

Review of Code of Conduct for Members
Report by Solicitor and Monitoring Officer

Summary: This report updates the position regarding the new draft Code of Conduct for Members.

Recommendation: To consider the revised Draft Code of Conduct for Members and subject to any amendments, adopt with immediate effect, and arrange for all Members, including Co-opted Members of the Navigation Committee to sign the new Code.

1 Introduction

- 1.1 Within the Annual Governance Statement for last year, was a requirement for the Members' Code of Conduct to be reviewed as part of this year's Action Plan.
- 1.2 A report and draft Code of Conduct was considered by the Financial Scrutiny and Audit Committee on 5 July 2016 and the Broads Authority meeting on 8 July 2016. At those meetings comments were invited on the draft. The Code is also due to be considered by the Financial Scrutiny and Audit Committee on 27 September 2016. Any further comments will be reported.
- 1.3 Changes from the comments received were incorporated and minor corrections were undertaken. The draft was provided to the two Independent Persons and discussed with them on the 9 September 2016. There were no amendments needed following that discussion.
- 1.4 A number of scenarios have been considered by the Monitoring Officer which have included cases reported in the public domain and as a result some amendments to the Hearings Procedure in the draft made as a consequence.
- 1.5 The changes, other than minor corrections, are highlighted for ease of reference. Once finalised, the index will then be inserted.
- 1.6 As indicated at the meeting on 8 July 2016 the Protocol for Staff and Member Relations is in the process of being updated.

Background paper: None

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Date of report: 19 September 2016
Broads Plan Objectives: None

Appendices: APPENDIX 1 – Draft Code of Conduct for Members



Code of Conduct for Members and Complaints Procedure

September 2016

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1 Introduction and Overview

- 1.1 This revised Code of Conduct for Members (“the Code”) sets out the conduct which is expected of members and co-opted members (“Members”) of the Broads Authority (“the Authority”) when they are acting in that capacity, as required by section 27 of the Localism Act 2011.
- 1.2 The Nolan Report set out the seven Principles of Public Life, which are incorporated into the Code as required by section 28 Localism Act 2011. The Authority also has a statutory duty under section 27 of the Act to promote and maintain high standards of ethics and conduct by its Members.
- 1.3 Members will be offered training on the Code whether by the Monitoring Officer or from a representative body and the Authority expects all Members to take advantage of such training, including refresher courses, to ensure that they are fully aware of the provisions of the Code and the standards expected of them in public.
- 1.4 Members are also urged to avail themselves of the Local Resolution Procedure under the Code for dealing with Member versus Member complaints and other disagreements and to ensure the effective use of the Authority’s resources. The aim of Local Resolution is to resolve matters at an early stage so as to avoid the unnecessary escalation of the situation which may damage personal relationships within the Authority and the Authority’s reputation.
- 1.5 The following pages set out the Code and guidance and it is intended to be consistent with the seven principles. It is also not an exhaustive list of all legal obligations which fall upon Members and does not discharge members from their duty to ensure that at all times they act within the seven principles attached to the Code. The Authority also has its core values, which Members are asked to observe and follow. These are set out in section 2.
- 1.6 Members should ensure that they take appropriate action in relation to any Disclosable Pecuniary Interest. Failure to do so may result in a criminal conviction and a fine of up to £5,000 and/or disqualification from office for a period of up to 5 years.
- 1.7 Members should comply with the Code whenever they are acting in their official capacity as a Member including at full meetings, committee meetings and sub-committee meetings. The Code also applies to Members’ dealings with each other, with outside bodies, briefing meetings with officers, site visits, use of social media and in communication with the Authority, other than in a private capacity.
- 1.8 Freedom of expression is a right which applies to all Members of the Authority. A Member’s freedom of expression attracts enhanced protection where the comments are political in nature. The criticism of opposing ideas and opinion is considered to be part of democratic debate and it is unlikely that such comments would amount to a breach of the Code. Comments which breach the principle in paragraph 2.8 below may, in contrast, be a potential breach of the Code.

- 1.9 Members' attention is drawn to the Protocol on Member and Officer Relations in the Broads Authority which sets out expectations of Members' conduct towards staff. The Authority has a Staff Code of Conduct for its staff which includes guidance on staff relations with Members, including on social media.
- 1.10 Members' attention is also drawn to the Authority's Standing Orders which includes guidance on conduct within meetings of the Authority and its committees including sanctions for disorderly conduct by Members within such meetings.

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2 Principles of Conduct and Core Values

Principles of Conduct

2.1 The Code promotes the highest standards of ethics and conduct and draws upon the Nolan principles of conduct as follows:

2.2 **Selflessness.**

Members must act solely in the public interest. They must never use their position as Members improperly to confer an advantage on, or to avoid a disadvantage for, themselves or improperly to confer an advantage or disadvantage on others.

2.3 **Integrity and propriety.**

Members must avoid placing themselves under any obligation to people or organisations that might try inappropriately to influence them in their work. Members should not act or take decisions in order to gain financial or other material benefits for themselves, their families or friends. Members must declare and resolve any interests and relationships.

Note: Members should avoid putting Authority staff in breach of their own Code of Conduct, such as adding them as friends on social media platforms such as "Facebook". Members should familiarise themselves with the Protocol on Member and Officer Relations in the Authority.

2.4 **Objectivity in decision making**

In carrying out their responsibilities including making appointments, awarding contracts, or recommending individuals for rewards or benefits, Members must make decisions on merit. Whilst Members must have regard to the professional advice of officers and may properly take account of the views of others, including their political groups, it is their responsibility to decide what view to take and, if appropriate how to vote on any issue.

2.5 **Accountability**

Members are accountable to the public generally for their actions and for the way they carry out their responsibilities as a Member. They must be prepared to submit themselves to such public scrutiny as is appropriate to their responsibilities.

2.6 **Openness**

Members must be as open as possible about all their actions and those of the Authority. They must seek to ensure that disclosure of information is restricted only in accordance with the law. Members should be transparent through being prepared to give reasons for their decisions and actions.

2.7 **Honesty**

Members must declare any private interests relevant to their public duties and take steps to resolve any conflict in a way that protects the public interest. Interests must be registered and declared in a manner which conforms to the procedures set out below.

2.8 Leadership

Members must promote and support these principles by leadership and example so as to promote public confidence in their role and in the Authority. They must respect the impartiality and integrity of the Authority's statutory officers and its other employees. Members should be willing to support the Code and willing to challenge poor behaviour whenever it occurs.

Note: The Protocol on Member and Officer Relations section 3 provides that officers can expect from Members leadership and that they take responsibilities for decisions made by the Authority and for defending them publicly.

2.9 Stewardship

In discharging their duties and responsibilities, Members must ensure that the Authority's resources are used both lawfully and prudently. They must ensure that the Authority's resources are not used improperly for political purposes (which include any party political purposes). Expenses must be claimed in accordance with the Authority's guidance and supported by receipts, where appropriate and claimed reasonably promptly.

2.10 Confidentiality

Members must not disclose any information given to them which should reasonably be regarded to be of a confidential nature, including items discussed in the confidential sections of meetings. This duty of non-disclosure may no longer apply where either the consent of the person authorised to give it has been obtained, or there is a legal requirement to disclose. If in doubt, you are encouraged to seek the views of the Monitoring Officer.

Note: The Protocol on Member and Officer Relations in the Broads Authority section 8 on Disclosure of Information by Members sets out the procedure in relation to disclosure of confidential information, which involves 72 hours prior notification in advance to the Chief Executive or Solicitor and Monitoring Officer. The Information Commissioner has issued helpful guidance on the Freedom of Information Act and Data Protection Act which is available on the ICO website www.ico.gov.uk or by calling 0303 123 1113.

2.11 Equality and respect

Members must treat others with respect and promote equality by not discriminating unlawfully against any person and by treating people with respect, regardless of their sex, race, age, religion, gender, sexual orientation or disability. You should respect the impartiality and integrity of the Authority's statutory officers and its other employees.

Note: The Protocol on Member and Officer Relations sets out in detail the roles and responsibilities and the working relationships between Members and officers. Section 3 sets out expectations that each can expect from the other respect and courtesy and the highest standards of integrity.

Core Values

- 2.12 In addition to the principles of conduct, Members should, so far as possible, reflect the Authority's Core Values, which have been drawn up by the Authority's staff and adopted by the Authority:
- 2.13 **Commitment** – We are committed to making a difference to the Broads for the benefit of all and we will have the courage of our convictions when faced with difficult decisions.
- 2.14 **Caring** – We are considerate and respectful of each other, working together to provide the best service we can.
- 2.15 **Open and honest** – We are open, honest and inclusive in our communication and in making decisions. We are approachable and available, reaching out to all groups.
- 2.16 **Sustainable** – We take the long-term view, are passionate about our environment and its ability to provide for a vibrant local economy and the well-being of local people.
- 2.17 **Exemplary** – We strive for excellence in all we do. We are ambitious, innovative and lead by example

3 Registering and declaring disclosable pecuniary and other non-pecuniary registrable interests and gifts

- 3.1 A Member must within 28 days of taking office as a Member notify the Monitoring Officer of any disclosable pecuniary interest as defined by regulations made by the Secretary of State. This applies whether that interest is their own, their spouse's or civil partner's, or is the interest of someone with whom they are living with as a husband or wife, or as if you were civil partners. The interest will be included in the Authority's register of interests (a copy of which is available for public inspection and published on its web site).
- 3.2 In addition to 3.1, Members must within 28 days of taking office as a Member notify the Monitoring Officer of any disclosable pecuniary or non-pecuniary interest which the Authority has decided should be included in the register.
- 3.3 If an interest above has not been notified or entered in the register, then the Member must disclose the interest to any meeting of the Authority at which they are present, where they have disclosable interest in any matter being considered and where the matter is not a "sensitive interest" as described in the Localism Act 2011. In relation to sensitive interests, which include any concern that disclosure might lead to the Member being subject to violence or intimidation, you should speak to the Monitoring Officer, who may agree to exclude details from any publicly available version of the register of interests.
- 3.4 Following disclosure of an interest not on the Authority's register or the subject of pending notification, you must notify the Monitoring Officer of the interest within 28 days beginning with the date of disclosure.
- 3.5 Unless dispensation has been granted, a Member may not participate in any discussion of, vote on, or discharge any function related to any matter in which you have a pecuniary interest as set out in 3.1 above. In addition a Member must observe the restrictions the Authority places on their involvement in matters where they have a pecuniary or non-pecuniary interest as defined by the Authority.

Disclosure of interests at meetings

- 3.6 Where an interest described above or in the following paragraph in any business of the Authority has been declared and, where a Member is aware or ought reasonably to be aware of the existence of that interest and they attend a meeting of the Authority at which the business is considered, the Member must disclose to that meeting the existence and nature of that interest at the commencement of its consideration. If not apparent in advance from any agenda, as soon as the interest becomes apparent as being relevant to the business under consideration a Member must immediately declare it.
- 3.7 Members have a personal interest in any business of the Authority where a decision in relation to that business might reasonably be regarded as affecting their well-being or financial position or the well-being or financial position of a member of their family or any person with whom they have a close relationship to a greater extent than the majority of other Toll payers or

inhabitants of the Authority's geographical area or "National Park area", as the case may be, affected by the decision.

Non participation in case of other prejudicial interest

- 3.8 Where Members have a personal interest (as set out in 3.7 above) they will also have a prejudicial interest, if the following also applies. That is that on an objective analysis, Members' judgement of the public interest would be affected through their financial position or that of a person or body which has been, or should have been, notified in the register of interest by the Member. The test to be applied is whether a member of the public with knowledge of the facts would reasonably regard the pecuniary interest as so significant that it would prejudice the Member's judgment.
- 3.9 Where there is such a prejudicial interest, the Member must not participate in any discussion of, vote on or discharge any function related to such prejudicial interest. An application may be made for special dispensation from the Authority in relation to this and the Member must observe any restrictions placed by the Authority in such circumstances.
- 3.10 There are some subject areas in relation to the Authority which, once an interest has been disclosed, a Member may nonetheless attend a meeting and vote. These include:
- Setting of Tolls, where the extent of the interest is limited to owning a boat and thereby paying a Toll.
 - Matters relating to schools, when the Member is a parent, guardian or governor of a child at a different school in the area. These include school meals, school transport and expenses.
 - An allowance, payment or indemnity given to Members
- 3.11 There are other subject areas which may apply in local government, but it is considered that these are unlikely to apply to Members of the Authority. Please ask your Monitoring Officer for further information.

Gifts and hospitality

- 3.12 Members do not need to notify any gifts, benefits or hospitality with a value of less than £25. If Members nonetheless wish to record such items below this threshold, the Monitoring Officer will be pleased to record them.
- 3.14 Other gifts must be notified to the Monitoring Officer within 28 days of receipt. The Monitoring officer will enter details of the gift on a public register of gifts and hospitality.

4 Complaints Procedure

- 4.1 The Localism Act provides that, where there are complaints of misconduct, the Authority must have in place arrangements under which allegations can be investigated and arrangements under which decisions on allegations can be made. The following procedure applies to complaints made against a Member by another Member, or by officers or any other person.
- 4.2 In relation to officers, a complaint should be after consultation with their Director and may be made in relation to a breach of the Protocol on Member and Officer Relations.

Making a complaint

- 4.2 The complaint should be made to the Monitoring Officer in writing or by e-mail. The address is:

Monitoring Officer, Broads Authority, Yare House, 62-64 Thorpe Road,
Norwich NR1 1RY

E-mail address: david.harris@broads-authority.gov.uk

- 4.3 A copy of the complaint form, which should be used for all complaints, is attached at Appendix 1. This form should also be used for making a complaint under the Local Resolution Procedure. Completion of a Complaint Monitoring Form at Appendix 1a is also requested, but is not compulsory.
- 4.4 In order to make a complaint, a Member will need to have reasonable belief that there has been a breach of the Code. In order to have a reasonable belief that a breach has occurred, there will need to be direct evidence which supports the complaint. Members should consult the Monitoring Officer for advice if they are in doubt. Where the breach is a very minor or technical one, or where there is no clear evidence that a breach occurred, the Monitoring Officer may advise Member of the likely threshold and suggest that the matter might be more appropriately dealt with through the Authority's Local Resolution Process.
- 4.5 Once received a complaint will be acknowledged by the Monitoring Officer within five working days.

Confidentiality

- 4.6 As a matter of fairness and natural justice the subject Member should usually be told who has complained about them and received details of the complaint. However, in exceptional circumstances, the Monitoring Officer may withhold the complainant's identity if on request they are satisfied that the complainant has reasonable grounds for believing that they or any witness relevant to the complaint may be at risk of physical harm, or his or her employment may be jeopardised if their identity is disclosed, or where there are medical risks (supported by medical evidence) associated with the complainant's identity being disclosed.

- 4.7 If a request for confidentiality is refused, the Monitoring Officer will explain the reason and give the complainant the option to withdraw the complaint, rather than proceed with his or her identity being disclosed.
- 4.8 The complaint will be acknowledged and the subject Member will be informed that a complaint has been made about him or her. Such notification will state that the complaint has been made; the name of the complainant (unless the complainant has requested confidentiality and this is being upheld, brief details of the complaint and the paragraphs of the Code which may have been breached. In very limited situations, the subject of the complaint may not be notified, in which case the Monitoring Officer will record his reason. Such situations may be where it is not reasonably possible to identify who the subject of the complaint might be.
- 4.9 Where specific details of complaints are passed to the local press and media, or posted on social media, this may prejudice an investigation and may also be a breach of the Code. Well-founded breaches of the Code should be reported to the Monitoring Officer and Members making allegations should not generate publicity in advance of the outcome of the complaint.

Initial Assessment

- 4.10 In determining whether to investigate a complaint, the Monitoring Officer will adopt a three-stage process, all in consultation with an Independent Person. At each stage the Monitoring Officer may request further clarification or documentation from the complainant, without this forming part of any investigation.

Stage 1 – The Monitoring Officer will decide whether the complaint is within the Authority's jurisdiction which will include consideration of the paragraphs of the Code to which the complaint might relate. If there is no jurisdiction then the complaint will be dismissed.

Stage 2 - The Monitoring Officer will decide whether there is direct evidence that a breach took place. The level of proof will be on the balance of probabilities, that is to say, whether it is more likely than not. If there is no direct evidence, or if the complaint is considered to be vexatious, then the complaint will be dismissed.

Stage 3 – The Monitoring Officer will decide whether the complaint is suitable to be dealt with within the Local Resolution Procedure, or whether it should be the subject of a full investigation. The criteria which will be used for this analysis are set out in Appendix 2.

Local Resolution Procedure

- 4.11 The Local Resolution Procedure is a process for low-level complaints including those made by one Member against another.
- 4.12 If the Monitoring Officer, in consultation with the Independent Person, decides to refer the matter to local resolution, then the complainant will be informed

within 5 working days and the Local Resolution Procedure shall then apply (see section 5 below).

- 4.13 The criteria for referring the matter to the Local Resolution Procedure will include the following:
- Complaints that one member has failed to show respect and consideration for others
 - Complaints that one Member has made vexatious, malicious or frivolous complaints towards another.
 - Other low-level complaints which in the opinion of the Monitoring Officer, following consultation with an Independent Person, are suitable for informal resolution.

Formal Investigation

- 4.14 If the matter is to be fully investigated, as opposed to being dismissed or referred to the Local Resolution procedure, the Monitoring Officer will appoint an Investigating Officer who will prepare an initial report and recommendation. **An Investigating Officer may be an officer or solicitor of another authority or a person independent of local government.** When appointing the Investigating Officer, the Monitoring Officer will write to the relevant parties informing them that the matter is to be fully investigated and informing them who will be responsible for conducting the investigation. The Monitoring Officer should give an indication as to likely timescale for the completion of the investigation, which should be within 28 days. Referring a matter for investigation does not mean that there have been any findings of fact. It simply means that the alleged conduct, if proved, may amount to a failure to comply with the Code and that some action should be taken in response to the complaint.
- 4.15 The Monitoring Officer will consider the recommendation of the Investigating Officer's report. If the recommendation is that there has been no breach of the Code, the Monitoring Officer will consult the Independent Person. If having taken into account the views of the Independent Person the Monitoring Officer approves the recommendation of the report then the Monitoring Officer will write to the complainant and the Member concerned to inform them that there will be no further action. This will normally be undertaken within 10 working days of the receipt of the report. The Monitoring Officer will give reasons for the decision. There is no appeal or review of that decision by the Authority or any other person.
- 4.16 If the investigation concludes that there is evidence of a breach of the Code then the Monitoring Officer will consult the Independent Person and make a decision either to:
- (a) resolve the matter without the need for a hearing. That may include the application of those sanctions limited to those set out in paragraph 6.8 below. The Monitoring Officer will write to the complainant and the member concerned to inform them of the decision. The Monitoring Officer will give reasons for the decision. There is no appeal or review of that decision by the Authority or any other person; or

- (b) convene a meeting of the Authority's Hearings Committee, to hear the matter.

- 4.17 In exceptional circumstances it may be considered by the Monitoring Officer and Independent Person that the Chair of the Authority should be invited to consider whether the member should be asked to withdraw from Authority duties pending the outcome of the Hearings Committee. There will need to be reasonable grounds for the belief that such a step is in the interests of the subject Member or the Authority.

Frivolous and Vexatious Complaints

- 4.18 Complaints made against other Members or officers or people working on behalf of the Authority must be based upon fact and not motivated by malice or by political rivalry. Members should avoid making complaints which have little or no substance or where the evidence of any breach is weak or non-existent. In the case of doubt as to whether a threshold has been met, advice should be sought from the Monitoring Officer. The making of frivolous or vexatious complaints may be conduct which will be considered a breach of the Code and dealt with under the Local Resolution Procedure.

5 Local Resolution Procedure

5.1 The Authority has adopted this Local Resolution Procedure in order to promote and maintain high standards of conduct amongst members. It is intended to assist in the swift resolution of issues, so as to avoid the unnecessary escalation of the situation which may damage personal relationships within the Authority and the Authority's reputation. This procedure is also intended to resolve matters on an informal basis, where this is appropriate.

5.2 Complaints may be dealt with under this procedure as follows. Anyone who wishes to submit an allegation under this procedure should send the complaint (in the case of an officer following consultation **with their Director**) to the Monitoring Officer. Additionally, the Monitoring Officer may have referred a complaint to this procedure following consultation with an Independent Person. Following receipt of the complaint, or referral, the Monitoring Officer will act as follows:

Stage 1

5.3 The Monitoring Officer will undertake a brief preliminary investigation to establish the facts and the areas of dispute. Possible resolutions will be canvassed with the complainant and then the Member about whom the complaint has been made.

5.4 Then Monitoring Officer will also consider, following this, whether another course of action or more formal investigation, is more appropriate.

Stage2

5.5 A mediation meeting will be held between the person making the complaint, the Member against whom the complaint is made, the Monitoring Officer and (if considered appropriate) other persons invited by the Monitoring Officer. Such persons may include an Independent Person, the Chief Executive, Chair of the Authority, political group leader, or in the case of a complaint being made by an officer a companion or Director. The meeting may commence with the parties in separate rooms and the Monitoring Officer acting as a mediator. The purpose of the meeting will be to try and resolve the matter without it going further.

Stage 3

5.6 If the matter is not resolved at stage two and the complainant wishes to proceed with it, the matter will be referred to a local resolution hearing before the Hearings Committee **(see section 6 below in relation to the constitution of the Hearings Committee)**. The person making the complaint will be asked to submit a statement in writing within 14 days and the member complained against will respond within 14 days. Either party may submit a statement from a witness.

- 5.7 Within 28 days of the written evidence a hearing will be set before the Hearings Committee. Any party may have at their own expense a companion or representative, provided that in the case of representation the Monitoring Officer and other party have been given 21 days' notice to this effect. Evidence will be limited to the contents of the statements. If any party does not attend, the hearing will proceed in their absence. The Monitoring officer will be available to advise the committee. After hearing oral evidence, the Hearings Committee will come to a conclusion on the allegation, which will be notified to the parties.
- 5.8 The possible outcomes to a hearing under the Local Resolution Procedure are:
- A finding that the matter does not warrant any further action to be taken
 - A recommendation to the Monitoring Officer that there be a change to procedures or that more formal investigation action be taken
 - A finding that the complaint be recorded by the Monitoring Officer as vexatious
 - A finding that the complaint is upheld, but no further action is required
 - A finding that the complaint is upheld and that the Member should be censured
- 5.9 Unless the complaint has been upheld, publicity will not be given to the names of the parties. The hearing before the Hearings Committee will be confidential.

6 Hearings Procedure

- 6.1 If a hearing is required, the Monitoring Officer will write to the subject Member proposing a date for the hearing. This date will normally be within six weeks of the investigation report and will be before a Hearings Committee. **The Hearings Committee shall be constituted in accordance with Part B of the Authority's Standing Orders and shall have a quorum of three Members.**
- 6.2 The Monitoring Officer will outline the hearing procedure, the Member's rights and ask for a written response from the Member within a set time to establish whether:
- the Member wishes to attend the hearing
 - the Member disagrees with any of the findings of fact in the investigation report and if so which findings and the reason for disagreement
 - the Member wishes to give oral evidence, or rely on written submissions
 - witnesses will be called by the Member to give evidence (there is no power on the part of the Authority to compel attendance by a witness)
 - they wish any part of the hearing to be in private
 - they wish any part of the investigation report or other documents to be withheld from the public

The parties and the Hearing Committee will be sent a full bundle of documents for the hearing at least 5 days prior to the hearing.

- 6.3 Any party may have at their own expense a companion or representative, provided that in the case of representation the Monitoring Officer and other party have been given 21 days' notice to this effect**

Procedure at hearing

- 6.4 The procedure at the hearing will be in accordance with a procedure to be determined by the Monitoring Officer. It will usually adopt the following procedure
- The Investigating Officer will present his/her report to the Hearing Committee
 - The Investigating Officer will be questioned on the report by any party and by the Hearings Committee
 - Evidence will be given with questions being asked by any party and by the Hearings Committee. The order will be the complainant first, then the Member the subject of the complaint and then any witnesses in such order as the Hearings Committee decides appropriate

- The Hearings Committee will withdraw to consider their decision, with the outcome notified by the Chair. The decision will be confirmed in a Decision Notice which will be sent to the parties within 5 working days of the hearing.
- 6.5 If the Hearings Committee concludes that there has been no breach of the Code, there will be no further action. There is no appeal or review of that decision by the Authority or any other person. The Hearings Committee will give reasons for its decision.
- 6.6 If the Hearings Committee concludes that the Member the subject of the complaint has failed to comply with the Code, then the Authority has delegated its powers to make such sanction as it considers it to be appropriate and proportionate in order to promote and maintain high standards.

Sanctions

- 6.7 These sanctions may include any of the following:
- A request that the Member submit a written apology in a form specified by the Hearings Committee
 - A request that the Member undertake specified training
 - A request that the Member participates in such conciliation as may be specified
 - A requirement that the Member deals with Authority business through one specified point of contact
 - Placing such restrictions on Members access to staff which may be reasonable in the circumstances and in accordance with the Protocol on Member and Officer relations, providing that such restrictions do not prevent the Member from carrying out their duties
 - A requirement that the Member does not attend at the Authority's offices, unless attending statutory meetings
 - Reporting the Member to his/her County or District Council, Secretary of State as appropriate and reporting the matter to a full meeting of the Authority
 - Reporting the matter to a full meeting of the Authority with a recommendation that the Member be removed from any committee to which they are currently appointed.
 - No sanction

Publication of findings

- 6.8 A summary of the complaint and findings will be reported to a full meeting of the Authority, for their information.



Members' Code of Conduct Complaint Form

To be used if you wish to make a complaint that a Member of the Authority has failed to comply with the Members' Code of Conduct.

If English is not your first language, please contact us if you require help to complete this form.

Your details

1. Please provide us with your name and contact details

| | |
|--------------------|--|
| Title: | |
| First Name: | |
| Last Name: | |
| Address: | |
| Daytime telephone: | |
| Evening telephone: | |
| Mobile telephone: | |
| Email address: | |

We will only use the information you provide to us for the purposes of processing your complaint. Your information, including any personal information you provide to us (such as name and contact details) may be shared with the people referred to below, or with other relevant authorities as required, only for the purposes of processing your complaint.

All comments and complaints are treated confidentially and will not disadvantage you in any future dealings with Broads Authority. It may not always be possible to keep your details confidential, such as where your complaint is about a third party or where particular legislation applies to your complaint.

We will tell the following people about this complaint:

- The Member(s) you are complaining about
- The Monitoring Officer to the Authority
- The Authority's Independent Person
- The Chair of the Authority
- The Chief Executive of the Authority

If you have serious concerns about your name and details of your complaint being released, please complete **section 6** of this form.

2. Please tell us which complainant type best describes you:

| | |
|--------------------------|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> | Member of the public |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | An elected or co-opted Member of an authority |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | Member of Parliament |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | Local authority monitoring officer |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | Broads Authority employee or volunteer |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | Other (please provide details) |

Making your complaint

3. Once you have submitted your complaint, it will be considered by the Monitoring Officer of the Authority and after reasonable consultation with the Authority's Independent Person, who will assess, on the basis of your written submission and any additional relevant material, whether the alleged conduct might amount to a failure to comply with the Members' Code of Conduct.

The Monitoring Officer has the following range of options available to him/her: Formal Investigation (which will involve an investigation of the complaint), referral to the Authority's Local Resolution Procedure or no further action, for instance if it is considered that any failure to comply with the Code of Conduct is of a trivial nature.

4. Please provide us with the name of the Member(s) you believe have breached the Broads Authority Members' Code of Conduct and, where the Member is also a Councillor, the name of their authority.

| Title | First Name | Last Name | Authority Name |
|-------|------------|-----------|----------------|
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |

5. Please explain in this section (or on separate sheets) what the Member has done that you believe breached the Members' Code of Conduct. If you are complaining about more than one Member you should clearly explain what each individual person has done that you believe breached the Code of Conduct.

A copy of the Authority's Members' Code of Conduct can be found on the Broads Authority website at <http://www.broads-authority.gov.uk/>

Alternatively, a paper copy can be obtained from the Monitoring Officer to the Authority by writing to:

David Harris, Monitoring Officer, Broads Authority, Yare House, 62-64 Thorpe Road, Norwich, Norfolk. NR11RY

- You should be specific, wherever possible; about exactly what you are alleging the Member said or did. For instance, instead of writing that the Member insulted you, you should state what it was they said.
- You should provide the dates of the alleged incidents wherever possible. If you cannot provide exact dates it is important to give a general timeframe.
- You should confirm whether there are any witnesses to the alleged conduct and provide their names and contact details if possible.
- You should provide any relevant background information.

Please provide us with the details of your complaint and the outcome from this complaints process that you would like to see happen. Continue on a separate sheet if there is not enough space on this form.

Do you wish your complaint to be dealt with under the Authority's Local Resolution Procedure?

Yes/No

If you answered No, please briefly explain your reason:

Only complete this next section if you are requesting that your identity is kept confidential.

6. In the interests of fairness and natural justice, we believe Members who are complained about have a right to know who has made the complaint. We also believe they have a right to be provided with a summary of the complaint. We are unlikely to withhold your identity or details of your complaint unless you have good reason to justify the Authority doing so.

Please note that requests for confidentiality or requests for suppression of complaint details will not automatically be granted. The Monitoring Officer to the Authority, in consultation with the Authority's Independent Person, will consider the request alongside the substance of your complaint. We will then contact you with the decision. If your request for confidentiality is not granted, we will usually allow you the option of withdrawing your complaint.

However, it is important to understand that in certain exceptional circumstances where the matter complained about is very serious, we can proceed with an investigation or other action and disclose your name even if you have expressly asked us not to.

Please provide us with details of why you believe we should withhold your name and/or the details of your complaint:

Additional Help

7. Complaints must be submitted in writing. This includes electronic submissions. However, in line with the requirements of equalities legislation, we can make reasonable adjustments to assist you if you have a disability that prevents you from making your complaint in writing.

If you need support in completing this form, please let us know as soon as possible.

This complaint should be submitted to the Monitoring Officer to the Authority, by sending to the following contact addresses:

By post to : David Harris, Monitoring Officer, Broads Authority, Yare House, 62-64 Thorpe Road, Norwich, Norfolk. NR11RY

Or by e-mail to: david.harris@broads-authority.gov.uk



Private and Confidential

Code of Conduct Complaint Monitoring Form

The Broads Authority is committed to the provision of equal opportunity and specifically to conducting its affairs in a manner which will not discriminate against, either directly or indirectly, any person on the grounds of: disability; gender; transgender; race; ethnic or national origin; religion or belief; age or sexual orientation.

To help us meet this commitment, it would be helpful if you would complete this form. This monitoring form will be separated from your complaint on receipt and will be used solely for the purposes of monitoring the process.

Section 1 (please tick the boxes which apply)

My age is:

| | |
|------------|--------------------------|
| Under 21 | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 21-30 | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 31-40 | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 41-50 | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 51-60 | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 61-64 | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 65 or over | <input type="checkbox"/> |

My gender is:

| | |
|--------|--------------------------|
| Female | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Male | <input type="checkbox"/> |

Section 2 (please tick one box only)

I would describe myself as:

| | | |
|--------|-----------|--|
| White: | British | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| | Irish | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| | Any other | <input type="checkbox"/> please write in |

| | | |
|--------|-----------------|--|
| Mixed: | White and Black | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| | Caribbean | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| | White and Black | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| | African | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| | White and Asian | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| | Any other | <input type="checkbox"/> please write in |

| | | |
|----------------|--------|--------------------------|
| Asian or Asian | Indian | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| | | <input type="checkbox"/> |

| | | |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| British: | Pakistani Bangladeshi Any other | <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> please write in |
| Black or Black British: | Caribbean African Any other | <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> please write in |
| Chinese or other ethnic group: | Chinese Any other | <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> please write in |

| Section 3 | | |
|---|------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Do you consider yourself to have a disability*? | Yes <input type="checkbox"/> | No <input type="checkbox"/> |

Thank you for your co-operation. Please return this form with your complaint.

*The Equality Act 2010 defines disability as 'a physical or mental impairment which has a substantial and long-term adverse effect on a person's ability to carry out normal day-to-day activities'.

Criteria for consideration of a complaint by Monitoring Officer

In deciding whether to accept or reject a complaint of breach of the Code, or to refer it to the Local Resolution Procedure, the Monitoring Officer has a wide discretion. He or she will take into account the following criteria, where relevant.

- Public interest factors including the seriousness of the alleged breach, whether there has been any breach of trust, the extent of any harm caused and whether there has been any discrimination.
- Proportionality by balancing the seriousness of the allegation against the resources required to investigate the allegation
- Whether there are any aggravating factors or significant mitigating factors
- Whether a prompt acknowledgment and apology has been offered
- Whether the complaint is one of a pattern by or against a Member
- Whether the complaint appears to be malicious, frivolous or vexatious
- Whether the complaint suggests that there is a wider problem as affects the Authority
- Whether training or conciliation would be the appropriate response
- Whether either the complainant or subject Member has indicated a preference for Local Dispute resolution