Welcome

Broads Engage

Biodiversity & Water theme

Welcome

Broads Engage

Biodiversity & Water theme Introduction Simon Hooton

Agenda

| Presentation: Assets and pressures | Andrea Kelly |
|--|-------------------------|
| Presentation: Framework for action | Karen Kramer- Wilson |
| Group discussion - pressures | |
| Tea break (14:45) | |
| Presentation: Taking action, our proposals | Andrea Kelly |
| Group discussion - actions | |
| Sum up (16:30) | Rory Sanderson |

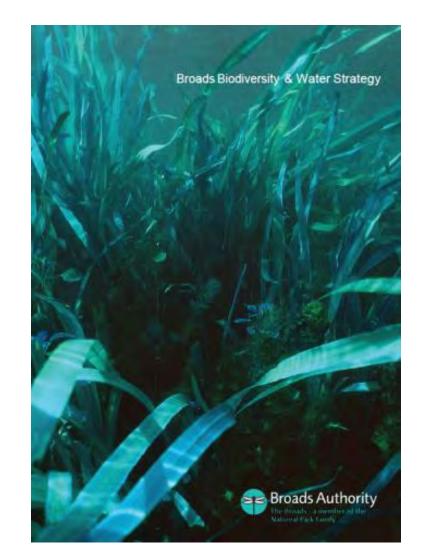
Broads Engage

Assets and Pressures

Biodiversity & Water theme Andrea Kelly

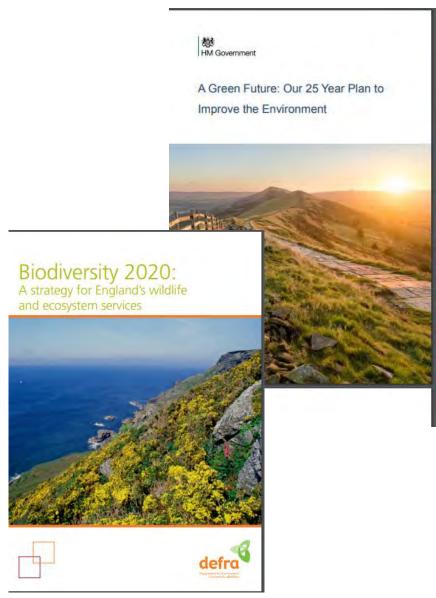
Broads Biodiversity and Water (2013)

The Broads Plan (2017) identifies a need to protect and enhance biodiversity and the water environment, including at the catchment scale.



Builds on other relevant strategies

- Integrated Access Strategy (2013)
- Broads Tourism Strategy (2016)
- Broads Education Strategy (2017)
- Broads Volunteer Strategy (2017)
- Broads Climate Change Adaptation Plan (2016)



Evidence base

- Biodiversity Audit (2011)
- Lake Review (2015)
- Species trends & data (birds, vegetation, hydrology)
- Active research

October 2011

Biodiversity Audit and Tolerance Sensitivity Mapping for the Broads

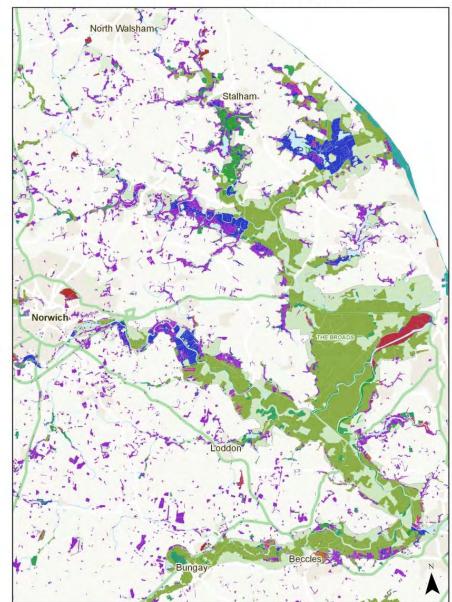




Main habitats

- 1. Fen
- 2. Grazing marsh and ditches
- 3. Wet woodland
- 4. Estuary
- 5. Rivers and broads
- Heath and sand dune

Priority Habitat Inventory - Last modified 2015



Contains public sector information licensed under the Open Government Licence v2.0. © Natural England.

Biodiversity Audit







• 11,067 species

1,519 priority species

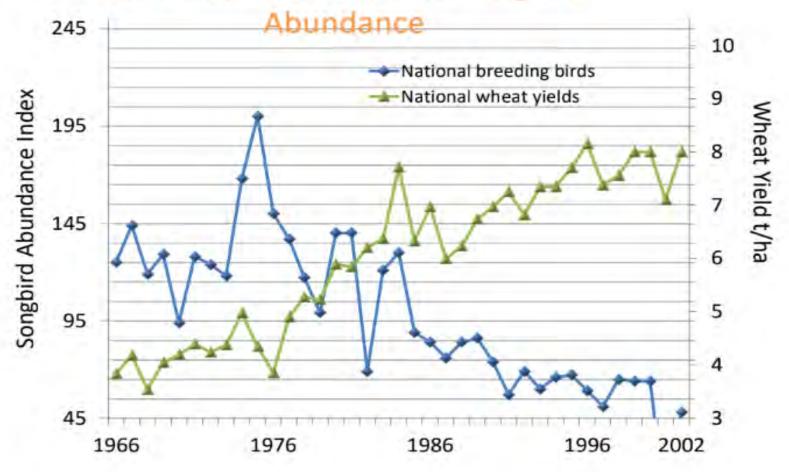
 66 regional specialists

Pressures remain similar



Pressures

UK Wheat Production Vs Songbird

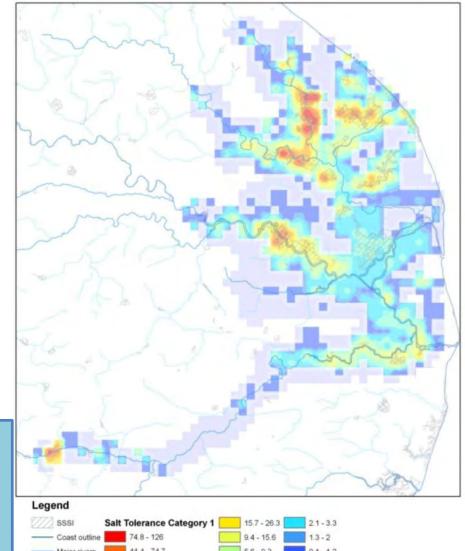


Game and Wildlife Trust

Climate change & sea level rise

Greater likelihood of flooding due to increasing occurrence and severity of weather events

63% of priority species (79% of regional specialities) can't cope with brackish conditions



Climate warming

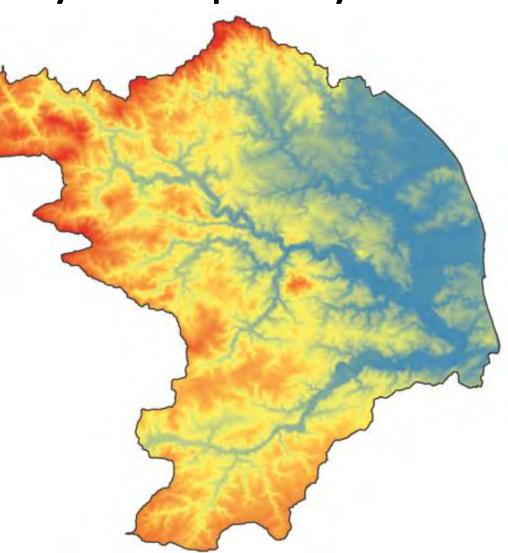
- Dry habitats resulting in species losses
- Stagnation and dissolved oxygen crashes with reduced freshwater flow and summer storms
- Increased risk of fires and damage to habitat and peatland resource
- Colonisation by species such as willow emerald damselfly and egrets
- Birds arriving over 20 days earlier than they did in the 60s



© Jeff Hazell

Water quantity and quality

- Water abstraction
- Waste water & diffuse water pollution

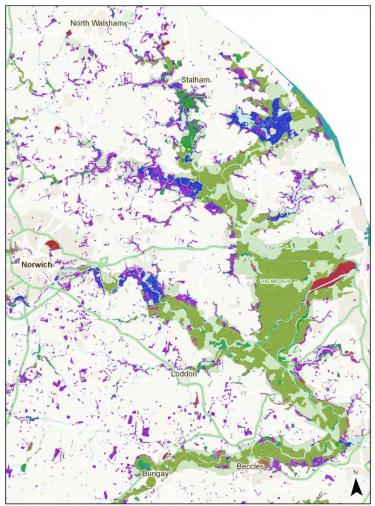


Land management

Examples:

- drainage results in land subsidence
- lack of scrub removal results in woodland development and loss of rare fen communities

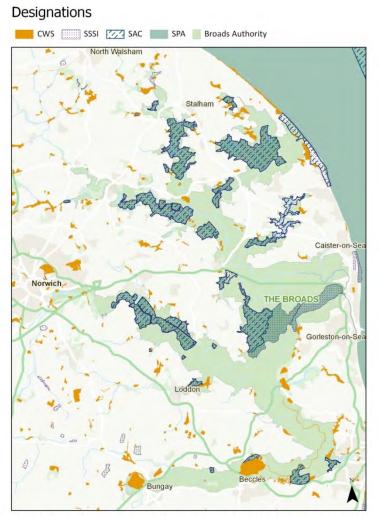
Priority Habitat Inventory - Last modified 2015





Visitor numbers

- Direct disturbance to wildlife and habitats, such as breeding birds & trampling of sand dunes.
- Improved engagement with people about nature & local economy



Contains public sector information licensed under the Open Government Licence v2.0. © Natural England. © Norfolk Biodivsersity Information Service. © Suffolk Biological Records Centre.

Broads Engage Framework for action

Biodiversity & Water theme Karen Kramer-Wilson



Natural England – Framework for Action

Karen Kramer Wilson Broads Focus Area – Senior Team Lead

www.gov.uk/natural-england



• The 'How' or 'Way' we work in the Broads

Framework for Action

- NE's Guiding Principles and Policy that support successful approaches for tackling pressures
- Roles, Resources, Responsibilities specific to NE
- Ambitions and Intentions moving forward

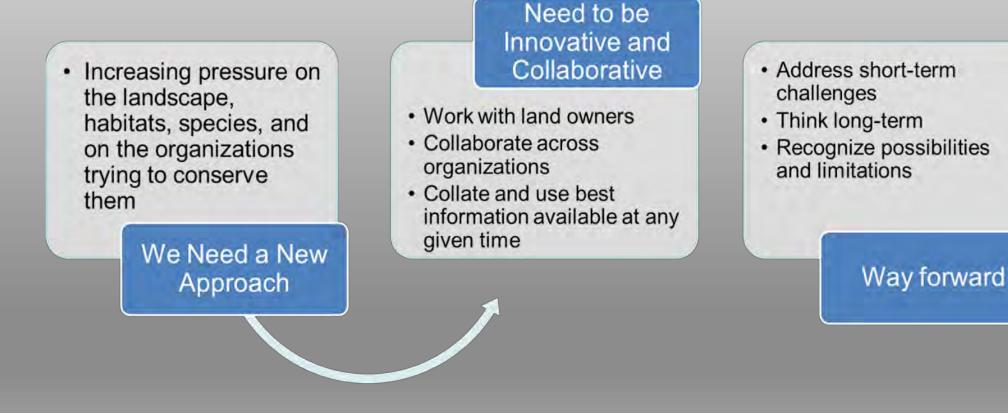
Broads Landscape





Collaboration is Key





Broads Partnership Landscape



- There are many organisations working in the Broads
- They all have different boundaries, roles, resources, responsibilities, duties, which makes it complex
- Working through the Broads Biodiversity Partnership and Broadland Catchment Partnership helps set shared objectives and develop projects together



Guiding Principles and Policies



NE's role under **Natural Environment and Rural Communities Act 2006** NERC

Natural England's general purpose is to ensure that the natural environment is conserved, enhanced and managed for the benefit of present and future generations, thereby contributing to sustainable development

- Promoting nature conservation and protecting biodiversity
- Conserving and enhancing the landscape
- Securing the provision and improvement of facilities for the study, understanding and enjoyment of the natural environment,





NE's role under Natural Environment and Rural Communities Act 2006 NERC

- Promoting access to the countryside and open spaces and encouraging open-air recreation
- Contributing in other ways to social and economic well-being through management of the natural environment
- May be carried out by working with local communities

Guiding Principles and Policies



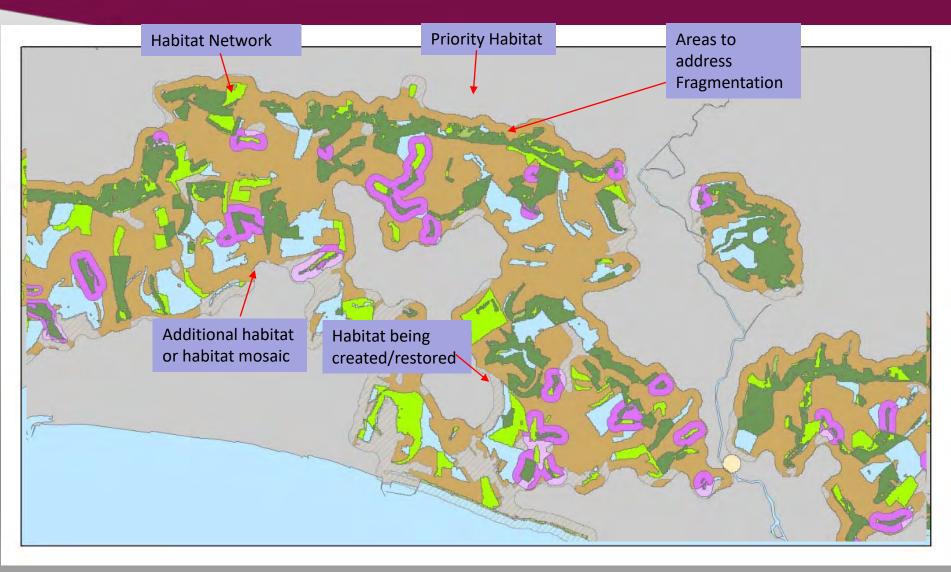
- Countryside Act 1968
- Water Framework Directive (WFD)
- Habitats Regulations apply to a variety of situations where European
 Protected Sites such as Special Protection Areas (SPAs) and Special Areas
 of Conservation (SACs) are likely to be affected
- SSSIs

Natural England's Intentions and Ambitions Under the 25 Year Plan



- Everything we do will contribute to the ambitions and outcomes of the Governments 25 Year Environment Plan
- We are outlining a distinctive contribution NE will make to maximise the impact of local action to deliver the 25YEP
- Four cornerstones taken directly from the 25YEP frame our ambition
- Local Natural Capital Plans and Nature Recovery Networks are about local priority setting
- ELMS system and Net Gain are about new tools to deliver against those priorities

Natural England's Intentions and Ambitions Under the 25 Year Plan



NATURAL



Agri-Environmental Schemes

Funding Opportunities

- Participation in shared projects Heritage Lottery Funding
- Support of funded research projects
- Actively Explore Alternative Funding

Current Avenues for Support by NE Broads Focus Area Team



- Catchment Sensitive Farming
- Agri-Environmental Schemes existing
- National Nature Reserves
- Sites of Special Scientific Interest (SSSIs)
- Diffuse Water Pollution Planning EA/NE collaborative approach
- National Field Unit Specialist Services
- Sustainable Development Advice
- Externally Funded Projects Hoveton LIFE/HLF

Opportunities to Engage and Collaborate









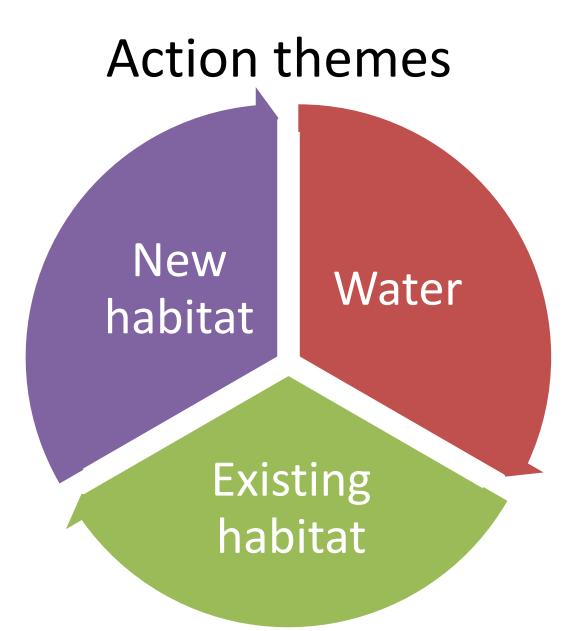
Feedback on Pressures

 Is the list of pressures about right?
 Is there anything missing from our identified pressures?

Broads Engage

Taking action, our proposals

Biodiversity & Water theme Andrea Kelly



1. Restoring, maintaining and enhancing water quality to **achieve 'good' ecological status/potential**

a. Lake restoration



- PCLake predictive model
- Erosion protection & fishery enhancement
- Norwich River Wensum Strategy
- Whitlingham maintaining clear water
- Hickling lake restoration



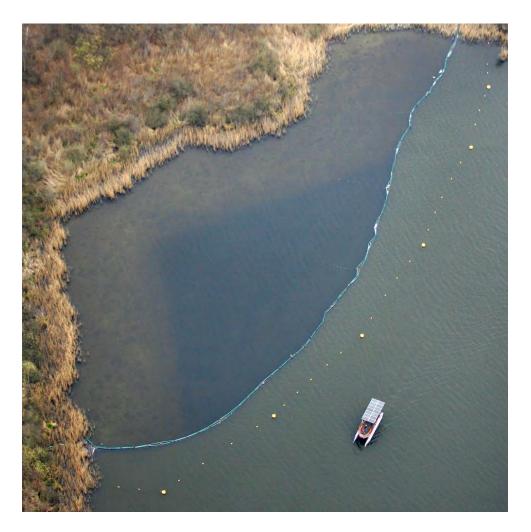




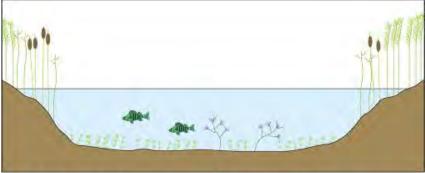


European Regional Development Fund EUROPEAN UNION

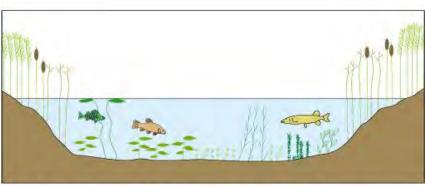
Barton lake restoration



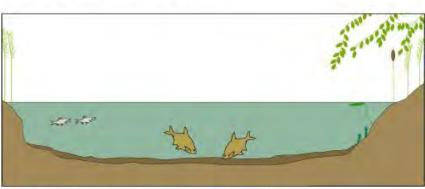
© Mike Page



Phase 1 - low nutrient, clear water, carpets of stoneworts and other pondweeds, mixed fish population



Phase 2 - medium nutrient, clear water, mix of abundant submerged and floating vegetation, mixed fish population



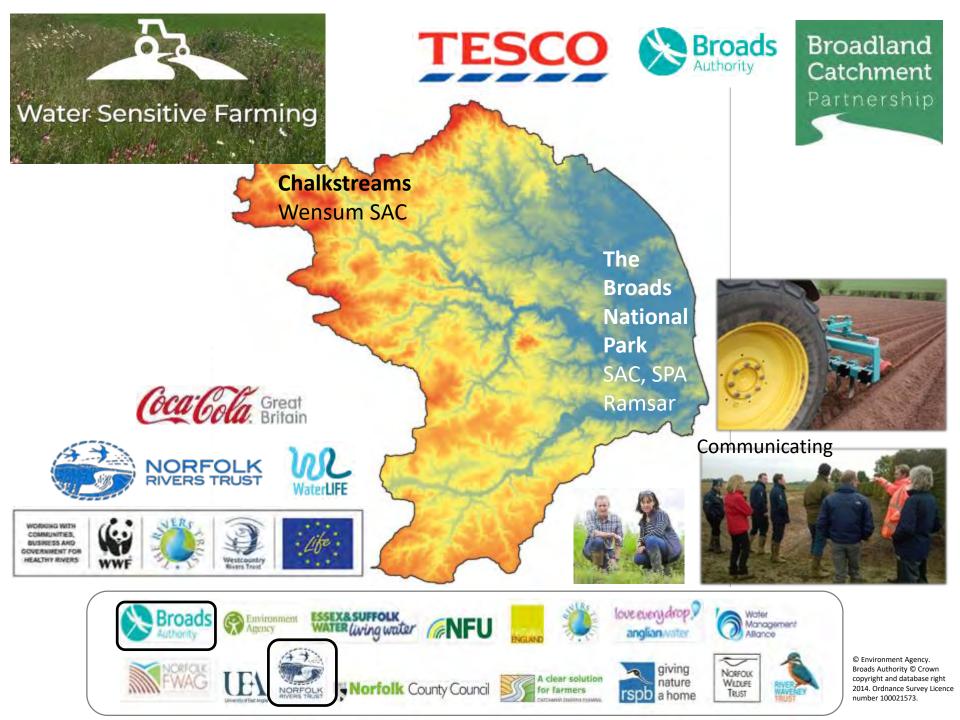
Phase 3 - high nutrient, murky water, few or no water plants, mainly small roach and bream

1. Restoring, maintaining and enhancing water quality to **achieve 'good' ecological status/potential**

b. Reduce pointand diffusepollution



- Boat speed compliance checks
- Policy responses (e.g. water abstraction, agriculture)
- Litter picks
- Water Sensitive Farming



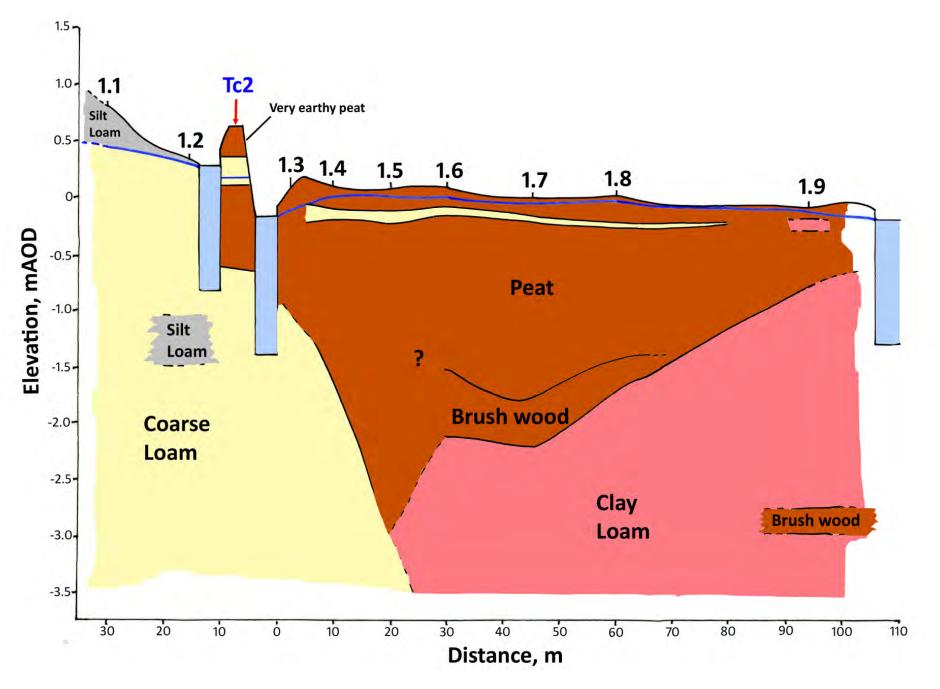
2. Managing existing fen, reed bed, wet grassland and wet woodland

a. Maintain &enhance existingareas





- Supporting reed cutters
- Development of Environment Land Management Scheme (Defra)
- New wetland products, citizen science CANAPE (EU)
- Managing and restoring fen How Hill (WEG)



© Tim Pankhurst

2. Managing existing fen, reed bed, wet grassland and wet woodland

b. Priority species



- Monitor (e.g. swallowtail)
- Translocate (fen orchid, snail, fen raft spider)
- Swift tower
- Bats & owls







2. Managing existing fen, reed bed, wet grassland and wet woodland

Mink Project

Floating pennywort

- Biosecurity campaigns
- Biocontrol



c. Invasive non-

native species

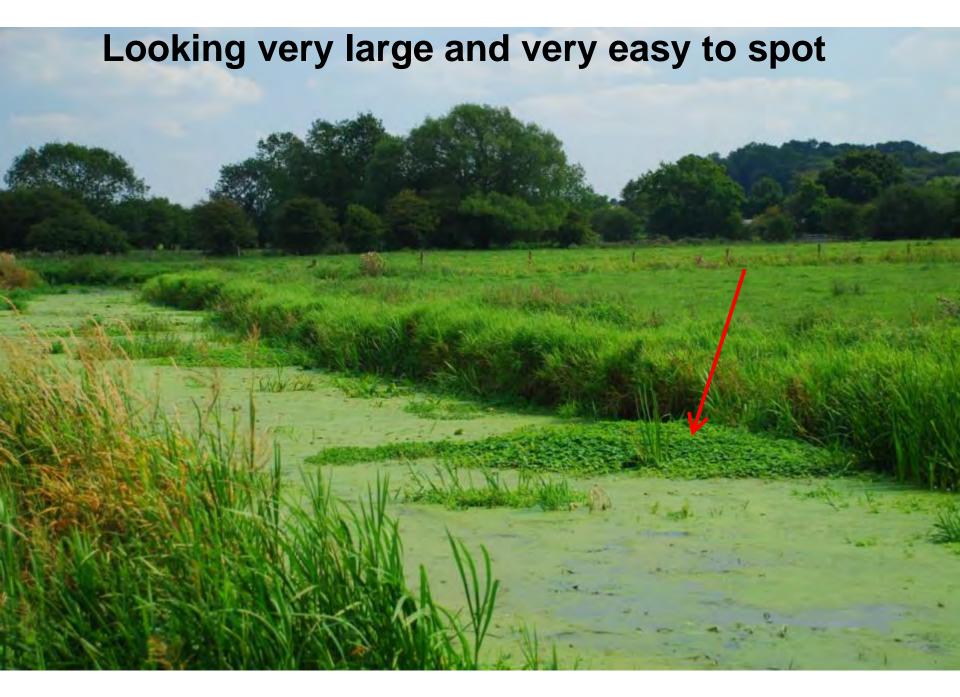








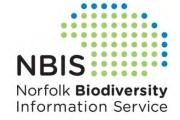




3.Extend & create new biodiverse areas, habitat networks and buffer zones within the Broads catchment

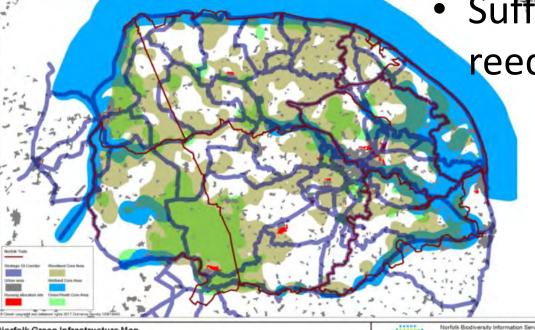
a. Create 'bigger, better and more joined up' areas

- Natural Capital Assessment
- Norfolk Bat Conservation Strategy
- Suffolk Broads creating reedbed with dredgings



Cartography by Environment Systems Ltd. Version: February 2017.

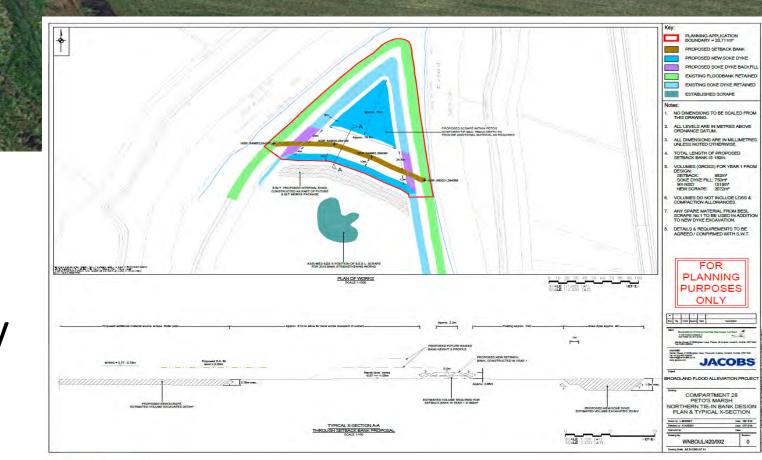
Contains Ordnance Survey data © Crown copyright and database right 2017. @Norfolk County Council. SCIMAP Durham University. SENSE mapping model © Environment Systems Ltd. © Crown copyright and database rights [year of supply] Ordnance Survey 100021573. You are permitted to use this data solely to enable you to respond to, or interact with, the organisation that provided you with the data. You are not permitted to copy, sub-licence, distribute or sell any of this data to third parties in any form. © GetMapping & Bluesky International 2017.



Norfolk Green Infrastructure Map Strategic GI corridors and habitat core areas Scale 1 350000 Completed by M. Horlock on 18 October 2017 Norfolk Biodiversity Information Service County Hall Martineau Lane Norwich NR1 2SG

NBIS

Petos Marsh Waveney



3.Extend & create new biodiverse areas, habitat networks and buffer zones within the Broads catchment

b. Improve
partnership
coordination and
communication

- Broads Biodiversity Partnership & research workshops
- Wild Watch (camera loan)





Helping facilitate and record discussions....

Christine Luxton – Suffolk Wildlife Trust Karen Kramer-Wilson - Natural England Sarah Burston - Norfolk County Council **Rory Sanderson - Environment Agency** Sid Cooper - Forestry Commission Kate Warwick - Environment Agency Joseph Kenworthy - Norfolk County Council Jamie Manners Broads - IDB

Group discussion about Actions

- 1. What are your thoughts about our actions?
- 2. Add your own actions?
- 3. How can we work together on our priorities?

Thank you

Broads Engage

Biodiversity & Water theme