 and FZ3 lie in close proximity to the west of the site. No on-site sewers. Off-site: Foul sewers run along White Lion Road. Located within Source Protection Zone 3 (SPPZ). No flood records on-site. Off-site: Flooding records within 500m. On-site: None. Off-site Surface water flow paths and areas of surface water ponding / pooling within 0.1%, 1% and 3.33% AEP events within 500m of site. Site lies outside of the Norfolk Rivers Internal Drainage Board area. No onsite watercourses, however ordinary watercourses (some within the IDB area) and an EA main river located within 100m. LLFA Assessment: No major surface water issues / constraints identified (Green RAG) 	

Stakeholder	Comments
Anglian Water Services	The site is within the Belaugh WRC catchment which has dry weather flow headroom available to accommodate the proposed site subject to this being within a reasonable distance to connect to the public sewer. There are no AW assets within the site.
Essex and Suffolk Water	This site is upstream of our water abstraction point at Belaugh and so we would be keen to see careful consideration for water quality in the Bure, with any development proposal. We do not supply water to customers in this area.
Broads Authority Ecologist	 From the aerial photos significant mature trees are present on site – these trees and the hedgerows present should be retained and enhanced. The site is likely to support protected species, namely roosting and commuting bats, and nesting birds. Reptiles and hedgehog may also be present. A county wildlife site is less than 100 metres to the south. The site is less than 100 metres from the River Bure, possible water quality issues may arise.

15.4. Site assessment

Planning history:

Application number	Description	Decision	Date
	New vehicular entrance and driveway to existing dwelling.	Approve Subject to	14 Oct 2024
BA/2024/0265/HOUSEH	Formalising of entrance with hedging, gates and fence	Conditions	

Site address: Land at Marlp	it House, Belaugh Green Lane, Coltishall
Current planning status e.g., with permission, allocated, suggested through the Call for Sites etc.	Suggested through December 2024 call for sites.
Site Size (hectares)	1.31 hectares
Greenfield / Brownfield	Garden land and trees
Ownership (if known) (private/public etc.)	Private
Absolute Constraints Check	
Is the site in a	
SPA, SAC, SSSI or Ramsar	No
National Nature Reserve	No
Ancient Woodland	No
Flood risk zone 3b	No - Flood zone 1 according to SFRA

Scheduled Ancient M	Nonument	Νο
Statutory Allotments		No
Locally Designated Green Space		No
At risk from Coastal Erosion		No
If yes to any of the a	bove, site will be exc	luded from further assessment.
Development Poten	tial	
(number of dwellings, he	ectares of employment la	and or town centre use floor space):
2 dwellings.		
Density calculator 1.53 dwellings per hectare		
Suitability Assessme	ent	
Constraint	Score	Comments
	red/amber/green	
Access to site		Vehicles currently access the site from Belaugh Green
		Lane down a long driveway. Highway Objection to the
		proposed allocation. There is a lack of footway
		provision. Adequate visibility from access is likely to be
		unachievable.
Accessibility to		1.6km to GP and school.
local services and		1.5km to shop.
facilities		600m to bus stop, but no peak hour services.
		No footway for entire length to these services.
Utilities Capacity		Generally acceptable although detail regarding
		sewerage disposal required. This site is upstream of an
		Essex and Suffolk water abstraction point at Belaugh
		and so we would be keen to see careful consideration
		for water quality in the Bure, with any development
		proposal.
Utilities		
Infrastructure		
Contamination and		
ground stability Flood Risk		Inflood zono 1. Como curfoco uctor flood rich en cita
		In flood zone 1. Some surface water flood risk on site.
Coastal Change		Other then limited consists and fasilities reaches have
Market		Other than limited services and facilities nearby, has
Attractiveness		potential to be attractive as a place to visit and live as it
Impact	Score	is an area in the Broads
Impact	Score red/amber/green	Comments
Nationally and		To allow further development on this site would be
Locally Significant		detrimental to the appearance of the site and its
Landscapes		contribution to the character and appearance of the
Townscape		surrounding area, street scene, and adjacent
		conservation area. Site enjoys good tree cover with a
		number of mature trees. These large plots are

		characteristic of settlement in the area, and this one is particularly important as its on the edge of the settlement fringe and it does not make sense to further densify urbanisation in this location.	
Biodiversity and		The site is likely to support protected species, namely	
Geodiversity		roosting and commuting bats, and nesting birds.	
		Reptiles and hedgehog may also be present. Mature	
		trees.	
Historic	The site sits immediately adjacent to the grade II listed		
Environment		Coltishall Hall to the west and the Coltishall	
		Conservation Area on two side (the west and south) –	
		both designated heritage assets the setting of which	
		will need to be considered.	
Open Space			
Transport and			
Roads			
Compatibility with			
neighbouring /			
adjoining uses			
	Local Plan Designations (add further lines as required)		
Designation	Policy reference	e Comments	
None			
-	ient (win require	liaison with landowners)	
Is the site being marketed?	Νο		
Add any detail as	110		
necessary (e.g., where,			
necessary (e.g., where, by whom, how much			
by whom, how much for etc.)			
by whom, how much for etc.) When might the	Immediately	✓	
by whom, how much for etc.) When might the site be available	Within 5	✓ ✓	
by whom, how much for etc.) When might the site be available for development	Within 5 years		
by whom, how much for etc.) When might the site be available for development (tick as	Within 5 years 5-10 years		
by whom, how much for etc.) When might the site be available for development	Within 5 years 5-10 years 10-15 years		
by whom, how much for etc.) When might the site be available for development (tick as	Within 5 years 5-10 years 10-15 years 15-20 years		
by whom, how much for etc.) When might the site be available for development (tick as appropriate)	Within 5 years 5-10 years 10-15 years 15-20 years Comments:		
by whom, how much for etc.) When might the site be available for development (tick as appropriate) Estimated annual bu	Within 5 years 5-10 years 10-15 years 15-20 years Comments: ild out rate	✓ Agent says will take up to 2 years to complete, so 1	
by whom, how much for etc.) When might the site be available for development (tick as appropriate) Estimated annual bu (including justification	Within 5 years 5-10 years 10-15 years 15-20 years Comments: aild out rate on):	 ✓ Agent says will take up to 2 years to complete, so 1 dwelling per year is presumed. 	
by whom, how much for etc.) When might the site be available for development (tick as appropriate) Estimated annual bu (including justification Comments	Within 5 years 5-10 years 10-15 years 15-20 years Comments: aild out rate on): Agent says will	✓ Agent says will take up to 2 years to complete, so 1	
by whom, how much for etc.) When might the site be available for development (tick as appropriate) Estimated annual bu (including justification Comments Achievability (including	Within 5 years 5-10 years 10-15 years 15-20 years Comments: aild out rate on): Agent says will aing viability)	 ✓ Agent says will take up to 2 years to complete, so 1 dwelling per year is presumed. take up to 2 years to complete. 	
by whom, how much for etc.) When might the site be available for development (tick as appropriate) Estimated annual bu (including justification Comments	Within 5 years 5-10 years 10-15 years 15-20 years Comments: aild out rate on): Agent says will ding viability) Agent says: 'The	✓ Agent says will take up to 2 years to complete, so 1 dwelling per year is presumed. take up to 2 years to complete. e delivery of two self-build plots on the site is achievable for	
by whom, how much for etc.) When might the site be available for development (tick as appropriate) Estimated annual bu (including justification Comments Achievability (including	Within 5 years 5-10 years 10-15 years 15-20 years Comments: aild out rate on): Agent says will ding viability) Agent says: 'The the following re	 ✓ Agent says will take up to 2 years to complete, so 1 dwelling per year is presumed. take up to 2 years to complete. 	

	sought after within the Broads Local Area; - Coltishall achieves high market		
	value and interest and as such will ensure upmost economic viability'.		
Overcoming Constr	aints		
Comments	 Highway Objection to the proposed allocation. There is a lack of footway provision. Adequate visibility from access is likely to be unachievable. To allow further development on this site would be detrimental to the appearance of the site and its contribution to the character and appearance of the surrounding area, street scene, and adjacent conservation area. The site is likely to support protected species, namely roosting and commuting bats, and nesting birds. Reptiles and hedgehog may also be present. Mature trees. Address setting of heritage assets. GI RAMS – payment likely. BNG – on site or off site mitigation. Nutrient enrichment mitigation required. Some surface water flood risk on site. No key services. 		
Trajectory of develo			
Comments	Delivered after around 5 years, but taking 2 years to develop.		
Barriers to Delivery			
Comments	Access to services.		
	Landscape/townscape impact.		
	Highways objection.		
	Adequate visibility from access is likely to be unachievable.		
Conclusion (e.g., is	included in the theoretical capacity)		
According to the HE	LAA assessment, the site is not suitable for residential development.		