

Planning Committee

06 March 2020 Agenda item number 13

Residential Moorings Guide for consultation

Report by Planning Policy Officer

Purpose

A guide on residential moorings has been drafted. It expands on some policy requirements, and also addresses what could help make a scheme successful and well run. It is intended to consult on the draft guide.

Recommended decision

To endorse the draft Residential Moorings Guide and recommend that Broads Authority approve it for consultation.

1. Introduction

- 1.1. The Local Plan for the Broads has a generic policy relating to residential moorings. It also allocates sites for residential moorings. As more residential moorings will be in place in the Broads over the coming years, we have produced a draft guide aimed at helping schemes be successful and well run. The Residential Moorings Guide addresses and expands on policy requirements, and other elements that might be appropriate for a residential moorings scheme to provide.
- 1.2. To help in the production of the Guide, we went on site visits to established residential mooring areas in the Midlands and west country, meeting with residents and site managers to discuss living on a boat and how schemes were run. This knowledge and experience has helped inform the draft Guide.

2. Navigation Committee and Boat Safety Group

2.1. Navigation Committee and the Boat Safety Group were asked by email for their comments on the draft Guide, and their responses are in Table 1.

Table 1Responses to draft RM Guide – NC and BSG

Comment	Response
Change 'judge' to judged and 'you' to your	Noted and changed.

Comment	Response
Impact of high winds - just wondered if there should be any mention of this somewhere in the guidance notes. Not sure if there is anything elsewhere but with the recent winds there have been boats blown over.	There is wording relating to what is expected at times of flood in the policy and in the guide. We could add in the guide a reference to other extremes of weather to the climate change and flood risk section.
Just thought there should be some mention of ensuring there is a plan / are plans for adequate charging points for boats as electric propulsion is something that is likely to happen in the near future.	That seems to be a Broads-wide issue to address. The policy does require provision of electricity for residential moorings. It might be more of a business decision by the operator if they wish to provide charging points for electric boats. No change proposed.
Re rowing boats: perhaps there should be to ensure there is an evacuation procedure in place to ensure everyone has adequate equipment to leave an island or at least a meeting place and how to get off safely in event of a fire / explosion / bomb alert etc	Noted. Some text added to refer to fire/emergency procedure.
I see a requirement for a vessel to have a boat safety certificate but I did not see the requirement for a toll to be paid or insurance.	Agreed and reference to this is added to the guide now.
Also, I think a vessel should demonstrate its ability to leave moorings at least once a year and cruise.	This may be something that the marina operator may wish to require, but it is not clear how we could require this or indeed monitor it through planning. No change proposed.
Thank you for giving the NSBA the opportunity to comment on the Draft Residential Moorings Guide. The draft guide appears to cover what is needed from such a document and with the limited time available no points for improvement have been found. It is noted that it is intended that the guide will go out for public consultation after consideration by the Planning Committee and the Broads Authority.	Support noted.

3. Consultation

3.1. If endorsed at today's meeting, it is intended to publish to draft Guide and the draft Marketing and Viability SPD for public consultation for a period of around six weeks. We will place a notice in the local newspaper, make copies of the Guide available at the usual venues around the Broads, and contact people on the planning policy stakeholder database to notify them of the consultation.

Author: Natalie Beal

Date of report: 21 February 2020

Broads Plan objectives

Appendix 1 - Draft Residential Moorings Guide



Residential Moorings Guide

February 2020

Broads Authority Yare House 62-64 Thorpe Road Norwich NR1 1RY

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1. Introduction

- 2 In the current Local Plan for the Broads, the Authority is required to identify a need (of 63
- 3 residential moorings¹) and subsequently allocate sites for residential moorings to count
- 4 towards that need. The Local Plan also contains a detailed policy that all proposals for
- 5 residential moorings are required to address (Policy DM37 see Appendix A).
- 6 This guide is designed to help implement the policies of the Local Plan relating to residential
- 7 moorings. It is designed for decision makers as well as applicants and site owners. It
- 8 contains useful information to help make schemes for residential moorings as successful as
- 9 possible.

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Consultation

- 11 This version is the draft for consultation. Please tell us your thoughts and suggest any
- 12 changes you think would make the Guide better and set out your reasons. This consultation
- runs from xxx to xxx. We will then read each of the comments received and respond. We
- may make changes if we agree with you. If we do not make changes we will set out why. The
- 15 final Guide will be adopted at a future meeting of the Broads Authority. Please email us your
- 16 comments: planningpolicy@broads-authority.gov.uk.
- 17 This consultation document and consultation process have been developed to adhere to the
- 18 Broads Authority's Statement of Community Involvement².
- 19 Information provided by you in response to this consultation, including personal data, may
- 20 be published or disclosed in accordance with the access to information regimes (these are
- 21 primarily the Freedom of Information Act 2000 (FOIA), the Data Protection Act 2018 (DPA),
- and the Environmental Information Regulations 2004). Please see Appendix B for the Privacy
- 23 Notice.
- 24 Are you satisfied that this consultation has followed the Consultation Principles? If not, or
- 25 you have any other observations about how we can improve the process, please contact us
- 26 at planningpolicy@broads-authority.gov.uk.

27 3. Residential Moorings - definitions

- 28 The supporting text of policy DM37 defines a residential mooring as 'a mooring where
- someone lives aboard a vessel (capable of navigation), where the vessel is used as the main
- residence, and where the vessel is moored in one location for more than 28 days in a year.
- 31 The vessel may occasionally/periodically go cruising and return to base'.

¹ Norfolk Caravans and Houseboats Accommodation Needs Assessment (ANA) including for Gypsies, Travellers and Travelling Show people

² Current Statement of Community Involvement

- 32 It goes on to say that 'for the purposes of this policy, it should be noted that there is an
- 33 expectation that the moorings will be occupied by a vessel of standard construction and
- 34 appearance and which is conventionally understood to be a boat. For the avoidance of
- doubt, the policy does not apply to houseboats. Houseboats are considered to be structures
- 36 without means of independent propulsion and will be dealt with on a case by case basis due
- 37 to their potential impact on character of the area'.

4. Acceptable location for residential moorings

- 39 Policy DM37 sets out where residential moorings may be acceptable (criterion a) and would
- 40 apply to applications for schemes in areas not allocated in the Local Plan. This section breaks
- 41 that down and provides some more information.
- i) 'Is in a mooring basin, marina or boatyard...'
- The reason for this requirement is to remove any potential impact on navigation
- 44 because of residential moorings as well as ensure access to boating facilities such as
- 45 pump outs and maintenance.

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- 46 ii) '...that is within or adjacent to a defined development boundary...'
- The development boundary could be one of the four in the Local Plan for the Broads³
- or could be set out in the adopted Local Plan of one of our 5 district councils (see
- 49 below for Norwich City). Development boundaries are areas within which housing
- 50 (and in this case, residential moorings) are generally supported in principle (but
- 51 subject to other policies in the Local Plan) because they have good access to key
- 52 services and are well related to the existing built up area of a settlement.
- 53 iii) '...or 800m/10 minutes walking distance to three or more key services...'
- Key services are set out in the supporting text for the policy and copied below. They
- reflect the Housing and Economic Land Availability Assessment methodology:
- A primary school
- A secondary school
- A local healthcare service (doctors' surgery)
- Retail and service provision for day to day needs (district/local shopping centre,
- 60 village shop)

- Local employment opportunities which are defined as follows, which reflect areas
- with potentially a number of and variety of job opportunities:
- o Existing employment areas allocated/identified in our districts' Local Plans; or

³ These are in Wroxham/Hoveton, Thorpe St Andrew, Oulton Broad and Horning. See policy DM35 of the Local Plan and see the maps here: <u>DMS35</u>: <u>Residential development within defined development boundaries Maps</u>

- 64 o City, Town or District Centre as identified in the Local Plan for the Broads or 65 our District's Local Plan. We note that this means such centres count towards 66 two of the three key services test; or
 - These sites that are allocated in the Local Plan for the Broads: BRU2, BRU4, CAN1, HOR6, POT1, STA1, TSA3.
 - A peak-time public transport service to and from a higher order settlement (peak time for the purposes of this criterion will be 7-9am and 4-6pm)
- Applications will need to submit supporting information about the location of these key services.
 - '...and the walking route is able to be used and likely to be used safely, all year round...'
 - The walking route that is 800m or 10 minutes' walk to the key services needs to be available and attractive for use all year round. In practice this will more likely mean surfaced footways rather than rural public rights of ways. This will be judged on a case by case basis in liaison with the Highways Authority. Applications will need to submit supporting information about the quality and experience of the routes used to travel between residential mooring and services.
 - '...or is in Norwich City Council's Administrative Area'
 Norwich City Council requested this addition as there are no mooring basins, marinas
 or boatyards in Norwich; this change now, in theory, allows for residential moorings
 in the City.
- 85 It is important to note that applications in Norwich will need to be determined by Norwich 86 City Council and the Broads Authority. Norwich City Council are the Local Planning Authority 87 for the land. The Broads Authority is the Local Planning Authority for the river. Policies of
- 88 both adopted Local Plans will be relevant to schemes in Norwich.

5. Flood Risk and climate change

- 90 The Authority will require site specific flood risk assessments including a flood response
- 91 plan. See policy DM5 of the Local Plan for the Broads as well as the Flood Risk SPD4.
- 92 Whilst the Authority appreciates that at times of flood the boat which is lived in will be
- already on water and is able to float, the issue is more to do with the risk arising because of
- 94 flooding in this instance. The supporting text of DM37 identifies some issues that need to be
- 95 addressed.

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⁴ See guidance for best practice <u>Broads Flood Risk Supplementary Planning Document</u>.

- a) The technique/method of mooring the vessel. The Flood Risk Assessment (FRA) should show how the boat will be moored to prevent it being too tight or too loose. If the vessel is moored too tightly it could list, and by being too loose it could float onto the landside of the quay heading or be cast adrift at times of flooding. Both scenarios have safety concerns for occupiers, possessions and other objects or vessels that could be hit by a loose boat, and should be addressed within the FRA.
 - b) A Flood Response Plan needs to be produced. While it is acknowledged that residential boats will float, the access to the boat could be disrupted at times of flood, causing the occupier to be stranded on board the boat. The Flood Response Plan needs to advise what the occupier should do at times of flood to ensure their safety whether they should evacuate the boat in advance of flooding or take refuge in the boat and therefore have supplies to help them sit out the flood.
 - c) Finally, the FRA should include consideration of how the boat moored at the residential mooring will be monitored at times of flood to make sure it does not cause damage to other vessels, and to prevent damage to the belongings on board and the boat itself.
- 112 Turning to climate change, you will be required to fill out a climate change checklist. This
- identifies various effects that could arise in a changing climate. Flood risk may be one of
- them, but there are others. Filling out the checklist may make you consider how you run and
- develop your site. For example, how will you address risks associated with a changing
- climate? How will you manage high winds as a result of storms for example?

6. Management plan

- 118 You will be required to produce a plan that sets out how the residential moorings will be
- 119 managed.

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- 120 The management plan will help ensure the site as a whole is appropriately managed. The
- management plan will be a condition on the permission given to an application for
- residential moorings. A breach of this management plan would then be a breach of
- 123 condition and could be enforced. You may already address these issues in some way.
- 124 It is expected that a Management Plan will cover the following. This list is not exhaustive
- and there may be other aspects that need to be covered.
- a) Site rules and/or terms and conditions.
- b) Noise expectations relating to noise. This could cover aspects such as generators,
 when engines will run and generally any noise that could be considered a nuisance.
- 120 Disass note that there is a bug law that could be of relevance. The amenity notice of
- Please note that there is a bye-law that could be of relevance. The amenity policy of the Local Plan for the Broads will be of relevance.

131 132	c)	c) Waste management – sewerage and rubbish and recycling. Methods for storage and removal need to be clearly identified.		
133	d)	Management of increased vehicular movements.		
134 135 136	e)	e) Storage provision for residential boaters – bicycles and residential paraphernalia. Details of any storage provision needs to be included. Need to consider the impact on the character of the area.		
137 138	f)	Details of water safety provisions – see policy in Local Plan and any related guidance produced.		
139 140	g)	Contact details of who to contact if the management requirements of the site are not adhered to.		
141 142	h)	Detail how the mooring will be managed. For example, who will be the point of contact and will they be on site 24/7 or 9-5 weekdays for example.		
143 144 145	i)	State requirements on how vessels will meet the requirements of the bye-laws and legislation for example the need for boat safety certificates, toll to be paid and appropriate insurance.		
146	7.	Register		
147		ter of those boats being lived on will be required. The register of who lives on which		
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149	8.	Council Tax		
150	The Broads Authority is the Local Planning Authority and does not collect Council Tax.			
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152	information on residential moorings and Council Tax: https://bwml.co.uk/council-tax-for-			
153	<u> </u>			
154	You sh	ould contact your District Council to confirm the approach to Council Tax.		
155	9.	Facilities		
156	This se	ection provides some further information about facilities and services you may wish to		
157		available at residential moorings.		
158	The po	olicy refers to the provision of facilities:		
159	b)	Provides an adequate and appropriate range of ancillary facilities on site to meet the		
160		needs of the occupier of the residential moorings (for example potable water,		
161		wastewater pump out (see j below), and electricity) or provides adequate access to		
162		these ancillary facilities in the vicinity of the residential mooring;		
		=		

- g) Has adequate car parking and makes provision for safe access for service and emergency vehicles and pedestrians;
 - i) Makes adequate provision for waste, sewage disposal and the prevention of pollution; and
 - j) Provides for the installation of pump out facilities (where on mains sewer) unless there are adequate facilities in the vicinity.
- Proposals need to set out how provisions will be made for facilities associated with residential uses (such as rubbish, amenity space, external storage and clothes drying for example).
- Please note that the following are examples from elsewhere in England to give you an idea of how these issues are addressed. The approach of others who provide and manage residential moorings may not necessarily be relevant to the Broads or may not be relevant to your site or may not be how you want to run your site. We strongly suggest you contact us to talk through your proposed approach in advance of putting it in place.

177 9.1. Electricity

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- By providing electricity, there will be no need for boat engines or generators to be run

 (which have associated noise and fumes). Some electric units come with lights on the top

 which can cause light pollution so providing these at sites in more rural areas or on edge of

 settlements will need careful consideration.
 - Q: How will you provide the residential moorings with electricity?



Electricity meter cards dispenser and electricity (and water) unit at Cowroast Marina.

- 184 9.2. Water
- 185 Q: How will you provide the residential moorings with potable water?
- 186 Case Study Cowroast Marina
- 187 Residential moorings are provided with one water tap per two boats. They use trace heating
- on water taps to prevent freezing in winter.
- 189 **9.3.** Sewerage
- 190 Toilets on boats may require pumping out or somewhere to empty cassettes. Your marina
- or boatyard may have a system or process to deal with this already.
- 192 Q: How will you deal with sewerage arising from the boats on residential moorings?
- 193 Case Study BWML moorings
- 194 BWML sites tend to include one pump out per month in their residential mooring contract.
- 195 9.4. Rubbish collection
- 196 You will need to address how waste arising from those living on the boats is dealt with. Your
- marina or boatyard may have a system or process to deal with rubbish already. We
- 198 recommend that you contact your District/Borough/City Council to discuss waste
- 199 management.
- 200 Q: How will you deal with rubbish (including recyclable materials) arising from the boats
- 201 on residential moorings?
- 202 9.5. Car parking
- 203 You need to ensure ample car and cycle parking for those who are using residential
- 204 moorings. Again, you may have car parking or cycle parking on site already. We defer to the
- 205 parking standards of the relevant district. The standards at the time of adoption of the Local
- 206 Plan (May 2019) are at Appendix J, page 239, of the Local Plan for the Broads.
- 207 Q: How will you address car and cycle parking for those who are using residential
- 208 moorings?
- 209 9.6. Amenity space and landscaping
- The Amenity policy of the Local Plan (DM21) requires schemes to provide a 'satisfactory and
- 211 usable external amenity space to residential properties in keeping with the character of the
- 212 surrounding development'. It may also be appropriate to provide landscape enhancements
- of the land associated with the Residential Mooring to improve the amenity of the area in
- 214 connection with the development.
- 215 Q. How will you address amenity space and landscaping?
- 216 9.7. Storage
- 217 Scheme promoters/operators are required to address storage of residential paraphernalia.
- 218 Unless a system for storing kit and possessions is put in place, the residential moorings

219 could become cluttered with residential paraphernalia which will alter the character of the

220 area.

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221 Q: How will you provide storage for those who are using residential moorings?



222 Storage lockers at Priory Marina

9.8. Other facilities/extras

Depending on your specific circumstances, you may wish to provide other facilities for those

225 who are living on the residential moorings at your site. This may depend on the location of

your site as well as what buildings you already have on site. Examples include drying of

227 clothes, post boxes and communal facilities. You will need to consider the impact on the

228 character of the area. You may wish to ensure you have a fire or emergency evacuation

229 procedure too.

230 Case Study - Cowroast Marina

There is a communal lounge with kitchenette. The lounge tends to be used once a month for

232 functions.

233 Case Study – Priory Marina

234 Facilities on site for those living on boats include toilets, showers, library, post boxes

235 (reception collects the parcels), large storage boxes, launderette, parking, cycle parking,

236 electricity and water.

Part of contract includes 6 weeks out of water on hard standing for anti-fouling. The marina

organises a crane company to come and remove boats and put them back in. The marina

coordinate crane and dates – probably five boats at a time. Boats are lived on outside of the

240 water.

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241 Post boxes

242	10.	Key messages

- a) You need to consider flood risk through a flood risk assessment and flood response plan.
- b) You need to consider the impacts of Climate Change.
- 246 c) A management plan is required that details how you will manage the residential 247 moorings. A template is included at <u>Appendix C</u>.
- d) You need to keep a register of those who are living on the residential moorings.
- e) You should contact your District Council to confirm the approach to Council Tax.
- f) You need to provide adequate facilities for those living at the residential moorings. You may already have many of these in place.
 - g) There are many permitted residential moorings around the country who have systems in place. They may not necessarily be relevant to the Broads or may not be relevant to your site or may not be how you want to run your site. But they give you an idea of how to do things. We strongly suggest you contact us to talk through your proposed approach in advance of putting it in place.
- 257 h) A template to address many of the requirements in the policy and guide is included at Appendix D.

11. Helpful links and where to go to get advice

- 260 The Residential Boat Owners' Association (RBOA), the British Waterways Marinas Limited
- 261 (BWML) and Canal and Rivers Trust (CRT) have many useful webpages that cover a variety of
- topic areas or issues that may be relevant to you.
- 263 Please note that just because the BWML, CRT or RBOA suggest a certain approach, it may
- 264 not necessarily be acceptable in the Broads or indeed it may not be how you wish to run
- your site. The point of sharing these websites with you is to give you information on how
- 266 things are done elsewhere. We strongly recommend that you contact us to talk about any
- specific approach you wish to take to make sure it is acceptable here in the Broads.
- This webpage covers many aspects of living on a boat: https://bwml.co.uk/guides/a-guide-268
- 269 to-residential-living/
- 270 This webpage talks about Council Tax. https://bwml.co.uk/council-tax-for-residential-
- 271 moorings/

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272 You should contact your District Council to confirm the approach to Council Tax.

273	This webpage shows where the BMWL residential moorings are. It also states what you get
274	when you stay at one of their Marinas. https://bwml.co.uk/residential-moorings/
275	Life Afloat; Ever wondered what life is like living on a boat? This webpage has videos about
276	life afloat: https://bwml.co.uk/life-afloat/?src=residential
277	This webpage shows how BWML approach charging for electricity:
278	https://bwml.co.uk/electricity/
279	This website contains BWML's Terms and Conditions and policies:
280	https://bwml.co.uk/customer-info/. And this website contains the Terms and Conditions for
281	the Canals and Rivers Trust:
282	https://www.watersidemooring.com/Home/TermsAndConditions
283	This website talks about insurance. It talks about a specific deal that BWML have with one
284	particular policy provided. You may or may not be entitled to that deal, but the webpage
285	may contain advice useful for those who live on boats: https://bwml.co.uk/marine-
286	insurance-for-bwml-berth-holders/.
287	The Residential Boat Owners' Associations (RBOA). Their website says: 'Established in 1963
288	the Residential Boat Owners' Association is the only national organisation which exclusively
289	represents and promotes the interests of people living on boats in the British Isles. We
290	represent all those who have chosen to make a boat their home'. https://www.rboa.org.uk/
291	RBOA Code of Good Practice. The Association would encourage all boaters who live afloat
292	to follow this Voluntary Code of Good Practice: https://www.rboa.org.uk/code-of-good-
293	practice/

294	Appendix A – Adopted Policy DM37 – New Residential		
295	Moorings		
296 297 298	Policy DM37: New residential moorings The Authority will endeavour to enable delivery to meet its assessed need of 63 residential moorings.		
299 300	Applications for permanent residential moorings will be permitted provided that the mooring:		
301 302 303 304 305	a)	Is in a mooring basin, marina or boatyard that is within or adjacent to a defined development boundary or 800m/10 minutes walking distance to three or more key services (see reasoned justification) and the walking route is able to be used and likely to be used safely, all year round or is in Norwich City Council's Administrative Area.	
306 307 308 309	b)	Provides an adequate and appropriate range of ancillary facilities on site to meet the needs of the occupier of the residential moorings (for example potable water, wastewater pump out (see j below), and electricity) or provides adequate access to these ancillary facilities in the vicinity of the residential mooring;	
310	c)	Would not result in the loss of moorings available to visitors/short stay use;	
311	d)	Would not impede the use of the waterway;	
312	e)	Would not have an adverse impact upon:	
313 314		 the character and appearance of the site or the surrounding area arising from the moorings and the use of adjacent land incidental to the mooring; 	
315		ii) protected species, priority habitats and designated wildlife sites;	
316		iii) the amenities of neighbouring occupiers; or	
317		iv) bank erosion.	
318 319	f)	Provides safe access between vessels and the land without interfering with or endangering those using walkways;	
320 321	g)	Has adequate car parking and makes provision for safe access for service and emergency vehicles and pedestrians;	
322	h)	Would not prejudice the current or future use of adjoining land or buildings;	
323 324	i)	Makes adequate provision for waste, sewage disposal and the prevention of pollution; and	

325 326	 j) Provides for the installation of pump out facilities (where on mains sewer) unless there are adequate facilities in the vicinity.
327 328	If more than one residential mooring is proposed, the proposal must be commensurate with the scale of development proposed for that settlement (as a whole).
329 330 331	Converting an entire basin, marina or boatyard to residential moorings would be judged on a case by case basis to assess and take account of the impact on infrastructure in the area (such as highways) and the impact on neighbouring uses.
332 333 334	Whilst the policy contains a general presumption in support of residential moorings in Norwich, the cumulative impact resulting from any proposal will be considered, along with the impact on the infrastructure and amenity of the area.
335 336	The economy policies of the Local Plan will also be of relevance and in Norwich, so too will the City Council's policies for proposals in Norwich.
337 338 339 340	Conditions will be used to restrict the number, scale and size of boats using the residential moorings. A management plan for the site and a register of those who live on boats will be required and will be covered by a planning condition imposed on any planning permission granted.
341 342 343	Proposals need to set out how provisions will be made for facilities associated with residential uses (such as rubbish, amenity space, external storage and clothes drying for example).
344	All such development will meet the requirements of the Water Framework Directive.
345 346	(Note: Refer to www.gov.uk/guidance/pollution-prevention-for-businesses for information on pollution prevention measures)
347 348 349 350 351 352	Reasoned Justification The Authority acknowledges that the high environmental quality of the Broads and wide range of opportunities it offers for boating make the area a popular location. As a consequence, there is a significant associated demand for residential moorings. The provision of residential moorings must, however, be carefully managed to make sure the special qualities of the Broads and their enjoyment are protected.
353 354 355 356 357	Tourism makes a valuable contribution to the local economy, and a statutory purpose of the Broads is to provide opportunities for the understanding and enjoyment of the special qualities of the area by the public. To make sure there are sufficient facilities to allow visitors to enjoy the Broads, the Authority will resist proposals for permanent residential moorings where they would result in the loss of visitor/short term moorings or boatyard services.

359 To ensure that people living on boats have access to adequate facilities and services such as 360 education, recreation, and domestic waste collection, and to minimise impact of new 361 development on landscape character, the Authority will require new residential moorings to 362 be directed to mooring basins, marinas or boatyards within walking distance of at least 363 three of the key services listed below or in or adjacent to defined development boundaries 364 (which could be within the Broads Authority Executive Area or in the planning area of our 365 constituent districts). Residential moorings may also be appropriate on parts of the river in 366 Norwich, subject to other policy considerations in particular the impact on neighbouring 367 uses and impact on navigation of the river. Proposals for residential moorings will be 368 expected to be commensurate in scale with the size of the settlement and the level of 369 residential development proposed for the settlement by the relevant Local Planning 370 Authority. Furthermore, converting an entire marina, basin or boatyard, or in Norwich the 371 entirety of the river banks, may not be appropriate because of the potential impact on 372 neighbouring uses and infrastructure in the area, as well as the consequences of the loss of 373 the facility for non-residential boaters; the Authority will consider such proposals on a case 374 by case basis.

- The key services referred to in the policy could be three or more of the following. These key services reflect the Housing and Economic Land Availability Assessment methodology:
- A primary school

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- A secondary school
- A local healthcare service (doctors' surgery)
- Retail and service provision for day to day needs (district/local shopping centre,
 village shop)
 - Local employment opportunities which are defined as follows, which reflect areas with potentially a number of and variety of job opportunities:
 - o Existing employment areas allocated/identified in our districts' Local Plans; or
 - City, Town or District Centre as identified in the Local Plan for the Broads or our District's Local Plan. We note that this means such centres count towards two of the three key services test; or
 - These sites that are allocated in the Local Plan for the Broads: BRU2, BRU4, CAN1, HOR6, POT1, STA1, TSA3.
 - A peak-time public transport service to and from a higher order settlement (peak time for the purposes of this criterion will be 7-9am and 4-6pm)

392 Residential moorings that have the potential to affect a protected site or species will only be 393 permitted where a project level Appropriate Assessment (under the Habitats Directive) can 394 successfully demonstrate that there are no adverse effects on qualifying features on the site 395 or a detrimental impact on the species. 396 Where permission is granted for a new permanent residential mooring, planning conditions 397 and/or obligations will be used to secure agreements for the management of the mooring and surrounding land. This will be done to protect visual and residential amenity and make 398 399 sure the use of residential moorings does not compromise public safety. The use of 400 surrounding land for incidental purposes such as storage and seating can have a negative 401 impact if incorrectly managed. Proposals will need to set out how they will address areas for 402 the drying of clothes and amenity space, as well as any other related facilities for those 403 living on the boats. The Authority does not expect marinas and boatyards to subdivide or 404 demarcate areas of land to be associated with residential moorings. 405 Policy DM50 provides guidance on the forms of development permissible on the adjacent 406 waterside environment associated with a mooring. 407 For the purposes of this policy, a 'residential mooring' is a mooring where someone lives 408 aboard a vessel (capable of navigation), where the vessel is used as the main residence, and 409 where the vessel is moored in one location for more than 28 days in a year. The vessel may 410 occasionally/periodically go cruising and return to base. For the purposes of this policy, it should be noted that there is an expectation that the 411 412 moorings will be occupied by a vessel of standard construction and appearance and which is conventionally understood to be a boat. For the avoidance of doubt, the policy does not 413 414 apply to houseboats. Houseboats are considered to be structures without means of independent propulsion and will be dealt with on a case by case basis due to their potential 415 416 impact on character of the area. 417 The policy requires a management plan for the site as well as a register of those boats being 418 lived on. These will be required through conditions on planning application(s). The 419 management plan will help ensure the site as a whole is appropriately managed. This would 420 normally cover things like noise, waste, delivery times etc. and would have contact details of 421 who to contact if the management requirements of the site are not adhered to. A breach of 422 this management plan would then be a breach of condition and could be enforced. The 423 register of who lives on which boat will be maintained at all times. 424 Proposals for residential moorings must ensure they have adequately considered the 425 following: 426 a) The technique/method of mooring the vessel. The Flood Risk Assessment (FRA) 427 should show how the boat will be moored to prevent it being too tight or too loose. 428 If the vessel is moored too tightly it could list, and by being too loose it could float

- onto the landside of the quay heading or be cast adrift at times of flooding. Both scenarios have safety concerns for occupiers, possessions and other objects or vessels that could be hit by a loose boat, and should be addressed within the FRA.
 - b) A Flood Response Plan needs to be produced. While it is acknowledged that residential boats will float, the access to the boat could be disrupted at times of flood, causing the occupier to be stranded on board the boat. The Flood Response Plan needs to advise what the occupier should do at times of flood to ensure their safety whether they should evacuate the boat in advance of flooding or take refuge in the boat and therefore have supplies to help them sit out the flood.
 - c) Finally, the FRA should include consideration of how the boat moored at the residential mooring will be monitored at times of flood to make sure it does not cause damage to other vessels, and to prevent damage to the belongings on board and the boat itself.
- The Authority intends to produce a guide for residential moorings as well as a template to assist with the production of management plans. The Authority is aware of guidance being produced by other organisations on residential moorings and we will ensure we are involved with those guides and reflect them in our own guide.
- Development proposals for residential moorings should provide a biodiversity net gain as a result of the development as there are likely to be significant opportunities for waterside biodiversity enhancement.
- 449 Meeting the need for residential moorings

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- The Accommodation Needs Assessment completed in 2017 identifies a need for 63 residential moorings. This figure needs to be interpreted with some caution, as it is based on limited interviews with boat dwellers and on anecdotal estimates rather than a comprehensive count or survey of the people who live on boats.
- The study also indicates that those living on boats do so from choice, rather than from an ethnic background, and that most are single people or childless couples.
- 456 The Local Plan seeks to address the need for residential moorings in several ways:
 - Ten residential moorings have been permitted on appeal at Waveney River Centre and six sites have been allocated for residential moorings amounting to around 41 residential moorings. See Appendix K for the residential moorings trajectory which shows the total identified supply as 10 residential moorings.
 - Some areas of the Broads have been identified in this Local Plan as suitable in principal for residential moorings and these are policies STA1 and HOR6. Although they are potentially suitable in principle, deliverability is not confirmed, therefore they are not allocated in the Plan and do not appear in the identified supply figures.

 The Authority also intends to meet with marinas and boatyards that meet the locational criteria of the policy to discuss the potential for residential moorings.

The <u>Residential Moorings Topic Paper</u> (revised 2017) and its <u>addendum</u> has more information on meeting the need for residential moorings.

469 Appendix B – Privacy notice

- 470 Personal data
- 471 The following is to explain your rights and give you the information you are entitled to under
- the Data Protection Act 2018. Our <u>Data Protection Policy</u> is available on the Broads
- 473 Authority website...
- 474 The Broads Authority will process your personal data in accordance with the law and in the
- 475 majority of circumstances this will mean that your personal data will be made publicly
- 476 available as part of the process. It will not however be sold or transferred to third parties
- other than for the purposes of the consultation.
- 1. The identity of the data controller and contact details of our Data Protection Officer
- 479 The Broads Authority is the data controller. The Data Protection Officer can be contacted at:
- dpo@broads-authority.gov.uk or (01603) 610734.
- 481 2. Why we are collecting your personal data
- 482 Your personal data is being collected as an essential part of the consultation process, so that
- 483 we can contact you regarding your response and for statistical purposes. We may also use it
- 484 to contact you about related matters. We will also contact you about later stages of the
- 485 Local Plan process.
- 486 3. Our legal basis for processing your personal data
- The Data Protection Act 2018 states that, as a Local Planning Authority, the Broads
- 488 Authority may process personal data as necessary for the effective performance of a task
- 489 carried out in the public interest, i.e. a consultation.
- 490 4. With whom we will be sharing your personal data
- 491 Your personal data will not be shared with any organisation outside of MHCLG. Only your
- and organisation will be made public alongside your response to this consultation.
- 493 Your personal data will not be transferred outside the EU.
- 5. For how long we will keep your personal data, or criteria used to determine the retention
- 495 period
- 496 Your personal data will be held for 16 years from the closure of the consultation in
- 497 accordance with our <u>Data and Information Retention Policy</u>.
- 498 6. Your rights, e.g. access, rectification, erasure
- 499 The data we are collecting is your personal data, and you have considerable say over what
- 500 happens to it. You have the right:
- a) to see what data we have about you
- b) to ask us to stop using your data, but keep it on record

- 503 c) to ask to have all or some of your data deleted or corrected
- d) to lodge a complaint with the independent Information Commissioner (ICO) if you think we are not handling your data fairly or in accordance with the law. You can contact the ICO at https://ico.org.uk/, or telephone 0303 123 1113.
- 7. Your personal data will not be used for any automated decision making.

Appendix C – Residential Moorings management plan checklist

It is expected that a Management Plan will cover the following. This list is not exhaustive and there may be other aspects that need to be covered.

Ch	ecklist	✓
1.	Site rules and/or terms and conditions.	
2.	Noise – expectations relating to noise.	
3.	Waste management – sewerage and rubbish and recycling.	
4.	Management of increased vehicular movements.	
5.	Storage provision for residential boaters.	
6.	Details of water safety provisions.	
7.	Contact details of who to contact if the management requirements of the site are not adhered to.	
8.	State requirements on how vessels will meet the requirements of the bye-laws and legislation for example the need for boat safety certificates, toll to be paid and appropriate insurance.	

Appendix D – Residential moorings questionnaire

This simple questionnaire template covers most of the policy and guide requirements. It should be filled in and accompany applications for residential moorings.

Qu	estion	Answer
1.	Have you completed a flood risk assessment?	
2.	Have you completed a flood response plan?	
3.	Have you completed a management plan?	
4.	How will you provide the residential moorings with electricity?	
5.	How will you provide the residential moorings with potable water?	
6.	How will you deal with sewerage arising from the boats on residential moorings?	
7.	How will you deal with rubbish (including recyclable materials) arising from the boats on residential moorings?	
8.	How will you address car and cycle parking for those who are using residential moorings?	
9.	How will you address amenity space and landscaping?	
10	. How will you provide storage for those who are using residential moorings?	